# Simulink<sup>®</sup> Report Generator™ 3 User's Guide

# MATLAB® SIMULINK®



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Simulink<sup>®</sup> Report Generator<sup>™</sup> User's Guide

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# **Contents**

### <u>User's Guide</u>

### **Getting Started**

Product Overview	1-2
What Is the Report Explorer?	1-3
About the Report Explorer	1-3
Standard Reports	1-3
Opening the Report Explorer	1-4
The Outline Pane	1-6
The Options Pane	1-7
The Properties Pane	1-8
Simulink <sup>®</sup> Report Generator Workflow	1-10
How Simulink <sup>®</sup> Report Generator and Simulink Software Interact	1-11
Supported Report Formats	1-13

1

## Examples

<b>Creating Reports</b>		2
-------------------------	--	---

Generating Reports from MATLAB Files	2
Creating Web Views	2
Working with Components	2

#### **Generating System Design Description Reports**

# 2

The System Design Description ReportWhat Is the Report?What You Can Do with the ReportReport Contents	2-2 2-2 2-2 2-2
Choosing Report Options	2-6
Opening the System Design Description Dialog Box	2-6
Choosing Report Options	2-6
<b>Creating a Customized Version of the Report</b>	2-9
Using the Report Explorer to Customize the Report	2-9
Building a Dialog Box for a Custom Report Template	2-11

### **Creating Simulink Reports**

About This Tutorial	3-2
Setting Report Options in the Report Template	3-3
Adding Components to the Report Template	3-5
What Are Components?	3-5
Adding MATLAB Code	3-7
Adding a Title Page	3-13
Opening the Simulink Model	3-16

Adding Logical Then and Logical Else Components Displaying an Error When the Model Cannot Be Opened Creating the Body of the Report	
Error Handling for MATLAB Code That You Add	3-49
Generating the Report	3-51

## **Generating Reports**

Setting Report Output Options	4-2
Setting Preferences	4-2
Setting the Report File Folder	4-3
Setting the Report File Name	4-4
Setting the Report Format	4-4
Viewing and Printing Reports	4-9
Converting English Strings to Other Languages	4-10
Autosaving Report Templates	4-10
Reporting Compiled Simulink Model Data	4-10
Regenerating Images	4-11
Including a Report Description	4-11
Converting XML Documents	4-12 4-12 4-12 4-14 4-14
Creating Log Files	4-15
Generating MATLAB Code from Report Templates	4-16
Working with Legacy Report Templates	4-19
What Are Legacy Report Templates?	4-19
Enabling Legacy Interfaces	4-19
Using Legacy Interfaces	4-20
v	

Troubleshooting	4-21
Managing Memory Usage	4-21
Displaying HTML Reports on UNIX Systems	4-21

#### **Exporting Simulink Models to Web Views**

# 5

What Are Web Views?	5-2
Exporting Models to the Web	5-3
Opening the Export Interface	5-3
Setting Export Options	5-3
Generating and Reviewing Web Views	5-5
Navigating Web Views	5-7
Displaying Web Views	5-7
Viewing the Current Layer	5-7
Viewing Other Layers	5-8
Viewing All Layers	5-9
Tutorial: Creating Web Views of Simulink Models	5-11
About This Tutorial	5-11
Specifying Web View Export Options	5-11
Exporting Models	5-13
Navigating Web Views	5-15
Troubleshooting	5-22
Addressing Web View Display Issues	5-22

### Working with Components

<b>About Components</b>		6-2
-------------------------	--	-----

Working with Looping Components	6-3
About Looping Components	6-3
Editing the Figure Loop Tutorial Report Template	6-3
Displaying Figures	6-4
Editing Figure Loop Components	6-4
Working with Property Table Components	6-9
About Property Table Components	6-9
Opening the Example Report Template	6-11
Examining the Property Table Output	6-11
Selecting Object Types	6-12
Displaying Property Name/Property Value Pairs	6-12
Editing Table Titles	6-15
Entering Text into Table Cells	6-15
Adding, Replacing, and Deleting Properties in Tables	6-16
Displaying or Hiding Cell Borders	6-17
Adding and Deleting Columns and Rows	6-18
Resizing Columns	6-18
Merging and Splitting Cells	6-18
Zooming and Scrolling	6-19
Selecting Tables	6-19
Working with Summary Table Components	6-21
About Summary Table Components	6-21
Opening the Example Report Template	6-23
Selecting Object Types	6-23
Adding and Removing Properties	6-23
Setting Relative Column Widths	6-24
Setting Object Row Options	6-24

#### Comparing XML Files Exported from Simulink Models

How to Compare XML Files Exported from Simulink		
Models	7-2	
Introduction	7-2	
Overview of XML Comparison	7-3	
Selecting Files to Compare	7-4	
Choosing a Comparison Type	7-(	

Comparing XML Files from Models with Identical	
Names	7-6
Demos of XML Comparison	7-7
See Also	7-8
Using the XML Comparison Report	7-9
Navigating the Simulink XML Comparison Report	7-9
	7-9
Displaying Items in Original Models	7-12
Filtering Out Differences	• = =
Understanding the Report	7-15
Merging Simulink Models From the Comparison Report	7-16
Working with Referenced Models and Library Links	7-18
Saving Comparison Files in a Zip File	7-19
Exporting Results to the Workspace	7-19
Comparing XML Exported From Models Managed With	
Comparing XML Exported From Models Managed With Subversion	7-21
Subversion	7-21 7-21
Subversion	•
SubversionIntroductionCreate file_comparison_driver Function	<b>7-21</b>
SubversionIntroductionCreate file_comparison_driver FunctionConfigure TortoiseSVN	7-21 7-22
SubversionIntroductionCreate file_comparison_driver FunctionConfigure TortoiseSVNTest TortoiseSVN Setup	7-21 7-22 7-22
SubversionIntroductionCreate file_comparison_driver FunctionConfigure TortoiseSVN	7-21 7-22 7-22 7-24
SubversionIntroductionCreate file_comparison_driver FunctionConfigure TortoiseSVNTest TortoiseSVN SetupExample file_comparison_driver Code	7-21 7-22 7-22 7-24 7-25
Subversion         Introduction         Create file_comparison_driver Function         Configure TortoiseSVN         Test TortoiseSVN Setup         Example file_comparison_driver Code         Known Limitations and Workarounds	7-21 7-22 7-22 7-24 7-25 7-27
Subversion         Introduction         Create file_comparison_driver Function         Configure TortoiseSVN         Test TortoiseSVN Setup         Example file_comparison_driver Code         Known Limitations and Workarounds         Unexpected Results	7-21 7-22 7-22 7-24 7-25 7-27 7-27
Subversion         Introduction         Create file_comparison_driver Function         Configure TortoiseSVN         Test TortoiseSVN Setup         Example file_comparison_driver Code         Known Limitations and Workarounds	7-21 7-22 7-22 7-24 7-25 7-27

### **Component Reference**

Simulink Coder Components	8-2
Requirements Management Interface Components	8-3
Simulink Components	8-4
Simulink Blocks Components	8-7

Simulink <sup>®</sup> Fixed Point Components		
Stateflow Components	8-9	

#### **Components** — Alphabetical List

# 9 Function Reference 10 GUI ..... 10-2 Report Generation ..... 10-3

Web Views	 10-4

#### **Functions – Alphabetical List**

# 11

#### Examples

Α	
Creating Reports	A-2
Generating Reports from MATLAB Files	A-2
Creating Web Views	A-2

Working with Components		A-2
-------------------------	--	-----

Index

# User's Guide

Chapter 1, Getting Started (p. 1-1)	Overview of Simulink <sup>®</sup> Report Generator <sup>™</sup> product
Chapter 2, Generating System Design Description Reports (p. 2-1)	How to create a System Design Description report for a Simulink <sup>®</sup> model
Chapter 3, Creating Simulink Reports (p. 3-1)	A step-by-step example that creates a Simulink report
Chapter 4, Generating Reports (p. 4-1)	How to format and generate reports
Chapter 5, Exporting Simulink Models to Web Views (p. 5-1)	How to create interactive renditions of Simulink models that you can view in Web browsers
Chapter 6, Working with Components (p. 6-1)	Examples of building report templates with various components
Chapter 7, Comparing XML Files Exported from Simulink Models (p. 7-1)	Introduces XML comparison
Appendix A, Examples (p. A-1)	

# Getting Started

- "Product Overview" on page 1-2
- "What Is the Report Explorer?" on page 1-3
- "Simulink<sup>®</sup> Report Generator Workflow" on page 1-10
- "How Simulink  $\ensuremath{^\mathbb{R}}$  Report Generator and Simulink Software Interact" on page 1-11
- "Supported Report Formats" on page 1-13
- "Browser Requirements for Web Views" on page 1-14

1

#### **Product Overview**

The Simulink Report Generator software creates documentation, called *reports*, about Simulink, Stateflow<sup>®</sup>, and Simulink<sup>®</sup> Coder<sup>™</sup> data and workflows. It enables you to:

- Create reports for snapshots of models (and their properties) and diagrams.
- Create interactive Web views of models and diagrams.
- Create reports of code generated by the Simulink Coder software in Adobe<sup>®</sup> Acrobat<sup>®</sup> PDF and Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Word formats.
- Document results of model simulation.
- Run checks on models using Model Advisor, and report the results.
- Create comparison reports for XML files.

### What Is the Report Explorer?

#### In this section ...

"About the Report Explorer" on page 1-3 "Standard Reports" on page 1-3 "Opening the Report Explorer" on page 1-4 "The Outline Pane" on page 1-6 "The Options Pane" on page 1-7 "The Properties Pane" on page 1-8

#### About the Report Explorer

The *Report Explorer* is the Simulink Report Generator graphical user interface (GUI). It allows you to:

- Create and modify report templates.
- Apply stylesheets to format the report.
- Specify the report file format.
- Generate reports.

#### **Standard Reports**

From the Simulink Model Editor, you can access two standard, predefined Simulink Report Generator reports: called

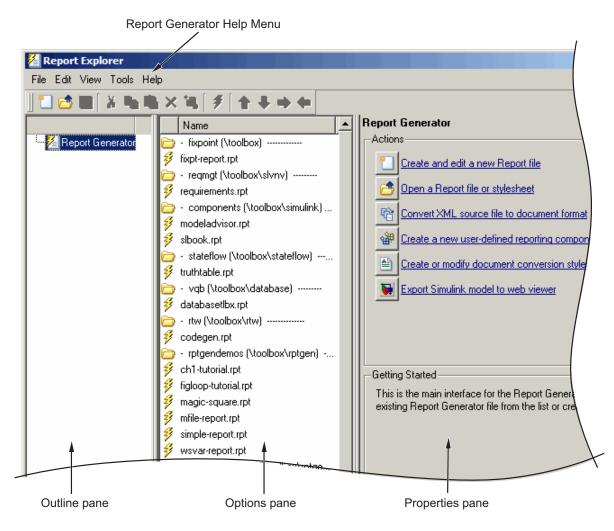
- System Design Description
- Design Requirements

The System Design Description report provides summary or detailed information about a system design represented by a model. You can choose report options using the report dialog, or you can create a customized version using the Report Explorer. For details, see Chapter 2, "Generating System Design Description Reports". The Design Requirements report requires that you have the Simulink<sup>®</sup> Verification and Validation<sup>™</sup> product installed.

The Design Requirements report includes information about all the requirements associated with the model and its objects. For details, see "Creating and Customizing a Requirements Report" in the Simulink Verification and Validation documentation.

#### **Opening the Report Explorer**

To open the Report Explorer, click **Tools > Report Generator** in the Simulink model window menu bar.



The Report Explorer has three panes:

• The *Outline pane* on the left shows the hierarchy of components in currently opened report templates. Report components can reside within other report components, creating parent, child, and sibling relationships. For more information, see "The Outline Pane" on page 1-6.

- The *Options pane* in the middle lists the options available in the context of the Outline pane. If no report template is open, the Options pane lists available reports. When a report template is open, the Options pane lists components available to insert into it. When a stylesheet is open, the Options pane lists available attributes. For more information, see "The Options Pane" on page 1-7.
- If no report template is open, the *Properties pane* on the right displays tasks the Report Explorer can perform. If a report template is open, the Properties pane displays the properties of the currently selected item in the Options pane. For more information, see "The Properties Pane" on page 1-8.

**Tip** If the Report Explorer window opens with only two panes, one of the panes is hidden. You can move the vertical boundaries between the panes to reveal any hidden pane, or to make visible panes wider or narrower.

#### The Outline Pane

The Outline pane initially includes the top level of the report template.

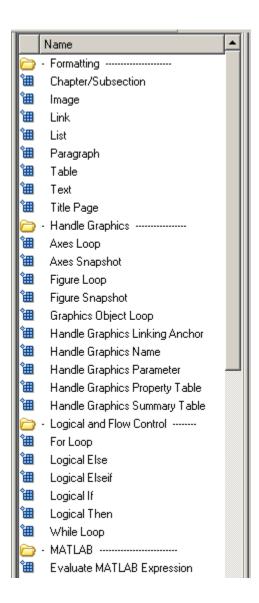


#### **The Options Pane**

The Options pane lists by category components that you can add to report templates. In the following figure, the visible component categories are Formatting, Handle Graphics, Logical and Flow Control, and MATLAB.

The folder icon represents a component category. The blue square icon represents a component.

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#### **The Properties Pane**

After you create a report template, the Properties pane initially shows properties for the report template as a whole.

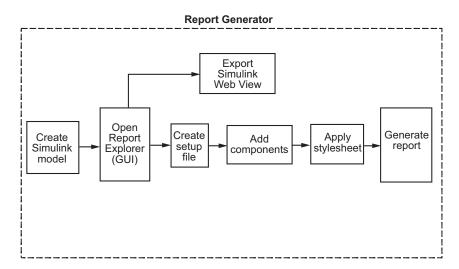
Report Options	
Report File Location	
C:\WINNT\Unnamed.htm	View
Directory: Same as setup file	
Filename: Same as setup file 💽 index	
If report already exists, increment to prevent overwriting	
Report Format and Stylesheet	
File format: web (HTML)	-
Generation Options	
T Auto save before generation	
Evaluate this string after generation:	
Report description:	
A report	

## Simulink Report Generator Workflow

- 1 Open the Report Explorer. In the menu bar on the Simulink model window, click Tools > Report Generator.
- **2** Create a new report template. For more information about report templates, see Simulink Reports.
- **3** Add existing Simulink or Stateflow components to the report template, or create your own custom components. For more information on using components, see Chapter 6, "Working with Components".
- 4 Choose an existing stylesheet or create a custom stylesheet to apply styles and standards to the report template. For more information, see "Creating Custom Stylesheets" in the MATLAB<sup>®</sup> Report Generator<sup>™</sup> documentation.

**5** Generate the report.

The following figure illustrates a typical Simulink Report Generator workflow.



#### How Simulink Report Generator and Simulink Software Interact

User Interface	Interaction with Simulink Report Generator software	Description
Report Explorer	The Report Explorer is the Simulink Report Generator graphical user interface (GUI). For more information, see "What Is the Report Explorer?" on page 1-3.	Use the Report Explorer to edit existing report templates, components, stylesheets, and attributes, or to customize your own.
Simulink model window	<ul><li>Use Simulink model window to:</li><li>Export the model to a Web</li><li>Generate a System Design Description report</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Use the Simulink model window to:</li> <li>Create reports that incorporate the current Simulink model</li> <li>Export the model to a Web view</li> </ul>
	• Start the Report Explorer to export the model to a Web view or create and generate a report	For more information, see Chapter 5, "Exporting Simulink Models to Web Views" and "The System Design Description Report" on page 2-2.

The Simulink and Simulink Report Generator software interact to create reports and Web views. The following table describes these interactions.

Simulink Report Generator software also interacts with Simulink Coder and Stateflow software.

Use report generation capabilities with the Simulink Coder software to:

• Create Adobe Acrobat PDF and Microsoft Word documents for generated code.

Use report generation capabilities with the Stateflow software to:

- Take snapshots of charts.
- Describe truth tables.

- Document chart hierarchy.
- Document object properties.

### **Supported Report Formats**

When the report generation process first creates a report, it generates a DocBook XML source file. You can customize this XML as needed. For more information, see the OASIS DocBook TC Web page at http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/docbook and http://www.docbook.org/tdg/en/html/docbook.html.

Next, the report generation process converts the XML source to one of these user-specified report formats:

- Rich Text Format (RTF)
- Hypertext Markup Language (HTML)
- Microsoft Word (.doc)
- Adobe Acrobat PDF

**Note** PDF reports only support .svg, .bmp, and .jpg images.

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### **Browser Requirements for Web Views**

Web views require a Web browser that supports Scalable Vector Graphics (SVG). Web views use SVG to render and navigate models.

MathWorks recommends the following Web browsers:

- Mozilla Firefox Version 1.5 or later, which has native support for SVG. To download the Firefox browser, see http://www.mozilla.com/.
- The Microsoft Internet Explorer<sup>®</sup> Web browser with the Adobe<sup>®</sup> SVG Viewer plug-in. To download the Adobe SVG Viewer plug-in, see http://www.adobe.com/svg/.

# Examples

Use this list to find examples in the documentation.

### **Creating Reports**

Chapter 3, "Creating Simulink Reports" "How to Compare XML Files Exported from Simulink Models" on page 7-2

### **Generating Reports from MATLAB Files**

Generating Reports from MATLAB® Files on page 4-16

## **Creating Web Views**

"Tutorial: Creating Web Views of Simulink Models" on page 5-11

### **Working with Components**

"Working with Looping Components" on page 6-3 "Working with Property Table Components" on page 6-9 "Working with Summary Table Components" on page 6-21 Generating Reports on Specified Systems and their Subsystems on page 9-58 Temporarily Omitting a Model from a Loop on page 9-64

# 2

# Generating System Design Description Reports

- "The System Design Description Report" on page 2-2
- "Choosing Report Options" on page 2-6
- "Creating a Customized Version of the Report" on page 2-9

### **The System Design Description Report**

#### In this section ...

"What Is the Report?" on page 2-2

"What You Can Do with the Report" on page 2-2

"Report Contents" on page 2-2

#### What Is the Report?

The System Design Description report describes a system design represented by a Simulink model.

By default, the Simulink Report Generator generates the report for the model from which you invoke the System Design Description report option.

#### What You Can Do with the Report

You can use the System Design Description to

- Review a system design without having the model open
- Generate summary and detailed descriptions of the design
- Assess compliance with design requirements
- Archive the system design in a format independent of the modeling environment
- Build a customized version of the report, using the Report Explorer

#### **Report Contents**

You can specify what kinds of information to include in the report, in terms of:

- What elements of a model to include in the report (for example, whether to include subsystems from custom libraries)
- Whether to generate a summary version or a detailed version of the System Design Description report.

For details, see "Choosing Report Options" on page 2-6.

Section	Information
Report Overview	Model version
Root System	• Block diagram representing the algorithms that compute root system outputs
	• Description (if available from model)
	• Interface: name, data type, and other properties of the system input and output signals
	• Subsystems: the path and a block diagram for each subsystem
	• State charts
	• Requirements (optional)
Subsystems	• Path
	Block diagram
System Design Variables	• Design variables
	• Functions in design variable expressions

#### **Summary Version**

#### **Detailed Version**

The detailed version of the report includes all the information that is in the summary form of the report, as well as more information about the system components. The atomic subsystem information is more detailed than virtual subsystem information.

Section	Information
Report Overview	Model version
Root system	• Block diagram representing the algorithms that compute root system outputs
	• Description (if available from model)
	• Interface: name, data type, and other properties of the root system input and output signals
	Block parameters
	<ul> <li>Includes detailed information about MATLAB Function blocks</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Block execution order for root system and atomic subsystems</li> </ul>
	• Look-up tables
	• Simulink workspace variables
	Model configuration sets
	• State charts
	• Requirements (optional)
Subsystems	The same type of information as the information for the root system, as well as:
	• Path of the subsystem in the model
	• (For atomic subsystems) Checksum that indicates whether the version of an atomic subsystem that generates the report differs from other versions of the subsystem
State Charts	• State chart
	• States
	• Transitions between the states
	• Junctions

Section	Information
	• Events that trigger state transitions
	• Data types
	• Targets
	• Truth tables

#### **Report Captures Documentation Included in a Model**

The System Design Description reports documentation included in a model, including:

- The model description (from the model properties)
- The block property Description
- DocBlock model documentation blocks

To enrich the generated System Design Description, consider adding descriptive information in a model in these ways listed above.

## **Choosing Report Options**

#### In this section ...

"Opening the System Design Description Dialog Box" on page 2-6

"Choosing Report Options" on page 2-6

#### **Opening the System Design Description Dialog Box**

To open the System Design Description dialog box:

- **1** Open the model or subsystem for which you want to generate a report.
- 2 From the Simulink Model Editor File menu, select **Reports > System Design Description**. The System Design Description dialog box opens, in which you choose report options, generate the report, and save the report.

#### **Choosing Report Options**

You can specify options for layout and content, for the following items:

- Title page contents
- Report content
- Report file format and storage location

🐱 vdp Des	ign Description		
Title page	options		
Title:	vdp		
Subtitle:	Design Description		
Authors:	elim		
Image:	Select Image		
Legal noti	ce: For Internal Distribution Only		
	For Internal bistribution Only		
_Include in	report		
🔽 Design	n details 🔽 Subsystems from custom libraries		
Requirements traceability Glossary and report explanation			
	tput options		
File forma	Web (HTML)		
Styleshee	Single-Page Numbered Chapters & Sections		
File name:	vdp		
Folder:	C:\Work\Aslrtw Select Eolder		
☐ If repo	prt exists, increment name to prevent overwriting		
	Generate Customize Content Cancel Help		

In the dialog box, to display detailed information about each option, right-click on the option prompt and select the **What's This** context-sensitive help.

To create a customized version of the report, click the **Customize Content** button. The customize option creates a copy of the template file for the report

and opens the copy in the Report Explorer. See "Creating a Customized Version of the Report" on page 2-9.

# Creating a Customized Version of the Report

#### In this section...

"Using the Report Explorer to Customize the Report" on page 2-9

"Building a Dialog Box for a Custom Report Template" on page 2-11

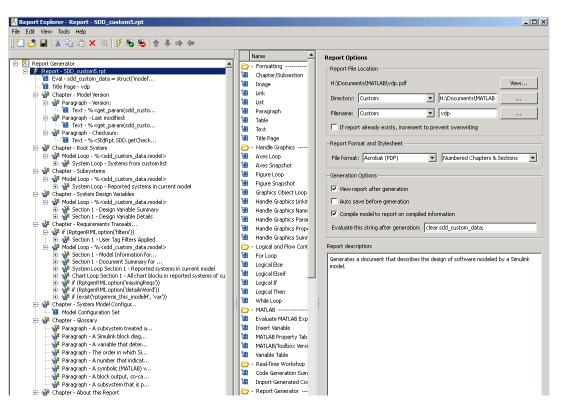
You can create customized versions of the System Design Description report by using the Report Explorer and, optionally the MATLAB® tools for building graphical user interfaces.

By default, when you open a customized version of the report, the System Design Description dialog box does not open.

## Using the Report Explorer to Customize the Report

To customize the System Design Description template in the Simulink Report Generator using the Report Explorer:

**1** In the System Design Description dialog box, click the **Customize Content** button to open the Report Explorer.



The Report Explorer reflects any changes (for example, a different report name) that you made in the System Design Description dialog box.

- **2** In the Report Explorer, add or modify components. See Chapter 6, "Working with Components" and "Creating Custom Components".
  - Do not remove the sdd\_custom\_data structure, which is defined as:

```
sdd_custom_data = struct('model',bdroot,'rootSystem',gcs);
```

You can modify the model argument, which is the model for which you generated the report and the rootSystem argument, which is the system level in the model at which, and below which, you want to use to generate the report.

• Do not remove or modify functions that begin with StdRpt, such as %StdRpt.getChecksum

- **3** Optionally modify a style sheet (see "Creating Custom Stylesheets").
- 4 Save the customized report with a name other than SDD\_custom.rpt.

## Building a Dialog Box for a Custom Report Template

To provide options for your custom report, you can create a dialog box, like the System Design Description dialog box. The dialog box that you create for your custom report can allow others to adapt the report to meet their needs, without their having to use the Report Explorer.

# **Creating Simulink Reports**

- "About This Tutorial" on page 3-2
- "Setting Report Options in the Report Template" on page 3-3
- "Adding Components to the Report Template" on page 3-5
- "Error Handling for MATLAB Code That You Add" on page 3-49
- "Generating the Report" on page 3-51

# **About This Tutorial**

This tutorial demonstrates the following tasks:

- Inserting models and scopes into reports
- Creating tables in reports using workspace data
- Evaluating MATLAB expressions
- Inserting values of workspace variables into reports
- Creating reports with chapters and subsections
- Running loops and flow control
- Handling errors

It shows you how to use the Report Explorer to design a report template and generate a report that does the following:

- Opens a Simulink model for the van der Pol equation, called the vdp model.
- Sets the Gain parameter for the Mu block to five different values.
- Simulates the model each time the Gain parameter is set.
- Collects the results. Results that fall within a specified range appear in a table in the generated report.

You do not need to know MATLAB or Simulink software to run this tutorial. However, knowledge of these products might be helpful for understanding the MATLAB code and model simulation that executes.

# Setting Report Options in the Report Template

To create and configure the report template:

- 1 Start a Simulink software session.
- **2** Open the Report Explorer by clicking **Tools > Report Generator** in the Simulink model window menu bar.
- **3** Select **File > New** to create a report template.
- **4** Save the report template.

In the Properties pane:

- **a** Specify where to save the report template. To save it in the current working folder, select Present Working Directory from the **Directory** selection list.
- **b** Specify the report format. In the **File format** selection list, select Acrobat (PDF).
- Enter a description for the report. In the **Report description** text box, replace the existing contents with the following text.

**Tip** Copy and paste this code from the HTML documentation into the Report Explorer.

Simulink Dynamic Report

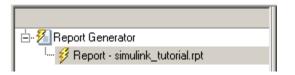
This report opens up a model, sets a block parameter several times, simulates the model, and collects the results. Results that fall within a specified range are displayed in a table after the test is complete.

The report is configured to test the vdp model only. By selecting the Eval String component immediately below the Report component, you can modify \* model

\* block

- \* parameter
- \* tested values
- 5 Click File > Save As to save the report template as simulink\_tutorial.rpt.

The Outline pane on the left displays the new file name.



# Adding Components to the Report Template

#### In this section ...

"What Are Components?" on page 3-5

"Adding MATLAB Code" on page 3-7

"Adding a Title Page" on page 3-13

"Opening the Simulink Model" on page 3-16

"Adding Logical Then and Logical Else Components" on page 3-18

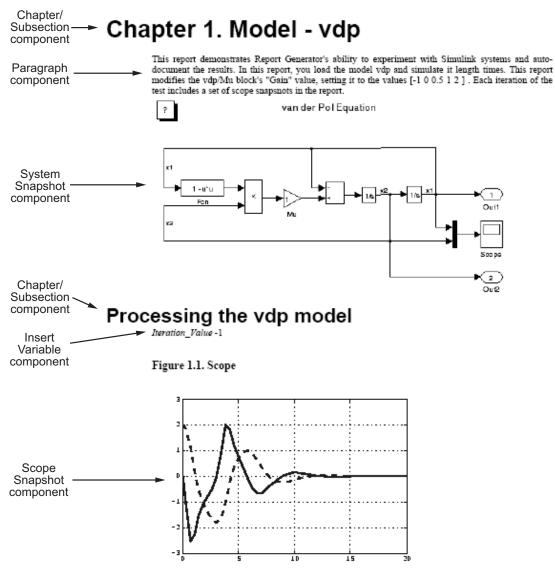
"Displaying an Error When the Model Cannot Be Opened" on page 3-19

"Creating the Body of the Report" on page 3-22

# What Are Components?

Report *components* specify what information to include in the report. The following figure shows a sample page from the report you create in this tutorial, and which components you use to produce this output.

**Note** Report components added to the report template must not be deactivated in order for the report to generate correctly.

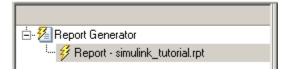


Fine offset: D

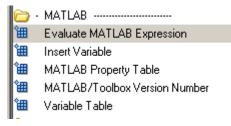
# Adding MATLAB Code

The first component to add is the Evaluate MATLAB Expression component, which evaluates MATLAB commands in the workspace. The code in this component assigns initial values to variables used in this tutorial.

1 In the Outline pane on the left, select simulink\_tutorial.rpt.



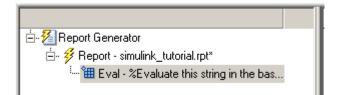
2 In the Options pane in the middle, under the MATLAB category, select Evaluate MATLAB Expression.



3 In the Properties pane on the right, click the icon next to Add component to current report to insert the component into the report.

**Note** You cannot edit the component information in the Properties pane on the right until you add the component to the report.

In the Outline pane on the left, the Evaluate MATLAB Expression component appears under the simulink\_tutorial report template. The Simulink Report Generator software abbreviates the component name to Eval.



The icon in the upper-left corner of the Eval component's icon indicates that this component cannot have child components. By default, any components you add while the Eval component is selected are siblings of this component.

The options for the Evaluate MATLAB Expression component appear in the Properties pane on the right.

Evaluate MATLAB Expression								
Insert MATLAB expression in report								
Display command window output in report								
Expression to evaluate in the base workspace: Eval Now								
%Evaluate this string in the base w	orkspace							
Evaluate this expression if there is an error:								
rptgen.displayMessage(sprintf('Error during %rptgen.displayMessage('Halting generation',								
	•							
Revert	Help							

- **4** Clear the **Insert MATLAB expression in report** and the **Display command window output in report** check boxes so you do not include MATLAB code or output in this report.
- 5 Add MATLAB code to the Expression to evaluate in the base workspace text box to specify the following values:
  - The model name
  - The block name
  - The block parameter

• Parameter values

• Other initial values required for processing the vdp model Replace the existing text with the following MATLAB code.

```
%The name of the model
%that will be changed
expModel='vdp';
%The name of the block in the model
%that will be changed
expBlock='vdp/Mu';
%The name of the block parameter
%that will be changed
expParam='Gain';
%The values that will be set
%during experimentation
expValue=[-1 0 .5 1 2];
%expValue can be either a vector
%or a cell array
testMin=2.1;
testMax=3;
%---- do not change code below line ---
try
   open system(expModel);
end
expOkValues=cell(0,2);
```

**Note** When you change a field in the Properties pane on the right, the field background changes color (the default is a cream color), indicating that there are unapplied changes to that field. As soon as you perform operations on another component, the Simulink Report Generator software applies the changes, and the background color becomes white again.

- 6 Select the Evaluate this expression if there is an error check box.
- **7** In the field under the check box, replace the existing text with the following text:

```
disp(['Error during eval: ', evalException.message])
```

The Report Explorer window now looks as follows.

Evaluate MATLAB Expression				
Insert MATLAB expression in report				
Display command window output in report				
Expression to evaluate in the base workspace:	Eval Now			
<pre>%The name of the model %that will be changed expModel='vdp';</pre>	<u> </u>			
<pre>%The name of the block in the model %that will be changed expBlock='vdp/Mu';</pre>				
<pre>%The name of the block parameter %that will be changed expParam='Gain';</pre>				
<pre>%The values that will be set %during experimentation expValue=[-1 0 .5 1 2];</pre>				
<pre>%expValue can be either a vector %or a cell array</pre>				
testMin=2.1; testMax=3;				
8 do not change code below line	•			
Evaluate this expression if there is an error:				
disp([Error during Eval: ', evalException.mess	age])			
Revert	Help			

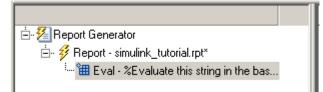
**Tip** To run the commands that you specified in your MATLAB expression, click the **Eval Now** button. This button is located at the upper-right corner of the Report Explorer. This is an easy way to ensure that your commands are correct and will not cause report generation problems.

8 Click File > Save to save the report template.

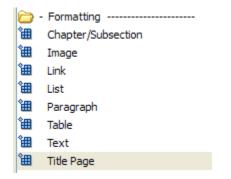
## **Adding a Title Page**

Create a custom title page for your report using the Title Page component.

1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the Eval component.

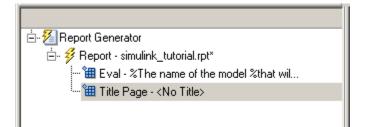


**2** In the Options pane in the middle, under the Formatting category, click Title Page.



**3** Click the icon next to **Add component to current report**.

The Title Page component appears in the Outline pane.



- **4** In the Properties pane on the right:
  - ${\ensuremath{\mathbf{a}}}$  In the  ${\ensuremath{\mathbf{Title}}}$  text box, enter:

Dynamic Simulink Report

**b** In the **Subtitle** text box, enter:

Using Simulink Report Generator to Document Changes

- c In the **Options** section, choose Custom Author from the selection list.
- **d** Enter your name in the text box.
- e Select the Include report creation date check box.
- **f** Select the default date and time format from the selection list. The Properties pane on the right looks as follows.

Title Page	
Title	
Title: Dynamic Simulink Report	
Subtitle: Using Report Generator to Document Changes	
Options-	
Image file name:	
Custom author: John Q. Engineer	
✓ Include report creation date: dd-mmm-yyyy HH:MM	:SS (09-Oct-2006 19:20:46) 💌
Include copyright holder and year:	
Abstract	
I	
Legal notice	
	<u>•</u> []
	Revert Help

**5** Save the report template.

## **Opening the Simulink Model**

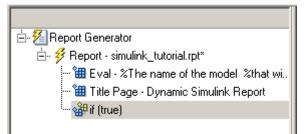
The following statement in the Evaluate MATLAB Expression component that you created in "Adding MATLAB Code" on page 3-7 tries to open the vdp model:

```
try
    open_system(expModel);
end
```

**Tip** Select the Eval component in the Outline pane on the left to look at this code again.

To see if the vdp model was successfully opened, test the result of the open\_system command using a Logical If component.

- 1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the Title Page component.
- 2 In the Options pane in the middle, under the Logical and Flow Control category, select Logical If. This component checks to see if a given condition is true or false; in this case, if the model opened successfully.
  - Logical and Flow Control
     For Loop
     Logical Else
     Logical Elseif
     Logical If
     Logical Then
     While Loop
- **3** In the Properties pane on the right, click the icon next to **Add component to current report**. The Logical If component appears as if in the Outline pane.



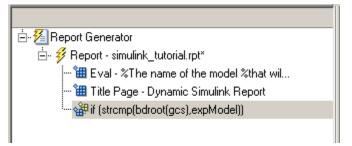
These components are child components of the report and siblings of one another. Components can have parent, child, and sibling relationships.

This component can have child components. "Adding Logical Then and Logical Else Components" on page 3-18 explains how to add two child components to the if component.

**4** In the Properties pane on the right, in the **Test expression** text box, replace the default text, true, with the following text:

```
strcmp(bdroot(gcs),expModel)
```

The if component name in the Outline pane changes to include this expression.



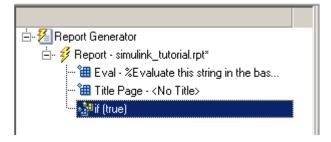
The strcmp function compares the name of the open Simulink model and the value of expModel, which was set to 'vdp'. It tests to see if the vdp model opened successfully. strcmp returns 1 (true) if the two strings match, and 0 (false) if not.

**5** Save the report template.

## **Adding Logical Then and Logical Else Components**

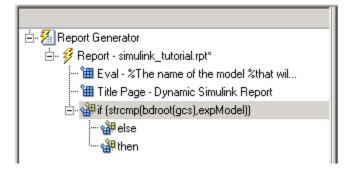
The if strcmp(bdroot(gcs), expModel)) component has two possible results. Add two child components to the report template to process these cases.

**1** In the Outline pane on the left, select the if component.

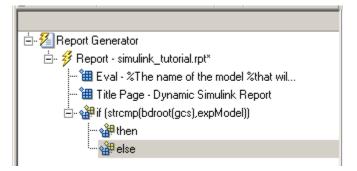


- **2** In the Options pane in the middle, under the Logical and Flow Control category, double-click Logical Then.
- **3** In the Outline pane on the left, select the if component again.
- **4** In the Options pane in the middle, under the Logical and Flow Control category, double-click Logical Else.

Both elements are added as child components to the if component, as shown in the Outline pane.



**5** To move the else component under the then component, select the else component and click the **down** arrow on the toolbar once. The Outline pane on the left looks as follows.

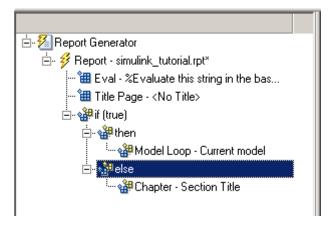


**6** Save the report template.

## Displaying an Error When the Model Cannot Be Opened

If the if strcmp(bdroot(gcs), expModel)) component fails (the vdp model cannot open), the else component executes. Display an error message in the report using the Chapter/Subsection component.

1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the else component.



2 In the Options pane in the middle, under the Formatting category, double-click Chapter/Subsection to add it as a child of the else component. This component displays an error message if an error occurs when opening the vdp model.

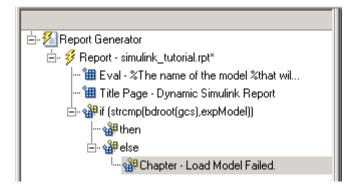
🗄 🔏 Report Generator
🗄 🛷 🜮 Report - simulink_tutorial.rpt*
🔠 Eval - % The name of the model % that wil
🔠 Title Page - Dynamic Simulink Report
🏰 then
else
🦥 🖓 Chapter - Section Title

**Note** When you add a component to a report, it is added by default as a child component unless the selected component cannot have child components.

**3** In the Properties pane on the right, choose Custom from the Title selection list, and then enter the following text in the text box:

Load Model Failed.

The Outline pane looks as follows.



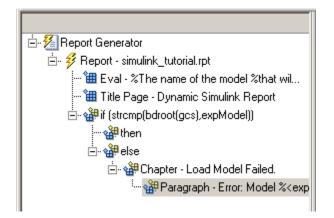
- 4 In the Outline pane on the left, select the Chapter component.
- **5** In the Options pane in the middle, under Formatting, double-click Paragraph.
- 6 In the Properties pane on the right, enter the following text in the **Paragraph Text** text box to display the following error message:

Error: Model %<expModel> could not be opened.

The expression %<expModel> indicates that the value of the workspace variable expModel is inserted into the text, as in the following example.

Error: Model vdp could not be opened.

The Outline pane on the left looks as follows.



**7** Save the report template.

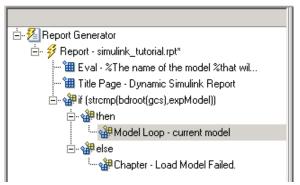
## Creating the Body of the Report

The report generation process performs several tasks to successfully open the vdp model. Each action requires a separate component under the then component.

### Processing the Model with a Model Loop Component

The report changes the Gain parameter for the Mu block in the vdp model several times. This task requires a Model Loop component.

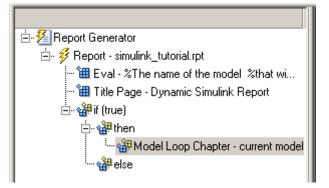
- 1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the then component.
- 2 In the Options pane in the middle, scroll down to the Simulink category, and then double-click Model Loop. It is added as a child of the then component.



The Properties pane on the right looks as follows.

Model Loop				
Models to Include: Models to Include: Current block diagram	Model Options Active Model name: Current block diagram Traverse model: All systems in model Look under masks: Functional masks of Follow library links: Do not follow library Starting system(s): Model root	-	 V V	
Section Options Create section for each object in loop Display the object type in the section title Create link anchor for each object in loop				
		Revert	Help	

- 3 In the Properties pane on the right:
  - a Select the Active check box to process the vdp model.
  - **b** In the **Traverse model** selection list, select **Selected system(s)** only to traverse only the vdp model.
  - c Select Model root from the Starting system(s) selection list.
  - **d** At the bottom of the Properties pane on the right, select the **Create section for each object in loop** check box to create a chapter or section for each model. When you select this check box, the component name in the Outline pane on the left changes to Model Loop Chapter.

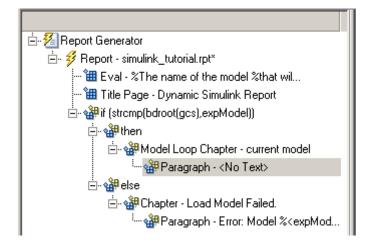


- Select the **Display the object type in the section title** check box to include the object type (in this example, model) in the title name.
- f Clear the Create link anchor for each object in loop check box.
- **4** Save the report template.

#### Adding a Paragraph for Each Model

In each Model Loop Chapter, add an explanation using the Paragraph component.

- 1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the Model Loop Chapter component.
- 2 In the Options pane in the middle, scroll up to the Formatting category, and then double-click Paragraph. The Paragraph component is added as a child of the Model Loop Chapter component.



**3** In the Properties pane on the right, in the **Paragraph Text** text box, enter the following text:

This report demonstrates Simulink Report Generator's ability to experiment with Simulink systems and auto-document the results. In this report, you load the model %<expModel> and simulate it %<length> times. This report modifies the %<expBlock> block's "%<expParam>" value, setting it to the values %<expValue>. Each iteration of the test includes a set of scope snapsnots in the report.

When this report is generated, the variable names preceded by percent signs (%) and enclosed in brackets (<>) are replaced with the values of those variables in the MATLAB workspace.

**4** Save the report template.

#### Inserting a Snapshot of the Model into the Report

Inside each Model Loop Chapter component, include a snapshot of the current model using the System Snapshot component.

- 1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the Model Loop Chapter component.
- 2 In the Options pane in the middle, scroll down to the Simulink category, and then double-click the System Snapshot component.

This component inserts an image of the current model into your report. The Properties pane on the right looks as follows.

System Snapshot Snapshot						
Image file f Paper orier Image size	ntation:	Automatic SL format				
-		rptdefaultframe.fig				
–Display Opt	ions —					
Scaling:	Use im	nage size 💌 🚺 100 🛛 🕺				
Size:	[7 9]	Inches	] [			
Alignment:	Auto	-	- T			
Title:	None	▼ No title				
Caption:	None	💌 No caption				

- **3** In the Properties pane on the right:
  - **a** Select Zoom from the **Scaling** selection list.
  - **b** Enter 70 as the % value.
- 4 In the Outline pane on the left, select the System Snapshot component.
- **5** Click the **down** arrow on the toolbar once to move it under the Paragraph component.

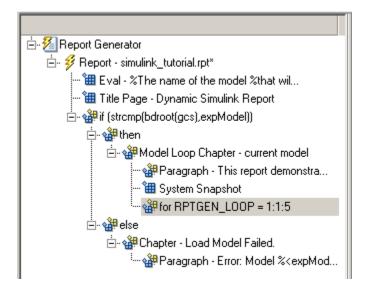
Model Loop Chapter - current model
 Paragraph - This report demonstra...
 System Snapshot

**6** Save the report template.

### Adding a Loop for Processing the Model

Create a loop to process the model  $\ell = 0$  times using the For Loop component.

- 1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the System Snapshot component.
- 2 In the Options pane in the middle, under the Logical and Flow Control category, double-click For Loop. The For Loop component is added as a sibling of the System Snapshot component.



- **3** In the Properties pane on the right:
  - ${\bf a}\$  In the  ${\bf End}\ {\bf text}\ {\bf box},$  replace the existing text with the following text:

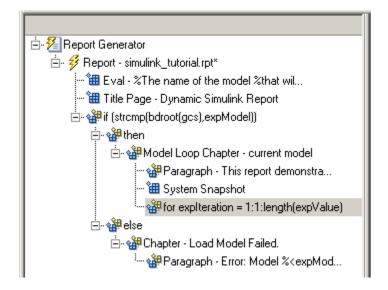
length(expValue)

expValue is the array of Gain parameter values assigned in the Eval component with the command expValue=[-1 0 0.5 1 2];. The expression length(expValue) evaluates to 5 in this example.

**b** In the **Variable name** text box, replace the existing text with the name of the for loop variable. Enter the following text:

expIteration

The name of the For component in the Outline pane on the left changes to reflect the loop variable and the termination value.

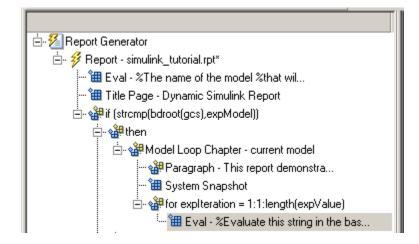


**4** Save the report template.

### Getting the Gain Parameter Value from the expValue Array

For each iteration, get a value from the expValue array to use as the Gain parameter value. This task requires an Evaluate MATLAB Expression component.

- 1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the for component.
- 2 In the Options pane in the middle, under the MATLAB category, double-click Evaluate MATLAB Expression. In the Outline pane, the component name is shortened to Eval.



- **3** On the Properties pane on the right:
  - a Clear the Insert MATLAB expression in report and Display command window output in report check boxes.
  - **b** Enter the following text in the **Expression to evaluate in the base workspace** text box:

%Evaluate this string in the base workspace if iscell(expValue) Iteration\_Value=expValue{expIteration}; else Iteration\_Value=... num2str(expValue(expIteration)); end

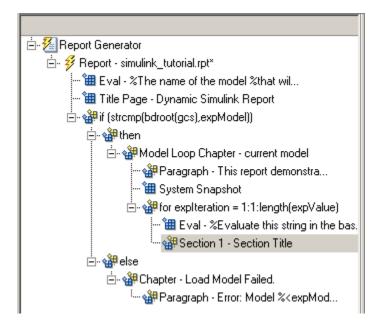
The Iteration\_Value variable represents the designated array element.

- c Clear the Evaluate expression if there is an error check box.
- **4** Save the report template.

#### **Creating a Section for Each Iteration**

Create a separate section for each iteration of the loop that includes the data using the Chapter/Subsection component.

- 1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the Eval component.
- 2 In the Options pane in the middle, under the Formatting category, double-click the Chapter/Subsection component to add it as a sibling. This component is automatically added as Section 1 because it is inside a Chapter component (the Model Loop Chapter component).



- 3 In the Properties pane on the right:
  - a In the Title selection list, select Custom.
  - **b** In the text box, enter the following title:

Processing the vdp model

This indicates that the section title comes from the first child component. Do not change any other properties.

**4** Save the report template.

#### Inserting the Gain Value into the Report

Insert the Gain value that is used for each simulation.

- 1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the Section 1 component.
- **2** In the Options pane in the middle, under the MATLAB category, double-click Insert Variable.
- **3** In the Properties pane on the right:
  - **a** In the **Variable name** text box, enter Iteration\_Value.

**b** In the **Display as** selection list, select Paragraph. The Outline pane on the left looks as follows.

Insert Variable		
Source		
Variable name: Iteration_Value Variable location: Base workspace		
Warning: "Iteration_Value" not found in workspace.		
Display Options		
Title: Automatic 💌		
Size limit: 32		
Display as: Paragraph		
Ignore if value is empty		
Revert Help		

**4** Save the report template.

#### Setting the Gain Parameter

For each iteration, set the Gain parameter to the value you extracted from the expValue array.

- 1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the Variable component.
- 2 In the Options pane in the middle, under the MATLAB category, double-click Evaluate MATLAB Expression. This component is added as a sibling of the Variable component.

- **3** In the Properties pane on the right, clear the **Insert MATLAB expression in report** and **Display command window output in report** check boxes.
- **4** In the **Expression to evaluate in the base workspace** text box, replace the existing text with the following text.

```
set_param(expBlock,expParam,Iteration_Value);
okSetValue=(1);
```

The set\_param command sets the value of the Gain parameter for the Mu block in the vdp model to the value of Iteration\_Value.

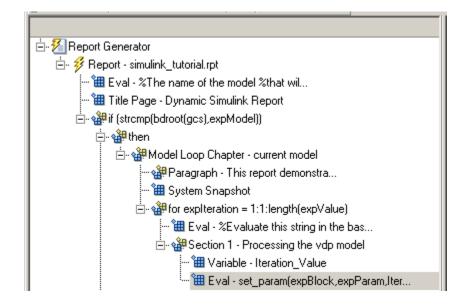
**5** Make sure you select **Evaluate expression if there is an error**. Enter the following text into the text box:

okSetValue=logical(0);

If the set\_param command works, okSetValue is set to 1. If an error occurs, okSetValue is set to 0. The next component then reports the error and terminates processing.

**6** Save the report template.

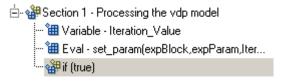
The Outline pane on the left looks as follows.



#### Checking okSetValue

Check the value of okSetValue using a Logical If component. If the value is 0, the simulation cannot proceed because the Gain parameter could not be set.

- 1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the Eval component for the set\_param command.
- 2 In the Options pane in the middle, under the Logical and Flow Control category, double-click Logical If. The component is added as a sibling of Eval.

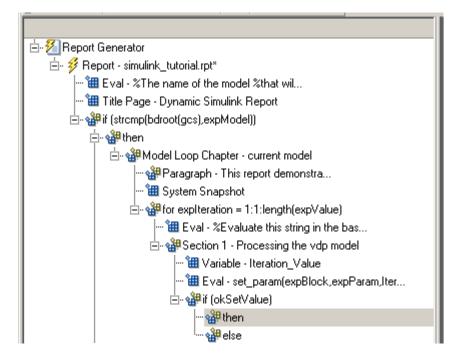


**3** In the Properties pane on the right, in the **Test expression** text box, replace true with okSetValue.

okSetValue can be 1 (true) or 0 (false), so insert two components—Logical Then and Logical Else — to process those conditions:

1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the if(okSetValue) component.

- 2 To insert Logical Then and Logical Else in the correct order:
  - **a** In the Options pane in the middle, double-click the Logical Else component.
  - **b** Select the if(okSetValue) component again.
  - **c** Double-click the Logical Then component. The Outline pane on the left looks as follows.



**3** In the Outline pane on the right, select the **else** component.

**4** In the Options pane in the middle, double-click Paragraph.

If okSetValue = 0, the Gain parameter value is not set and the report displays an error.

- **5** In the Properties pane on the right:
  - a Choose Custom title from the Title Options selection list.
  - **b** Enter Error in the text box next to the selection list.
  - c Enter the following text into the **Paragraph Text** text box:

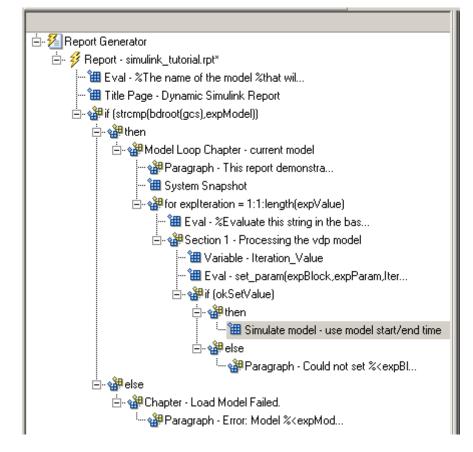
Could not set %<expBlock> "%<expParam>" to value %<Iteration\_Value>.

**6** Save the report.

#### Simulating the Model, and Capturing the Scope and Data

Now that the model is open and the Gain parameter is set, use the Model Simulation component to simulate the vdp model.

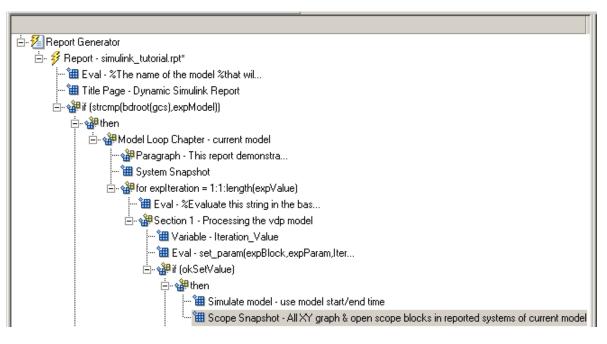
- 1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the then component under the if (okSetValue) component.
- **2** In the Options pane, under the Simulink category, double-click Model Simulation. In the Outline pane on the left, this component is renamed Simulate model.



- **3** In the Properties pane on the right:
  - a Clear the Use model's workspace I/O variable names check box.
  - **b** In the **Time** text box, enter dynamicT.
  - c In the States text box, enter dynamicX.
  - **d** In the **Output** text box, enter **dynamicY**. The Properties pane on the right looks as follows.

Model Simulation		
- I/O Parameters-		
Use model's workspace I/O variable names		
Time: dynamicT		
States: dynamicX		
Output: dynamicY		
_ Timespan		
✓ Use model's timespan values		
Start: 0		
Stop: 60		
Simulation Options		
Compile model before simulation		
Simulation status messages: Display to command line		•
Simulation Parameters:	<sup>™</sup> t ∃×	<b>†</b>
	Revert	Help

- **4** In the Outline pane on the left, select the Simulate model component.
- **5** In the Options pane in the middle:
  - **a** Scroll down to the Simulink Blocks category.
  - **b** Double-click Scope Snapshot to add it as a sibling of the Simulink Model component.



This component captures the scope for each iteration.

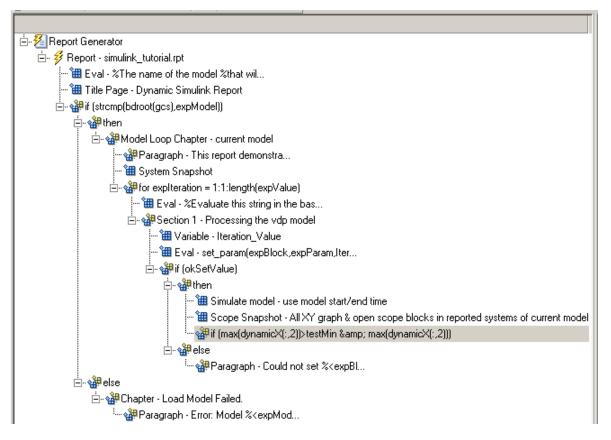
- **6** In the Properties pane on the right:
  - a In the Paper orientation selection list, select Portrait.
  - **b** For the **Image size**, enter [5 4].
  - c In the Scaling selection list, select Zoom.
  - $d\,$  Enter 75 for the % value.
- **7** Save the report template.
- **8** To test to see if the signal data falls within a specified range, add another Logical If component:
  - a In the Outline pane on the left, select the Scope Snapshot component.
  - **b** In the Options pane in the middle, scroll up to the Logical and Flow Control category.
  - c Double-click the Logical If component.

**9** To test the signal data, replace true in the **Test expression** text box with the following in the Properties pane on the right:

```
max(dynamicX(:,2))>testMin & max(dynamicX(:,2))
```

**10** Save the report.

The Outline pane looks as follows:



- 11 If this condition is true, the signal data falls within the desired range. Add a Paragraph component to print information about the signal data in the report.
  - **a** In the Outline pane on the left, select the if component you just added.

**b** In the Options pane in the middle, under the Formatting category, double-click Paragraph so that it becomes a child of the if component.

- c In the Properties pane on the right:
  - i From the Title Options selection list, select Custom title.
  - ii Type Success in the text box.
  - iii Enter the following text in the **Paragraph text** text box.

The conditioned signal has a maximum value of %<max(dynamicX(:,2))>, which lies in the desired range of greater than %<testMin> and less than %<testMax>.

- **12** To save the success values to insert into a table at the end of the iterations, use an Evaluate MATLAB Expression component.
  - a In the Outline pane on the left, select the Paragraph component.
  - **b** In the Options pane in the middle, under the MATLAB category, double-click Evaluate MATLAB Expression.

An unintended result occurs: the new component is a child of the Paragraph component.

⊡- ∰ if (max(dynamicX(:,2))>testMin & max(dynamicX(:,2)))
⊡- ∰ Paragraph - The conditioned signa...
□ ∰ Eval - %Evaluate this string in the bas...

**c** To make the new component a *sibling* of the Paragraph component, in the Outline pane on the left, select the Eval component, and then Click the left arrow on the toolbar. The Eval component becomes a sibling of the Paragraph component.

È- ∰if (max(dynamicX(:,2))>testMin & max(dynamicX(:,2))) -- ∰Paragraph - The conditioned signa... III Eval - %Evaluate this string in the bas...

- **13** In the Properties pane on the right, for the Eval component:
  - a Clear the Insert MATLAB expression in report and Display command window output in report check boxes.
  - **b** In the **Expression to evaluate in the base workspace** text box, enter the following to save the desired signal values in the exp0kValues array:

```
expOkValues=[expOkValues;...
{Iteration_Value,max(dynamicX(:,2))}];
```

• Make sure you select **Evaluate this expression if there is an error**. Insert the following text in the text box:

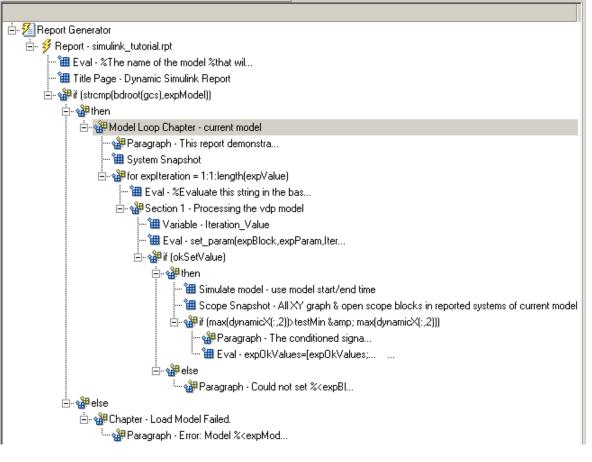
```
disp(['Error during eval: ', evalException.message])
```

**14** Save the report template.

#### **Creating the Post-Test Analysis Section**

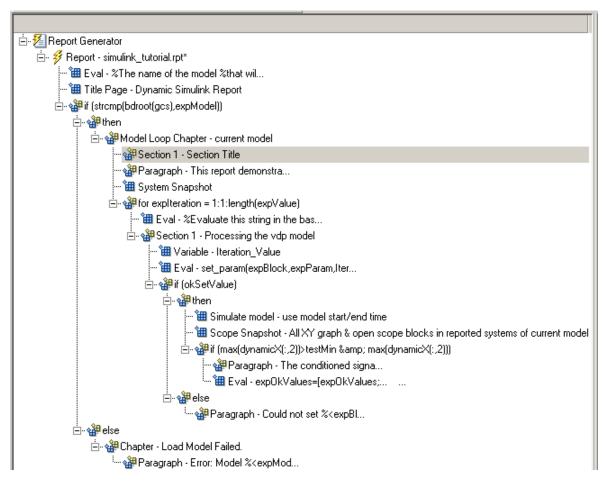
Now that you have collected all the desired values, create the post-test analysis section by creating a table and inserting it into your report at the end of this chapter.

1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the Model Loop Chapter component.

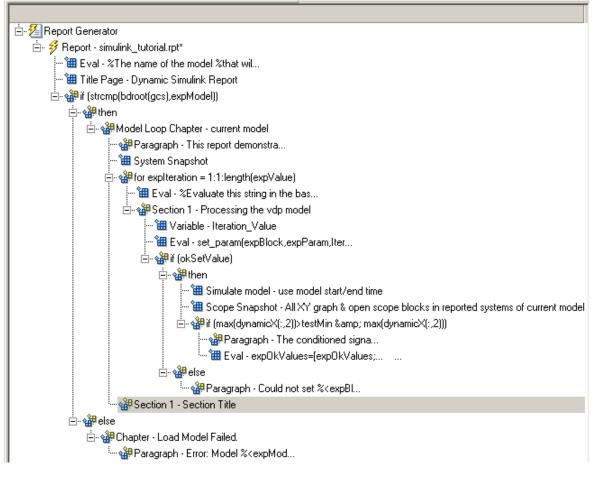


2 In the Options pane in the middle, under the Formatting category, double-click Chapter/Subsection.

The new section appears at the beginning of the chapter.



Click the  $\mathbf{down}$  arrow three times so Section 1 moves to the end of the Model Loop Chapter component.



- **3** In the Properties pane on the right:
  - $\ensuremath{\mathbf{a}}$  Select <code>Custom</code> in the  $\ensuremath{\mathbf{Title}}$  selection list.
  - **b** Enter Post-Test Analysis in the text box.
- 4 In the Outline pane on the left, select the new Section 1 component.
- 5 In the Options pane in the middle, under the Formatting category, double-click Paragraph. Do not change its properties.

- **6** To check whether there are any signal values within the desired range, check the array expOkValues with a Logical If component. If expOkValues is empty, there are no signal values in the desired range. Report the result of this check.
  - **a** In the Outline pane on the left, select the Paragraph component and add a Logical If child component.
  - **b** In the Properties pane on the right, enter the expression to evaluate in the **Test expression** text box:

```
~isempty(expOkValues)
```

This expression evaluates to 0 (false) if exp0kValues is empty; otherwise, it evaluates to 1 (true).

- In the Outline pane on the left, select the if (~isempty(expOkValue)) component and add the Logical Else component as a child.
- **d** Select the if(~isempty(expOkValue)) component again and add the Logical Then component as a child.

The two components are siblings in the Outline pane on the left.

🗄 🏰 Section 1 - Post-Test Analysis
🗄 🖓 🖓 Paragraph - < Text from children>
🗄 🖓 🏰 if (~isempty(expOkValues))
🏰 then
else

- **7** Save the report template.
- **8** Now, insert report components to handle the case where expOkValues is empty; that is, where no signal values fall within the designated range.
  - **a** In the Outline pane on the left, select the **else** component.
  - **b** In the Options pane in the middle, double-click the Text component to add it as a child of the else component.
  - In the Properties pane on the right, in the **Text to include in report** text box, enter the following:

None of the selected iteration values had

a maximum signal value between %<testMin> and %<testMax>.

- **9** Now handle the case where expOkValues is not empty and you want to insert a table of the acceptable signal values.
  - a In the Outline pane on the left, select the then component.
  - **b** Add a Text component as a child to the then component.
  - In the Properties pane on the right, in the **Text to include in report** text box, enter the following text.

%<size(expOkValues, 1)> values for %<expBlock> were
found that resulted in a maximum signal value greater
than %<testMin> but less than %<testMax>. The following
table shows those values and their resulting signal maximum.

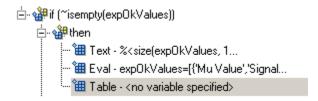
- **d** In the Outline pane on the left, select the Text component under the then component of the if(~isempty(expOkValues) component.
- **10** To create an array for use when formatting the table, use the Evaluate MATLAB Expression component.
  - **a** In the Options pane in the middle, double-click Evaluate MATLAB Expression.
  - **b** In the Properties pane on the right:
    - i Clear the Insert MATLAB expression in report and Display command window output in report check boxes.
    - ii The next component of the report uses the strings Mu Value and Signal Maximum as table header values. Add the strings to the front of the expOkValues cell array by entering the following text into the Expression to evaluate in the base workspace text box:

```
expOkValues=[{'Mu Value', 'Signal Maximum'} expOkValues];
```

iii Make sure you select the Evaluate this expression if there is an error check box. Enter the following text into the text box:

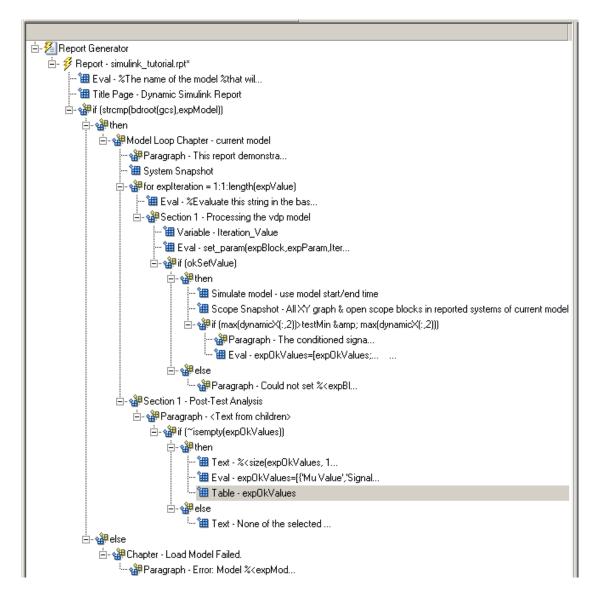
disp(['Error during eval: ', evalExpression.message])

- **11** In the Outline pane on the left, select the Eval component.
- 12 In the Options pane in the middle, under the Formatting category, double-click the Table component so it becomes a sibling of the Text and Eval components.



- **13** In the Properties pane on the right:
  - **a** In the **Workspace variable name** text box, enter expOkValues. The Simulink Report Generator software uses the contents of expOkValues to construct the table.
  - **b** In the **Table title** text box, enter Valid Iteration Values.
- **14** Save the report template.

The Outline pane on the left looks as follows.



## Error Handling for MATLAB Code That You Add

You can add MATLAB code to a report, by using the Evaluate MATLAB Expression component (also called the Eval component). See "Adding MATLAB Code" on page 3-7 for details.

The Evaluate MATLAB Expression component dialog box includes an **Evaluate this expression if there is an error** check box. The dialog box includes default error handling code that you can use, or you can create your own error handling code.

If you do not change the default error handling code, then when you generate the report, and there is an error in the MATLAB code that you added:

- If you clear **Evaluate this expression if there is an error** check box, then the complete report is generated, without displaying an error message at the MATLAB command line.
- If you select **Evaluate this expression if there is an error** check box, then the complete report is generated and an error message appears at the MATLAB command line.

To stop report generation when an error occurs in the MATLAB code that you added, change the second and third lines of the following default error handling code, as described below:

```
warningMessageLevel = 2;
displayWarningMessage = true;
failGenerationWithException = false;
failGenerationWithoutException = false;
```

To stop report generation and display an exception, change the default code to:

```
displayWarningMessage = false;
failGenerationWithException = true;
```

To stop report generation without displaying an exception, change the default code to:

```
displayWarningMessage = false;
failGenerationWithoutException = true;
```

If you want to completely replace the default error handling code, use the evalException.message variable in your code to return information for the exception.

## **Generating the Report**

Now the report includes all required components. To generate the report, click the **Report** icon on the toolbar. The following occurs:

 A Message List window appears, displaying informational and error messages as the report is processed. Specify the level of detail you would like the Message List window to display while the report is being generated. Options range from 0 (least detail) to 6(most detail). Click the selection list located under the title bar of the Message List window to choose an option, as shown in the following figure.

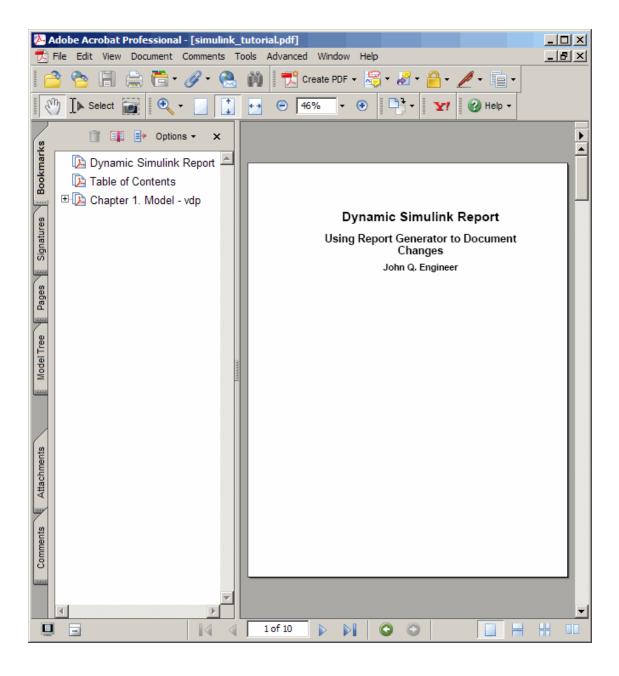


Message level 3 (Important messages) is used for the remainder of this example.



- 2 The vdp model appears. You can see each time it is simulated.
- **3** The scope window appears. The scope graph changes each time the parameter value changes.
- **4** Each component of the report is highlighted as it executes, in the Outline pane on the left in the Report Explorer window.

When the report is complete, Adobe Acrobat Reader opens your report in PDF format.



# **Generating Reports**

- "Setting Report Output Options" on page 4-2
- "Converting XML Documents" on page 4-12
- "Creating Log Files" on page 4-15
- "Generating MATLAB Code from Report Templates" on page 4-16
- "Working with Legacy Report Templates" on page 4-19
- "Troubleshooting" on page 4-21

## **Setting Report Output Options**

#### In this section...

"Setting Preferences" on page 4-2		
"Setting the Report File Folder" on page 4-3		
"Setting the Report File Name" on page 4-4		
"Setting the Report Format" on page 4-4		
"Viewing and Printing Reports" on page 4-9		
"Converting English Strings to Other Languages" on page 4-10		
"Autosaving Report Templates" on page 4-10		
"Reporting Compiled Simulink Model Data" on page 4-10		
"Regenerating Images" on page 4-11		
"Including a Report Description" on page 4-11		

## **Setting Preferences**

Specify report output settings using the **Preferences** pane. To open this pane, click **File > Preferences**. A list of available options appears in the following table.

Option	Purpose
Format ID	Specify the report output format. The default is web (HTML). Other choices include Acrobat (PDF), Rich Text Format, Word Document, Plain Text, and PostScript.
Extension	Automatically sets the file extension of the report file according to the value specified for Format ID. The default is html.
Simulink Images	Specify the format for Simulink images to include in the report. The default is PNG 24-bit image.

Option	Purpose
Stateflow Images	Specify the format for Stateflow charts to include in the report. The default is PNG 24-bit image.
HG Images	Specify the format for Handle Graphics <sup>®</sup> images to include in the report. The default is PNG 24-bit image.
View command	Specify the MATLAB command you want to use to view the report.
Visible in Report Explorer	Deselect this check box to make the current output format unavailable in the Report Explorer Interface. For example, if your specified report format is Word document and you deselect this check box, then the Microsoft Word document format is no longer available for reports created using the Report Explorer.
Use version 1.x environment	Choose this option to use previous versions of MATLAB Report Generator and Simulink Report Generator interfaces. For more information, see "Using Legacy Interfaces" on page 4-20.
Animate Report Explorer when generating reports	Select this check box if you want components in the Outline pane to be animated as the report generates. This box is selected by default.

## Setting the Report File Folder

Choose a folder to which you have write privileges, to store the report file. A list of options appears in the following table.

Folder	Option
The same folder as the report template	Same as report template
The current working folder	Present working directory

Folder	Option
Temporary folder	Temporary directory
Another folder	Custom. Use the <b>Browse</b> button () to select from a list of directories.

You can use %<VariableName> notation to specify a folder in the **Custom** text box. For more information, see "% Notation" on the Text component reference page in the MATLAB Report Generator documentation.

## Setting the Report File Name

Images are placed in a folder with the same name as the report file. For example, testreport.html images are placed in a folder named testreport\_files.

Choose a file name for the report file, using the options listed in the following table.

File Name	Option
The same file name as the report template	Same as report template (default)
A file name different from the report template name	Custom. Enter the name of the report.

Use %<VariableName> notation to specify a file name in the **Custom** text box. For more information, see "% Notation" on the Text component reference page in the MATLAB Report Generator documentation.

## **Setting the Report Format**

Choose the report output format in the **File format** text box. For example, if you want to use Microsoft Word, choose Word document or Rich Text Format.

-Report Format and Stylesheet	
File format: Rich Text Format	Very Large Type Print
Generation Options	
View report after generation	
Auto save before generation	
Evaluate this string after generation:	
· · · · ·	

Each output format has a default stylesheet associated with it. Specify the stylesheet in the text box next to the **File format** text box.

The following table shows which output format to use with different software, and which stylesheets you can use with each output format.

Viewer	Format	Description	Stylesheets
Adobe Acrobat Reader	Adobe Acrobat (PDF)	Produces a PDF that you can view using Adobe Acrobat Reader software	PDF (see "PDF Stylesheets" on page 4-6)
Web browser	Web (HTML) (default)	Use for publishing on the World Wide Web	Web (see "Web Stylesheets" on page 4-8)
Word processor	Rich Text Format (RTF) or Word Document	Compatible with most word-processing packages, including Microsoft Word software	Print (see "RTF (DSSSL Print) and Word Stylesheets" on page 4-9)
DocBook	DocBook (XML)	Produces a report in DocBook format	N/A

**Note** For reports that use the Word Document format, you must have Microsoft Word software installed on the machine that you use to generate the report.

Tip To create and use customized styles, see "Creating Custom Stylesheets".

PDF Stylesheet	Description
Default print stylesheet	Displays title page, table of contents, list of titles
Standard Print	Displays title page, table of contents, list of titles
Simple Print	Suppresses title page, table of contents, list of titles
Compact Simple Print	Minimizes page count, suppresses title, table of contents, list of titles
Large Type Print	Uses 12-point font (slightly larger than Standard Print)
Very Large Type Print	Uses 24-point font and landscape paper orientation
Compact Print	Minimizes white space to reduce page count
Unnumbered Chapters & Sections	Chapters and sections are not numbered
Numbered Chapters & Sections	Chapters and sections are both numbered
Paginated Sections	Sections are printed with page breaks
Custom Header	Lets you specify custom headers and footers

#### **PDF Stylesheets**

PDF Stylesheet	Description
Custom Titlepage	Lets you specify custom title page content and presentation
Verbose Print	Lets you specify advanced print options

#### Web Stylesheets

Web Stylesheet	Description
Default HTML stylesheet	HTML on a single page
Simulink book HTML stylesheet	HTML on multiple pages; suppresses chapter headings and table of contents
Truth Table HTML stylesheet	HTML on multiple pages; suppresses chapter headings and table of contents
Multi-page Web	HTML, with each chapter on a separate page
Single-page Web	HTML on a single page
Single-page Unnumbered Chapters & Sections	HTML on a single page; chapters and sections are not numbered
Single-page Numbered Chapters & Sections	HTML on a single page; chapters and sections are numbered
Single-page Simple	HTML on a single page; suppresses title page and table of contents
Multi-page Simple	HTML on multiple pages; suppresses title page and table of contents
Multi-page Unnumbered Chapters & Sections	HTML on multiple pages; chapters and sections are not numbered.
Multi-page Numbered Chapters & Sections	HTML on multiple pages; chapters and sections are numbered

RTF or Word Stylesheet	Description
Standard Print	Displays title page, table of contents, list of titles
Simple Print	Suppresses title page, table of contents, list of titles
Compact Simple Print	Minimizes page count, suppresses title, table of contents, list of titles
Large Type Print	Uses 12-point font (slightly larger than Standard Print)
Very Large Type Print	Uses 24-point font and landscape paper orientation
Compact Print	Minimizes white space to reduce page count
Unnumbered Chapters & Sections	Chapters and sections are not numbered
Numbered Chapters & Sections	Chapters and sections are both numbered

#### **RTF (DSSSL Print) and Word Stylesheets**

**Note** Some Web and Print stylesheets include an automatically generated list of titles. The list of titles includes a list of table titles and a list of figures with titles.

## **Viewing and Printing Reports**

To view your report after generation:

- To view the report automatically, select the **View report after generation** check box in the **Generation Options** section in the Properties pane on the right. When report generation is complete, the viewer associated with the report output format displays the report.
- To view the report manually, browse to the location specified in the **Report File Location** section in the Properties pane on the right, and open the file.

To print your report, select the **Print** option from the viewer.

## **Converting English Strings to Other Languages**

Versions 2.0 and later of the MATLAB Report Generator and Simulink Report Generator software use the system language settings through the Sun<sup>™</sup> Java<sup>™</sup> interface; therefore, they should use the language specified on your system.

Alternatively, you can change the language directly in Java from the MATLAB command line. The following example sets the language to Italian:

```
java.util.Locale.setDefault(java.util.Locale.ITALY)
```

Alternatively, you can set the preferred language directly in your .rpt file:

1 Right-click the **Report** component and select **Send to Workspace**.

This displays the properties of the report, which are stored in the variable *ans*. Access the report's Language property from the command line through this variable. By default, Language is auto, which indicates that the system's default language is in use.

**2** Override the default value of Language by setting this property to your desired language; for example, en for English or it for Italian.

## **Autosaving Report Templates**

To automatically save the report template before you generate a report, select **Auto save before generation** from the **Generation Options** section of the Properties pane on the right.

## **Reporting Compiled Simulink Model Data**

By default, the Simulink Report Generator reports uncompiled values of Simulink parameters. The uncompiled values of some parameters, such as signal data types, can differ from the compiled values used during simulation. To ensure that a report reflects compiled values, select the **Compile model to report on compiled information** option. This option causes the report generator to compile a model before reporting on model parameters. After generating the report, the report generator returns the model to its uncompiled state. **Note** When you select this option, whenever report generation requires simulating the model (for example, the report includes a Model Simulation component), the report generator uncompiles the model and then recompiles the model, if necessary, to report on model contents. If a report requires multiple compilations, the processing can be quite time-consuming.

To minimize compilations, consider using separate reports to report on the contents of a model and on the results of simulating that model.

## **Regenerating Images**

By default, the **Regenerate Simulink and Stateflow Images** option in the **Generation Options** section of the Properties pane on the right is cleared. As a result, previously generated images are not regenerated each time you generate a report, so reports generate faster. If you make changes that affect a generated image, select this option.

## **Including a Report Description**

Use the **Report Description** field in the Properties pane on the right to record notes and comments about your report template. This text appears in the Properties pane on the right when you select a report template in the Outline pane on the left.

## **Converting XML Documents**

#### In this section ...

"Why Convert XML Documents?" on page 4-12

"Converting XML Documents Using the Report Explorer" on page 4-12

"Converting XML Documents Using the Command Line" on page 4-14

"Editing XML Source Files" on page 4-14

## Why Convert XML Documents?

You can generate a report in a different output file format without regenerating it by using either the Report Explorer File Converter or the rptconvert command. These utilities convert DocBook XML source files created by the report-generation process into formatted documents such as HTML, RTF, or PDF.

**Note** The report-generation process can only convert XML source files created by the latest version of the software.

# Converting XML Documents Using the Report Explorer

To open the **Convert** Properties pane:

1 In the Report Explorer, select **Tools > Convert source file**.

The Convert Source File Properties pane appears. All XML files in your current folder appear in the Options pane in the middle.

🎽 Report Explorer - Convert - r	ny_test		
File Edit View Tools Help			
<sup>*</sup>	制 🖗 🔁 🔁 📥	<b>→ +</b>	
E-FReport Generator	Name A my_test.xml simulink_tutorial.xml	Convert Source File The Source File Converter transforms DocBook XML source files create Generator into a formatted document, such as HTML, RTF, or PDF. Conversion Options Source file: H:\my_test.xml File format: web (HTML) Stylesheet: Default HTML stylesheet View report when done converting Convert file File Preview Revert	d by the Report

- **2** Select your XML source file using one of the following options:
  - Click **Browse** in the Properties pane on the right to browse to the location of your XML source.
  - Double-click a file name in the Options pane in the middle to automatically enter it into the **Source file** field in the Properties pane.
- **3** Select your output format and stylesheet:
  - **a** In the **File format** text box, select an output format.
  - **b** In the **Stylesheet** text box, select a stylesheet. The stylesheet choice depends on the specified output format. You can use a predefined or customized stylesheet.

For more information about available formats and predefined stylesheets, see "Setting the Report Format" on page 4-4.

For more information about customizing stylesheets, see "Creating Custom Stylesheets".

- **4** Use the **View Report when done converting** check box to indicate whether you want to view the report after it has conversion.
- 5 To begin the conversion, click Convert file.

## **Converting XML Documents Using the Command Line**

To convert files using the command line, use the rptconvertfunction.

# **Editing XML Source Files**

Before you send a source file to the converter, edit it as text in the Report Explorer:

- 1 In the Outline pane on the left, open the File Converter.
- 2 Right-click MATLAB Report Generator and select Convert source file.
- **3** In the Options pane in the middle, select the source file to edit.
- 4 In the Properties pane on the right, click Edit as text.
- **5** Use the MATLAB Editor to edit and save the text.

# **Creating Log Files**

A log file describes a report template's report-generation settings and components. A log file can be used for many purposes, including:

- As a debugging tool
- As a reference to a report template
- To share information about a report template through e-mail

A log file includes the following information:

- Report template outline
- Components and their attributes
- Generation status messages currently displayed in the Generation Status tab

To generate a log file, click **File > Log File**. An HTML version of the log file with the name <report\_template\_file\_name\_log>.html is saved in the same folder as the report template.

# **Generating MATLAB Code from Report Templates**

You can generate MATLAB code versions of report templates in the form of a MATLAB file (\*.m). A MATLAB file of a report template is useful for various purposes, including generating reports and modifying report templates programmatically.

To generate a MATLAB file, load a report template into the Report Explorer and click **File > Generate MATLAB File**. After the MATLAB file generates, it opens in the MATLAB Editor. The filename for the generated file is the report template filename, preceded by "build."

#### **Generating Reports from MATLAB Files**

This example generates a MATLAB file from the figloop\_tutorial.rpt report template, which is part of the MATLAB Report Generator software. The example then uses the report function to generate a report from the MATLAB file. For more information about this function, see the report reference page.

- **1** Start the Report Explorer by entering report in the MATLAB Command Window.
- 2 In the Options pane in the middle, double-click figloop\_tutorial.rpt to open its report template.
- **3** In the Outline pane on the left, click Report figloop\_tutorial.rpt to select it.
- 4 In the Report Explorer menu bar, click File > Generate MATLAB File.

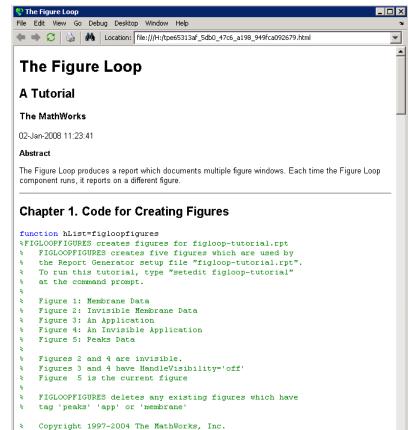
The MATLAB Report Generator software generates MATLAB code for the figloop\_tutorial.rpt report template. It saves this code in the buildfigloop\_tutorial.m file in the folder you specify. Part of this file appears in the following figure.

📝 Edita	r - H:\buildfigloop_tutorial.m				
File Ed	it Text Go Cell Tools Debug Desktop Window Help	X 5 ¥			
: 🗋 🖸	🎒 🔜 👗 🍋 🎁 ヴ (Y) 😓 🛤 🖛 🔿 🈥 💽 🔹 🔁 🗐 簡 🗊 編 Stack: Base 💌				
Э	· 📲 🚛 🚽 – 1.0 🛛 + 🛛 ÷ 1.1 🔤 × 🕺 🜿 🔍				
1	function [RptgenML_CReport1] = buildfigloop_tutorial				
2	%BUILDFIGLOOP_TUTORIAL				
3					
4	% Auto-generated by MATLAB on 02-Jan-2008 11:15:08				
5					
6	% Create RptgenML.CReport				
7 -	<pre>RptgenML_CReport1 = RptgenML.CReport('Description',</pre>				
8	['A report which demonstrates advanced component types:',sprintf('\n'),'',s	<pre>printf('\n'),</pre>			
9	'Stylesheet', 'html-!SingleClearTitleTocLot',				
10	'Format', 'html',				
11	'DirectoryType', 'pwd');				
12	<pre>% setedit(RptgenML_CReport1);</pre>				
13					
14	* Create rptgen.cfr_titlepage				
15 -					
16	'Author','The MathWorks',				
17	'Subtitle','A Tutorial',				
18	'Title','The Figure Loop');				
19 -	<pre>rptgen_cfr_text1 = rptgen.cfr_text('Content',</pre>				
20	'The Figure Loop produces a report which documents multiple figure windows.	Each time t			
21 -	<pre>set(rptgen_cfr_titlepage1,'AbstractComp',rptgen_cfr_text1);</pre>				
22 -	<pre>rptgen_cfr_text2 = rptgen.cfr_text;</pre>				
23 -	<pre>set(rptgen_cfr_titlepage1, 'LegalNoticeComp', rptgen_cfr_text2);</pre>				
24 -		<pre>rptgen_cfr_image1 = rptgen.cfr_image('FileName','');</pre>			
25 -	<pre>set(rptgen_cfr_titlepage1, 'ImageComp', rptgen_cfr_image1);</pre>				
26 -	<pre>setParent(rptgen_cfr_titlepage1,RptgenML_CReport1);</pre>				

**5** To generate the figloop\_tutorial report from this MATLAB file, run the following command in the MATLAB Command Window:

```
report(buildfigloop_tutorial);
```

The MATLAB Report Generator software runs and displays the report.



Copyright 1997-2004 The Mathworks, Inc.
 \$Revision: 1.1.6.2 \$ \$Date: 2004/04/15 00:12:57 \$

# **Working with Legacy Report Templates**

#### In this section ...

"What Are Legacy Report Templates?" on page 4-19

"Enabling Legacy Interfaces" on page 4-19

"Using Legacy Interfaces" on page 4-20

# What Are Legacy Report Templates?

Legacy report templates are files that you created in previous versions of the MATLAB Report Generator or Simulink Report Generator software. You can load legacy report templates in the current version of the Report Explorer. Alternatively, you can use earlier versions of the product interfaces to work with legacy report templates.

# **Enabling Legacy Interfaces**

Enable the previous versions of the interfaces at the MATLAB command line:

```
RptgenML.v1mode(true)
```

The result is:

```
ans =
1
```

A logical 1 indicates that Version 1 mode is on. To turn off Version 1 mode, enter:

```
RptgenML.v1mode(false)
```

The result is:

ans =

0

A logical 0 indicates that Version 1 mode is off.

# **Using Legacy Interfaces**

When you enable Version 1 mode, you can use previous versions of MATLAB Report Generator or Simulink Report Generator interfaces.

When using earlier versions of these interfaces, the following restrictions apply:

- You cannot use a report template created in the latest version of the MATLAB Report Generator or Simulink Report Generator software with earlier interfaces. If you save a legacy report template in the latest version of the software, you can no longer work with the same report template in the old interface.
- You cannot use the old interfaces with the latest version of the MATLAB Report Generator or Simulink Report Generator software. The Report Template Editor can coexist with the Report Explorer, but MathWorks does not recommend using these interfaces together.

# Troubleshooting

#### In this section...

"Managing Memory Usage" on page 4-21

"Displaying HTML Reports on UNIX Systems" on page 4-21

## **Managing Memory Usage**

By default, the MATLAB software sets a limit of 100 MB on the amount of memory the Sun Java Virtual Machine (JVM<sup>TM</sup>) software can allocate. The memory that the report generation process uses to build a document must fit within this limit. If you are having trouble processing large reports, it might be helpful to increase the amount of memory that MATLAB Report Generator and Simulink Report Generator software can allocate. See the following sections for more information.

### **Running the MATLAB Software Without a Desktop**

One way to increase the amount of JVM memory available to the MATLAB Report Generator and Simulink Report Generator software is to run the MATLAB software with -nodesktop mode enabled.

**Note** This option is available on UNIX<sup>®</sup> platforms only. (UNIX is a registered trademark of The Open Group in the United States and other countries.)

### Increasing the MATLAB JVM Memory Allocation Limit

To increase the amount of JVM memory available by increasing the MATLAB JVM memory allocation limit, use the MATLAB **File > Preferences > General > Java Heap Memory** dialog box.

## **Displaying HTML Reports on UNIX Systems**

HTML reports may not automatically display on some UNIX platforms. To work around this issue, configure the MATLAB Report Generator software to launch an external browser:

- **1** In the Report Explorer, click **File > Preferences**.
- 2 Enter the following text in the View command field:

```
web(rptgen.file2urn('%file name'), '-browser')
```

Where *file name* is the name of your report template file.

# Exporting Simulink Models to Web Views

- "What Are Web Views?" on page 5-2
- "Exporting Models to the Web" on page 5-3
- "Navigating Web Views" on page 5-7
- "Tutorial: Creating Web Views of Simulink Models" on page 5-11
- "Troubleshooting" on page 5-22

# What Are Web Views?

A Web view is an interactive rendition of a model that you can view in a Web browser. You can use Web views to navigate hierarchically to specific subsystems and see properties of blocks, signals, and scopes. You can zoom in and out, pan, and fit your model to your view using the same keyboard shortcuts that you use in Simulink and Stateflow editors.

You need the Simulink Report Generator software to create Web views. Web views require that your Web browser support Adobe SVG, implemented natively or through a plug-in. You do not have to install MathWorks® products to use Web views. Therefore, Web views are useful for presenting models to audiences and for sharing models with colleagues who do not have MathWorks products installed. The MATLAB Web browser does not support Web views.

# **Exporting Models to the Web**

#### In this section...

"Opening the Export Interface" on page 5-3

"Setting Export Options" on page 5-3

"Generating and Reviewing Web Views" on page 5-5

## **Opening the Export Interface**

You can export a model to a Web view using either a Simulink Report Generator dialog box or a Report Explorer pane.

To Open the export interface from	Use	Export interface opens as
Report Explorer	Tools > Export Simulink to Web	Report Explorer
Simulink model window	File > Export Simulink to Web	Dialog box
Stateflow editor	File > Export Simulink to Web	Dialog box
Command line	The slwebview function, with no arguments	Report Explorer

# **Setting Export Options**

You can set options that specify which Simulink systems or Stateflow charts to export to a Web view, including:

- Whether to export Simulink systems or Stateflow charts that include (or are children of) the current system or chart. For more information, see "Include Systems" on page 5-4.
- Which masked blocks, if any, to include. For more information, see "Look Under Masks" on page 5-4.

- Whether to follow links to library blocks. For more information, see "Follow Library Links" on page 5-5.
- Whether to follow model reference blocks. For more information, see "Follow Model Reference Blocks" on page 5-5.

**Tip** This section describes how to specify Web view export options using the Web Views dialog box. For information about how to specify these options using the command line, see the slwebview function reference page.

#### **Include Systems**

Specifies which Simulink systems or Stateflow charts to export.

Include Systems Option Value	Meaning
Current	Export only the Simulink system that is open in the model window or the Stateflow chart that is open in the diagram editor
Current and above	Export the current Simulink system or Stateflow chart and all systems or charts that contain it
Current and below	Export the current Simulink system or Stateflow chart and all subsystems or subcharts that it contains
All (Default)	Export all Simulink systems or Stateflow charts in the model

#### Look Under Masks

This option is available only when you choose Current and below or All for **Include Systems**. It specifies which masked blocks, if any, to export from Simulink subsystems or Stateflow subcharts.

Look Under Masks Option Value	Meaning
No masked blocks	Do not export any masked blocks
Masks with no workspace and no dialog (Default)	Export only graphical masked blocks—those that have no workspaces and no dialog boxes
Masks with no dialog	Export only functional masked blocks—those that have no dialog boxes
All masked blocks	Export all masked blocks

### **Follow Library Links**

Specifies whether to follow links into library blocks.

Follow Library Links Option Value	Meaning
Selected	Follow links into library blocks
Unselected (Default)	Do not follow links into library blocks

### **Follow Model Reference Blocks**

Specifies whether to follow links into referenced models.

Follow model reference blocks Option Value	Meaning
true	Follow links into referenced models
false (Default)	Do not follow links into referenced models

## **Generating and Reviewing Web Views**

The Web view export process exports the system or chart that is visible at the time you click **Export Model**. If you change the visible system or chart while the Report Explorer Web view export pane is visible, the Report Explorer

pane does not automatically change to show information about the newly visible system. To update the Report Explorer pane, click **Refresh**.

The Web view export dialog box or the Report Explorer displays a list of layers—that is, Simulink systems or Stateflow charts—to export. The list of layers depends on the export options you specify, as described in "Setting Export Options" on page 5-3.

To generate a Web view of all layers in the model, click **OK** in the Web View dialog box, or click **Export Model** in the Report Explorer pane. This action generates two sets of files in the current MATLAB folder:

- An HTML file to appear in a Web browser.
- A folder with the same name as the HTML file. This folder contains supporting files, such as svg and png files.

To send the Web view to another computer, include both the HTML file and the folder of supporting files. Package these items into a zip file for transfer.

When you generate a Web view, it appears in a Web browser by default. You can suppress the display by setting the 'ViewFile' option to false.

# **Navigating Web Views**

#### In this section ...

"Displaying Web Views" on page 5-7 "Viewing the Current Layer" on page 5-7 "Viewing Other Layers" on page 5-8

"Viewing All Layers" on page 5-9

# **Displaying Web Views**

To display Web views, you need a Web browser with support for Scalable Vector Graphics (SVG), implemented natively or through a plug-in. For detailed information on software requirements and limitations for using Web views, see the *Simulink Report Generator Release Notes*.

A Web view display consists of:

- A graphical display of the current layer (Simulink system or Stateflow chart)
- A hierarchical treeview browser for easy navigation through layers
- Four navigation buttons at top left
- Menu of navigation commands, which appears when you move the mouse over the leftmost button
- Shortcut menu, which appears in some browsers when you right-click the current layer

## **Viewing the Current Layer**

Display an example Web view of the Simulink Automatic Climate Control System demo model by typing the following commands at the MATLAB command prompt:

```
sldemo_auto_climatecontrol;
slwebview(gcs)
```

As you move the mouse over the current layer, parameter names and values appear for each system, chart, block, and line. Use the mouse, menu commands, keyboard accelerators, and the arrow keys on your keyboard to pan and zoom within the current layer.

Action	Navigation Menu Command	Shortcut Menu Command	Keyboard Accelerator
Zoom in	Zoom in	Zoom in	<u>R</u>
Zoom out	Zoom out	Zoom out	<u>V</u>
Zoom to normal size (100%)	Zoom to 100%	None	<u>1</u>
Zoom to largest size that fits in browser window	Zoom to full screen	Zoom to full screen	<u>F</u>
Pan up	Pan up		E
Pan down	Pan down		<u>C</u>
Pan left	Pan left		D
Pan right	Pan right		<u>G</u>
Pan with mouse (drag layer while in panning mode)	Pan with mouse (click to toggle panning mode)	Pan with mouse (click to toggle panning mode)	<b><u>P</u>,Q</b> , or <b>SPACEBAR</b> (press to enter panning mode; release to exit panning mode)

**Note** The shortcut menu command **Find text** searches for a text string in the current layer. This command is only available in the Microsoft Internet Explorer Web browser.

## **Viewing Other Layers**

Click a particular layer's subsystem or subchart to make it the current layer. The current layer is also selected in the treeview browser, and its subsystems or subcharts appear in the treeview browser hierarchically. If blocks in your current layer are linked to libraries, the Web view shows to which libraries they belong.

**Note** If your current layer has no subsystems or subcharts, it does not appear in the treeview browser.

As you move the mouse over an exported subsystem or subchart, it is highlighted or the cursor changes, depending on which Web browser you are using. You also see the following visual cues that enable you to assess your location in the model quickly:

- The subsystem or subchart's corresponding icon in the treeview browser is also highlighted, showing to where in the hierarchy you have navigated.
- The names of the subsystem or subchart's parent systems are grayed out and italicized in the treeview browser.

Action	Navigation Button
View the previous layer in the view history	View previous
View the top-level layer	View home
View all layers in one window	View all layers

You can use the navigation buttons at the top left to view other layers.

# **Viewing All Layers**

Click the **View all layers** navigation button to view all layers in one window. The layers appear in the Web browser as thumbnail images. You can click a given layer to view details about it. Clicking the **View all layers** button again returns to the previous view. **Tip** You can also view all layers by selecting the **Show all layers** command on the navigation and shortcut menus, and by using the  $\underline{X}$  keyboard accelerator.

# **Tutorial: Creating Web Views of Simulink Models**

#### In this section...

"About This Tutorial" on page 5-11 "Specifying Web View Export Options" on page 5-11 "Exporting Models" on page 5-13 "Navigating Web Views" on page 5-15

# **About This Tutorial**

This tutorial takes you through the steps required to export a Simulink model to a Web view. If you have a detailed model of your own, you can use it for this example. Otherwise, use the example provided in this section.

There are several ways to create a Simulink model Web view. This tutorial creates a Web view from the Simulink model window using the sldemo\_auto\_climatecontrol model, which is provided with the Simulink software. This model simulates the working of an automatic climate control system in a car.

You do not need to know the Simulink product to follow this tutorial.

## **Specifying Web View Export Options**

Before creating the Web view, specify export options:

- **1** Start a MATLAB software session.
- **2** At the command prompt, enter sldemo\_auto\_climatecontrol to open the Simulink model.
- 3 Click File > Export Simulink to Web.

A Web view window that includes data about the current model appears.

Include systems: All			
Look under masks: Masks with no workspace and no dialog			
Follow library links	Follow model reference blocks		
xported Layers			
Name	Path		
sldemo_auto_climatecontrol	sldemo_auto_climatecontrol		
AC Control	sldemo_auto_climatecontrol		
Heater Control	sldemo_auto_climatecontrol		
Interior Dynamics	sldemo_auto_climatecontrol		
Subsystem	sldemo_auto_climatecontrol		
Subsystem1	sldemo_auto_climatecontrol		
Temperature Control Chart	sldemo_auto_climatecontrol/Temperature Control C		
in_temp_range	sldemo_auto_climatecontrol/Temperature Control C		
setpoint_calc	sldemo_auto_climatecontrol/Temperature Control C		

- **4** In the **Include systems** selection list, select All to export all systems in this model.
- **5** In the **Look under masks** selection list, select Masks with no workspace and no dialog to export only graphically masked blocks.
- **6** Leave the **Follow library links** and **Follow model reference blocks** check boxes cleared.

**Exported Layers** appears in the lower part of the Web View window. This area lists the names of the systems to export to the Web view, along with their Simulink paths. Because you selected All in the **Include systems** selection list, all layers in the sldemo\_auto\_climatecontrol model appear.

# **Exporting Models**

Export the model to a Web view:

1 Click OK in the Web View window.

A browser window opens.

🚰 Simulink Web View - Microsoft Internet Explorer provided by The Mathworks, Inc.
🛛 File Edit View Favorites Tools Help 🥂 🥂
🛛 🕞 Back 🔻 🕥 🖌 😰 🏠 🔎 Search 🤺 Favorites 🤣 🍙 - چ 📨 🗕 👋
Address 🖉 C:\WINNT\sldemo_auto_climatecontrol_slwebvie 🔽 🄂 Go 🛛 Links 🎽 🖉 SnagIt 📷 🗍 😨 🗸
To help protect your security, Internet Explorer has restricted this file from showing active content that could access your computer. Click here for options
SVG Renderer Required: Your browser does not support Scalable Vector Graphics. Install the
free <u>Adobe SVG Viewer</u> plugin or a <u>SVG-compatible web browser</u> to view this Simulink model.
V V Computer

**Note** Scalable Vector Graphics (SVG) is required for Web views. The screen shots in this tutorial use Microsoft Internet Explorer Web browser with the SVG plug-in installed. Mozilla<sup>®</sup> Firefox<sup>®</sup> has native support for SVG. For details on SVG, see "Browser Requirements for Web Views" on page 1-14.

2 Hover over the error message at the top of the screen.

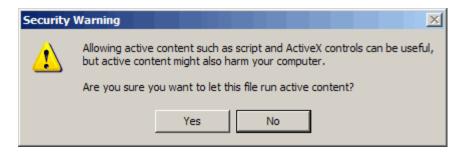
The error message background changes color.

**3** Left-click the error message. A context menu appears.

🖉 Simulink Web View - Microsoft Internet Explorer provided by The Mathworks, Inc.	l ×
File Edit View Favorites Tools Help	7
🛛 🕞 Back 🔻 🕥 🖌 😰 🚮 🔎 Search   Favorites 🚱 😒 + چ 🔟 🔹 📒	»
Address 🛃 NT\sldemo_auto_climatecontrol_slwebview.html 🔽 💽 Go 🛛 Links 🎽 🌀 SnagIt 🖻 🗍 🧙	•
To help protect your security, Internet Explorer has restricted this file from showing active content that could access your computer. Click here for options	×
v∂ Allow Blocked Content What's the Risk?	
SVG Renderer Required: Your browser do Information Bar Help ctor Graphics. Install the	
free <u>Adobe SVG Viewer</u> plugin or a <u>SVG-compatible web browser</u> to view this Simulink model.	
	-
📢 🛛 🔤 😡 Computer	_//

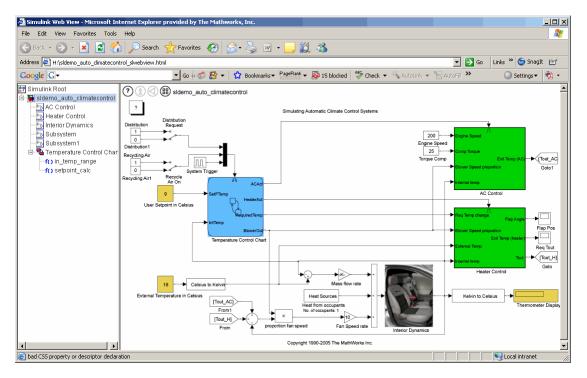
4 Select Allow Blocked Content from the context menu.

The following security warning appears.



#### 5 Click Yes.

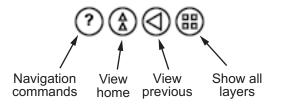
The Web view of the model appears in the browser window.



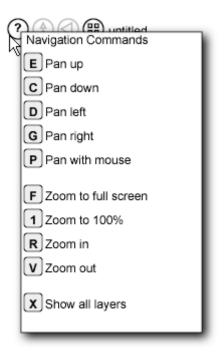
## **Navigating Web Views**

You can navigate Web views in ways similar to how you navigate models in the Simulink GUI. The following steps help you experiment with the types of navigation that are available.

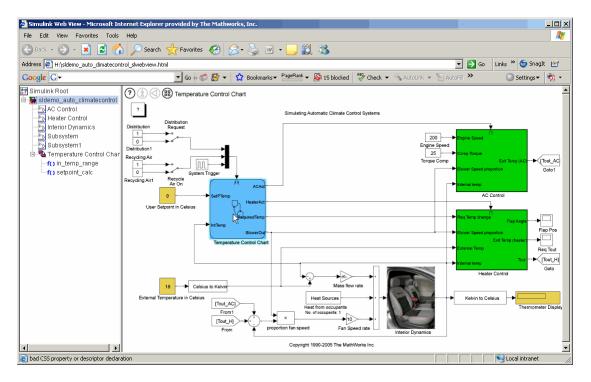
**1** Notice the four navigation icons in the upper-left corner of the browser window.



**2** Hover over the Navigation Commands icon **(2)** to see a list of keyboard shortcuts that allow you to move around the current window.



- **3** Press some of the keyboard keys listed here to see how the model in the Web view reacts.
- 4 Hover over the Temperature Control Chart diagram.



The name next to the navigation icons becomes  ${\tt Temperature\ Control}$  Chart.

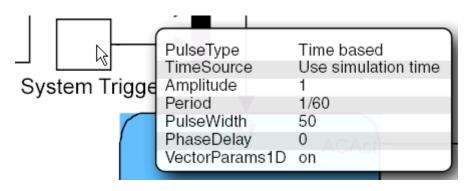


5 Hover over the System Trigger block.

The name next to the navigation icons changes to System Trigger.



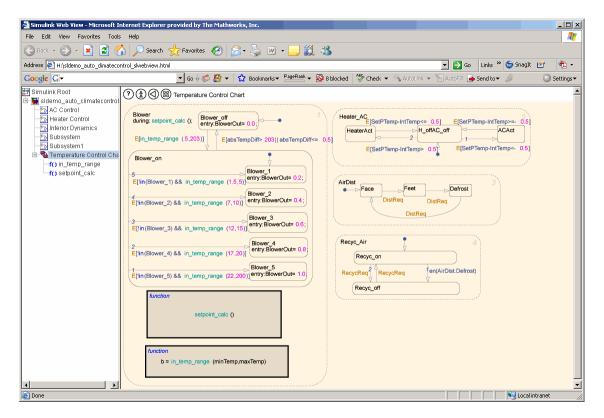
In addition, the block parameter values for the System Trigger block appear.



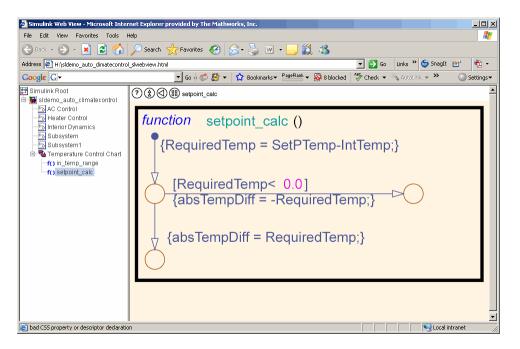
- **6** Hover over other blocks and subsystems in the model and observe the results.
- 7 Click the Temperature Control Chart.

The details of this Stateflow chart appear, and the middle two navigation icons are now enabled:

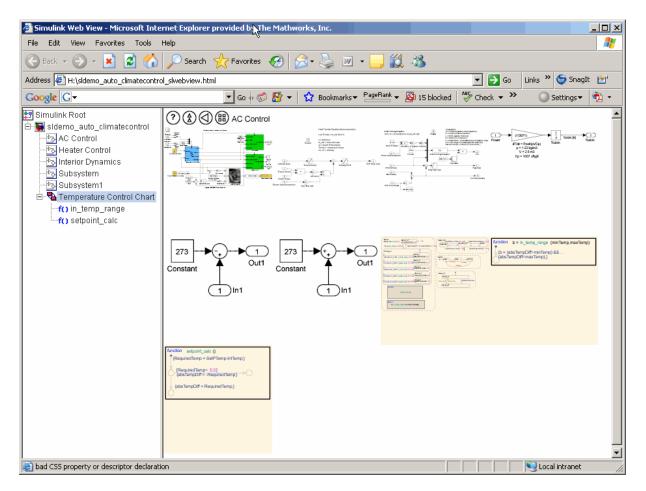
- The View Home icon takes you up to the top level of the model.
- The View Previous icon takes you up one level in the model.



8 Click the setpoint\_calc box in the Stateflow chart to see the details of that block.



- **9** Click the **View home** icon to return to the model's top layer.
- 10 Click the Show all layers icon. An overall view of the model appears.



This high-level view of the model shows all layers of the model. In this figure, the arrow is hovering over the AC Control layer.

Try opening other Simulink models and exporting them to Web views, and experiment with the results.

# Troubleshooting

# **Addressing Web View Display Issues**

Exporting a Simulink model to a Web view may produce the following error:

[Thu Aug 23 15:20:04 2007] [alert] [client 127.0.0.1] /webserver/mydir/simulink\_model\_slwebview\_files/.htaccess: IndexIgnore not allowed here

This results in your Web browser failing to display the Web view.

This issue occurs because of settings specified in the .htaccess file in your Web browser's root folder. This file contains the Apache Web Server settings for your Web server host. To fix this problem, delete this file or remove the IndexIgnore \* line from it.

# Working with Components

- "About Components" on page 6-2
- "Working with Looping Components" on page 6-3
- "Working with Property Table Components" on page 6-9
- "Working with Summary Table Components" on page 6-21

# **About Components**

Components are self-contained, modular MATLAB objects that control the report-generation process and insert elements, such as tables, lists, and figures, into a report template. You use components to customize the appearance and output of reports.

The following sections provide examples of how to use different types of components.

# **Working with Looping Components**

#### In this section ...

"About Looping Components" on page 6-3

"Editing the Figure Loop Tutorial Report Template" on page 6-3

"Displaying Figures" on page 6-4

"Editing Figure Loop Components" on page 6-4

# **About Looping Components**

A *looping component* runs its child components a specified number of times. There are several looping components, including logical loops and Handle Graphics loops.

A *looping component* runs its child components a specified number of times. There are several looping components, including logical loops, Handle Graphics loops, and model and chart loops. For model and chart loops, you can control aspects such as the order in which the report sorts blocks.

The following example uses the Figure Loop, which is representative of many types of loops. The Figure Loop component runs its child components several times. In each iteration, it applies its child components to Handle Graphics figures. The figloop-tutorial report template, included with the MATLAB Report Generator software, creates a report that documents multiple Handle Graphics figures.

For background information, see "Understanding Handle Graphics Objects" in the MATLAB documentation.

## Editing the Figure Loop Tutorial Report Template

To edit the figure loop tutorial report template, at the MATLAB command prompt, enter the following command:

```
setedit figloop-tutorial
```

# **Displaying Figures**

To display the Handle Graphics figures, enter the following at the MATLAB command line:

figloopfigures

The figures Membrane Data, An Application, and Peaks Data appear on the screen because their visible property is 'on'. The Invisible Membrane Data and An Invisible Application figures do not appear on screen because their visible property is 'off'. These invisible figures exist, but they are hidden.

"Figure Properties" on page 6-5 describes the properties of figures used in this tutorial.

## **Editing Figure Loop Components**

Select the Figure Loop component called Figure Loop Section 1 from the Outline pane on the left. The Properties pane for the Figure Loop component appears.



Figure Loop		
Figure Selection		
Include figures: All figures with tags:		•
app membrane		
☑ Match with regular expressions		
Loop Figure List		
Membrane Data		
Invisible Membrane Data An Application		
An Invisible Application		
- Section Options		
✓ Create section for each object in loop		
Display the object type in the section title		
Create link anchor for each object in loop		
	Revert	Help

#### **Figure Properties**

You can control what figures get displayed in the report, based on the properties of each figure.

Table 1.1 of the figloop-tutorial report includes a summary of the properties of the figures used in this tutorial.

Name	Tag	Visible	HandleVisibility
Membrane Data	membrane	on	on
Invisible Membrane Data	membrane	off	on
An Application	арр	on	off
An Invisible Application	арр	off	off
Peaks Data	peaks	on	on

Table 1.1. Figure Properties

For this tutorial, you will not change these properties. For background information, see "Setting and Querying Property Values" in the MATLAB documentation.

#### Looping on the Current Figure

To include only the current figure in the report, select Current figure only from the **Include figures** selection list. In this case, "current figure" refers to the figure that is current when the report generates. This may not be the same figure you selected as the current figure in the Report Explorer before report generation. For example, if the report generation process creates figures in your report, the last figure created with HandleVisibility set to 'on' is the current figure.

#### **Looping on Visible Figures**

To include snapshots of all visible figures in your report, select Visible figures in the **Include figures** selection list. This option inserts a snapshot and Property Table for all figures that are currently open and visible.

- 1 Select the **Data figures only (Exclude applications)** option to exclude figures from the loop whose HandleVisibility parameter is 'off'.
- **2** Click the **Report** button in the Report Explorer toolbar to generate the report.

In the generated report, scroll down to "Chapter 2 Figures in Report." The Membrane Data and Peaks Data figures appear in the generated report.

#### Looping on Figures with Tags

To include figures with specified tags in the report:

- 1 Select the All figures with tags option in the Include figures selection list.
- 2 In the list of tags, delete membrane.
- **3** Click **Report** to generate the report.

The An Application and An Invisible Application figures appear in the report. They both have an app tag.

### **Modifying Section Options**

In a loop, a *section* refers to a space in the generated report in which information, including text, images, and tables, appears. You can alter the appearance of sections in each loop appear in the report by using the options in the Figure Loop component's **Section Options** pane.

**Create Section for Each Object in Loop.** With this option selected, the loop automatically creates an individual section for each object found in the loop. It uses the object title as the section title. This option is useful when a loop does not contain a Chapter/Subsection component that organizes the loop results.

**Display the Object Type in the Section Title.** Enable this option by selecting **Create section for each object in loop**. The generated report precedes section titles with object titles.

- 1 Enter membrane back in the list of tags.
- 2 Generate the figloop-tutorial report.

The figures produced by the loop are:

Membrane Data Invisible Membrane Data An Application An Invisible Application

- 3 Enable the Display the Object Type in the Section Title option.
- **4** Generate the figloop-tutorial report.

The figures produced are now:

Figure - Membrane Data Figure - Invisible Membrane Data Figure - An Application Figure - An Invisible Application

The figures produced are now:

Figure - Membrane Data Figure - Invisible Membrane Data Figure - An Application Figure - An Invisible Application

**Create a Link Anchor for Each Object in Loop.** Selecting this option creates a hyperlink to the object in the generated report.

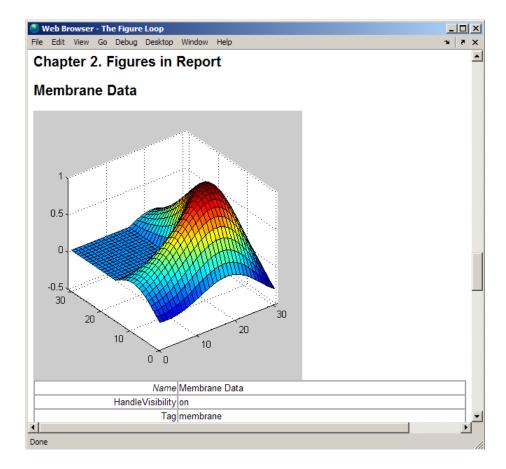
# **Working with Property Table Components**

## In this section...

"About Property Table Components" on page 6-9
"Opening the Example Report Template" on page 6-11
"Examining the Property Table Output" on page 6-11
"Selecting Object Types" on page 6-12
"Displaying Property Name/Property Value Pairs" on page 6-12
"Editing Table Titles" on page 6-15
"Entering Text into Table Cells" on page 6-15
"Adding, Replacing, and Deleting Properties in Tables" on page 6-16
"Displaying or Hiding Cell Borders" on page 6-17
"Adding and Deleting Columns and Rows" on page 6-18
"Resizing Columns" on page 6-18
"Merging and Splitting Cells" on page 6-18
"Zooming and Scrolling" on page 6-19
"Selecting Tables" on page 6-19

# **About Property Table Components**

Property Table components display property name/property value pairs for objects in tables. This appears in the following example table from the figloop-tutorial report.



Many types of Property Table components are available, including:

- MATLAB Property Table
- Simulink Property Table
- Stateflow Property Table

The component used in this example represents MATLAB Report Generator Property Table components, all of which exhibit similar behavior.

## **Opening the Example Report Template**

This example uses the figloop-tutorial report template. To open the figure loop tutorial report template, enter the following at the MATLAB command line:

```
setedit figloop-tutorial
```

## **Examining the Property Table Output**

Property pages for all Property Table components are similar in form. In the Outline pane, select the Figure Prop Table component. To modify table settings, in the Handle Graphics Property Table dialog box, click the **Edit...** button.

Table         Preset table:       Select Table       Apply       Split property/value cells         Edit       Image: Display outer border         Table Cells       Cell Properties <no title="">       %<name>         %<handlevisibility>       %<name>         %<tag>       Show as:       PROPERTY Value         %<visible>       Image: Center       Image: Center         Image: Center       Image: Center       Image: Center         % Image: Center       Image: Center       Image: Center         %<itag>       Image: Center       Image: Center         %<itag>       Image: Center       Image: Center         Image: Center       Image: Center</itag></itag></visible></tag></name></handlevisibility></name></no>	Handle Graphics Property Table Select Graphics Object Figure Filter by dass:	
<no title="">     Contents: %<name>       %<name>     Show as: PROPERTY Value       %<tag>     Alignment: Center       %<lower border<="" td=""></lower></tag></name></name></no>	Preset table: Select Table	
	<no title=""> %<name> %<handlevisibility> %<tag></tag></handlevisibility></name></no>	Contents: % <name> Show as: PROPERTY Value Alignment: Center Conter Cover border</name>

# **Selecting Object Types**

Property Table components offer multiple object types on which to report. For example, the Handle Graphics Property table lets you report on a figure, an axes object, or a Handle Graphics object.

You can select a different object type on which to report in the **Object type** list in the component's Properties pane.

# **Displaying Property Name/Property Value Pairs**

#### **Splitting Property/Value Cells**

- **1** In the Properties pane for the Handle Graphics Property Table component, clear the **Split property/value cells** check box.
- **2** Click **Edit**. The table is now in *nonsplit mode*. Nonsplit mode supports more than one property name/property value pair per cell and text.

🙏 Figure Prop Table - <ne< th=""><th>) title&gt;</th><th></th><th></th></ne<>	) title>		
Select a preset table	Apply Split property/value cells		
			Main Properties 💌
	<empty></empty>		FileName
Name	nValue		Name Tag
HandleVisibility	hvValue		
Тад	tValue		
Visible	vValue		
		•	
+ - 4			<< Add
<sup>u</sup> , m ™ <sup>a</sup> t ∃×		RTY Va	lue 💌

**3** For the property name and property value to appear in adjacent horizontal cells in the table, select the **Split property/value cells** check box. The table is now in *split mode*. Split mode supports only one property name/property value pair per cell. If more than one property pair appears in a cell, only the first pair appears in the report; all subsequent pairs are ignored.

📣 Figure Prop Table - <no< th=""><th>) title&gt;</th><th></th></no<>	) title>	
Select a preset table	Apply Split property/value cells	
		Main Properties
	<empty></empty>	Children FileName Name
Name	nValue	Tag
HandleVisibility	hvValue	
Тад	tValue	
Visible	vValue	
		<b>T</b>
+ - 1		< Add
<sup>u</sup> m m <sup>a</sup> t ∃ <sup>×</sup>	□.	Value 💌

#### **Display Options**

Property name/property value pairs can appear in cells in several ways. To specify how a given property name/property value pair appears in a cell, select that field in the table (for this tutorial, select the Name property). Choose Value from the display options drop-down list at the bottom of the dialog box. In the selected table row, only the value appears.

🙏 Figure Prop Table - <no th="" tit<=""><th>le&gt;</th><th></th><th></th></no>	le>		
Select a preset table	Apply Split property/value cells		
		l	Main Properties
_	<empty></empty>		FileName Name Tag
I	nValue		
HandleVisibility	hvValue		
Tag	tValue		
Visible	vValue		
		-	T
+ - 4			<< Add
ÿ <sub>m</sub> m ⇒t ∃×		]	

#### **Formatting Options**

To specify alignment for text in a given cell, use the four justification buttons in the toolbar at the bottom of the dialog box.

Select the HandleVisibility table row. Then select the double-justify button (the last button to the right).

4	Figure Prop Table - <no th="" ti<=""><th>le&gt;</th><th></th><th></th><th>. 🗆 ×</th></no>	le>			. 🗆 ×
	Select a preset table	Apply Split property/value cells			
Γ				Main Properties	<b>*</b>
		<empty></empty>		Children FileName	<b>_</b>
		nValue		Name Tag	
	HandleVisibility	hWalue			
	Tag	tValue -			
	Visible	Walue			
					<b>T</b>
				< Add	
	+ - 4		<u> </u>	- Aud	
		Image:	<b>*</b>		

## **Editing Table Titles**

Table titles can contain properties and text. By default, the title of a table is the same as the value of the %<Name> property. You can modify this property to modify the table title.

**Note** Table titles are always in nonsplit mode.

## **Entering Text into Table Cells**

For the text to be visible, the table must be in nonsplit mode. Clear **Split property/value cells**.

To enter text into the HandleVisibility table cell, double-click the cell. A gray box appears with the label for the cell property.

📣 Figure Prop Table - <no title=""></no>		
Select a preset table Apply Split property/value cells		
		Main Properties 💌
<empty></empty>		Children  FileName
nValue		Name Tag
% <handlevisibility>test text</handlevisibility>		
Tag tValue		
Visible Walue		
		<b>_</b>
	◄	< Add
Image: Market	<b>~</b>	

If you type text outside the angle brackets, the text appears as is in the report. Text inside the table brackets must specify a valid property name. If you enter an invalid property name, the property name appears in the report without a property value.

# Adding, Replacing, and Deleting Properties in Tables

#### **Adding Table Properties**

To add a Handle Graphics property to a table:

- 1 In the Figure Prop Table window, select a table row above which you want add a new property.
- 2 Click the Add Row Above Current Cell

A new row appears above the current row.

- **3** Add the property to the new table row.
  - **a** Select the new table row.
  - **b** In the Properties Type drop-down list at the upper-right of the dialog box, select a property type.
  - c In the Properties list, select the property you want to add.
  - **d** Click the **<< Add** button, or double-click the property name. The property appears in the table row.

Alternatively, if you know the name of the property you want to add, enter the property name directly into the cell as described in "Entering Text into Table Cells" on page 6-15. For information about adding new table rows, see "Adding and Deleting Columns and Rows" on page 6-18.

#### **Replacing Table Properties**

To replace a property in a cell of a table in split mode, follow the instructions in "Adding Table Properties" on page 6-16.

**Note** You cannot use these steps to delete a property in a cell when the table is in nonsplit mode.

#### **Deleting Table Properties**

Delete a property by backspacing over it or using the **Delete** key.

## **Displaying or Hiding Cell Borders**

To toggle cell borders on and off:

- 1 Place your cursor in a cell and right-click to invoke its context menu.
- 2 Choose Cell borders > Top, Bottom, Right, or Left to toggle the specified border on or off.

# Adding and Deleting Columns and Rows

To add or delete a column or row, select a cell and then click one of the buttons described in the following table.

**Note** You cannot delete a row or column when it is the only row or column in the table.

Button	Action
u +m	Add column (added to the left of the selected column)
Čm	Delete selected column
₽ġ	Add row (added above the selected row)
<b>∃</b> ×	Delete selected row

## **Resizing Columns**

To resize the width of a column, click and drag its vertical borders as needed.

# **Merging and Splitting Cells**

To merge or split table cells, select a row and then click one of the buttons described in the following table.

Button	Action
∎i	Merge cells downward
	Merge cells to the right
	Split cells

# **Zooming and Scrolling**

#### Zooming

You can zoom in and out of the table with the zoom buttons, which are located to the left of the horizontal scroll bar.

Button	Action
+	Zoom in
	Zoom out

## Scrolling

You can scroll vertically and horizontally using the table's scroll bars.

# **Selecting Tables**

To display property name/property value pairs, you can select a preset table or use a custom table.

• A preset table is built-in and formatted. You can select a preset table in the preset table selection list in the upper-left of the Figure Prop Table window. To apply a preset table, select the table and click **Apply**.

• To create a custom table, select a preset table and modify it to fit your needs by adding and/or deleting rows and properties. You may want to start with the **Blank 4x4** preset table.

**Note** You cannot save a custom table as a preset table. If you do so, you lose all changes to the custom table.

# **Working with Summary Table Components**

#### In this section ...

"About Summary Table Components" on page 6-21 "Opening the Example Report Template" on page 6-23 "Selecting Object Types" on page 6-23 "Adding and Removing Properties" on page 6-23 "Setting Relative Column Widths" on page 6-24 "Setting Object Row Options" on page 6-24

# **About Summary Table Components**

Summary Table components insert tables that include specified properties for objects into generated reports. Tables contain one object per row, with each object property appearing in a column, as shown in the following Summary Table in the figloop-tutorial report.

Name	Tag	Visible	HandleVisibility
Membrane Data	membrane	on	on
Invisible_ Membrane_ Data_	membrane	off	on
<u>An</u> Application	app	on	off
An_ Invisible_ Application	app	off	off
Peaks Data	peaks	on	on

Many types of Summary Table components are available, including:

- Handle Graphics Summary Table
- Simulink Summary Table
- Stateflow Summary Table

The component used in this example represents MATLAB Report Generator Summary Table components, all of which exhibit similar behavior

## **Opening the Example Report Template**

This example uses the figloop-tutorial report template. To open the figure loop tutorial report template, enter the following at the MATLAB command line:

```
setedit figloop-tutorial
```

# **Selecting Object Types**

You can use the **Object type** selection list to choose Handle Graphics object types for the Summary Table, including blocks, signals, systems, and models. The figloop-tutorial reports on figure objects.

# **Adding and Removing Properties**

You can select object properties to appear in the Summary Table from the **Property Columns** pane. To add a property to the summary table, select the property category from the property category drop-down box to the right of the **Property columns** table. Each property category has its own list of properties, which appear in the field under the box. The following figure shows Main Properties as the selected category.

Propertv Nar	Width	Header	Main Properties
Tag	1	<auto></auto>	Children
Name	3	<auto></auto>	FileName
Visible	1	<auto></auto>	Name
HandleVisibility	1	<auto></auto>	Tag

To add a property:

- 1 Select the category from the property category drop-down box.
- 2 Select a property in the properties list.
- **3** Click the Add property **Set** button.

The property appears in the **Property columns** table.

To remove a property from the table:

1 Select the property in the **Property columns** table.

**2** Click the Delete property

y 🚺 button.

The property name is removed from the **Property columns** table.

**Note** After making changes in the Report Explorer interface, click **Apply** to make the changes take effect.

You can define your own properties by entering their names into the **Property columns** table using valid variable notation. For more information, see "% Notation" on the Text component reference page in the MATLAB Report Generator documentation.

## **Setting Relative Column Widths**

To apply a relative column width to the Summary Table columns in the generated report, double-click on the Width column of a row in the **Property columns** table . If you do not specify a value for this field, column widths automatically set.

## **Setting Object Row Options**

You can use the **Object Rows** pane to set options for table rows, including anchor, filtering, and sorting options. Select **Insert anchor for each row** to place an anchor in each table row in the report. Use the **Include figures** list to specify what objects to include in the Summary Table. Summary Table components in figloop-tutorial report on figure objects. For more information on options for these figure objects, see the following sections:

- "Looping on the Current Figure" on page 6-6
- "Looping on Visible Figures" on page 6-6
- "Looping on Figures with Tags" on page 6-6



# Comparing XML Files Exported from Simulink Models

- "How to Compare XML Files Exported from Simulink Models" on page 7-2
- "Using the XML Comparison Report" on page 7-9
- "Comparing XML Exported From Models Managed With Subversion" on page 7-21
- "Known Limitations and Workarounds" on page 7-27

# How to Compare XML Files Exported from Simulink Models

"Introduction" on page 7-2 "Overview of XML Comparison" on page 7-3 "Selecting Files to Compare" on page 7-4 "Choosing a Comparison Type" on page 7-6 "Comparing XML Files from Models with Identical Names" on page 7-6 "Demos of XML Comparison" on page 7-7 "See Also" on page 7-8

## Introduction

You can use Simulink Report Generator software to compare XML text files exported from Simulink models.

You can select a pair of Simulink models to compare their XML files. The XML comparison tool first exports the models to XML, using the 'ExportToXML' option of the Simulink save\_system function. The XML comparison tool compares the resulting XML files and processes the results into a report. You can use the report to explore the differences and view the changes highlighted in the original models.

You can access the XML comparison tool from:

- The MATLAB Current Folder browser context menu
- The MATLAB Comparison Tool
- The MATLAB command line.
- The Simulink Model Editor Tools menu

The XML comparison tool compares the XML files using the "Chawathe" algorithm, as described in the paper:

Change Detection in Hierarchically Structured Information, Sudarshan Chawathe, Anand Rajaraman, and Jennifer Widom; SIGMOD Conference, Montreal, Canada, June 1996, pp. 493-504.

This conference paper is based upon work published in 1995: see http://dbpubs.stanford.edu:8090/pub/1995-45.

The Simulink Report Generator XML comparison functionality is an extension of the MATLAB Report Generator XML comparison feature. See "Comparing XML Files" in the MATLAB Report Generator documentation.

## **Overview of XML Comparison**

You can display XML comparison reports in the Comparison Tool. For more information about the Comparison Tool, see "Comparing Files and Folders" in the MATLAB Desktop Tools and Development Environment documentation.

The comparison tool processes the output of the XML comparison into an interactive report with links that you can click to reverse annotate from the XML tag comparison to the corresponding Simulink models. "Reverse annotation" means when you click items in the report, Simulink Report Generator displays the corresponding items highlighted in the original models.

The XML comparison report shows a hierarchical view of the portions of the two XML files that differ. The report does not show sections of the files that are identical.

If the files are identical you see a message reporting there are no differences.

If files have not been saved, you see an error message informing you that you must save modified or newly created models before running an XML comparison.

**Note** It might not be possible for the analysis to detect matches between previously corresponding sections of files that have diverged too much.

Change detection in the Chawathe analysis is based on a scoring algorithm. Items match if their Chawathe score is above a threshold. The Simulink Report Generator implementation of Chawathe's algorithm uses a comparison pattern that defines the thresholds assigned to particular node types (e.g., "block"). For more information, see "How The Matching Algorithm Works" in the MATLAB Report Generator documentation.

For more information on the display of special cases, see "Understanding the Report" on page 7-15.

## **Selecting Files to Compare**

- "From the Simulink Editor" on page 7-4
- "From the Current Folder Browser" on page 7-5
- "From the Comparison Tool" on page 7-5
- "From the Command Line" on page 7-6

#### From the Simulink Editor

To compare files using the Simulink Editor:

#### 1 Select Tools > Compare Simulink XML Files.

The Compare Simulink XML Files dialog box opens.

- **2** If the Editor currently displays a model, the current model name and path appear automatically selected in the **Left model file** edit box. Use the browse buttons to locate and select files for the left and right model files.
- 3 When you click OK,
  - a The XML comparison tool loads the first model file, exports it to an XML file in tempdir, and closes the model (unless you already had the model open).
  - **b** The XML comparison tool loads the second model file, exports it to an XML file in tempdir, and closes the model (unless you already had the model open).
  - **c** The XML comparison tool performs the Chawathe analysis on the exported XML text files.

**d** The resulting report displays in the Comparison Tool.

See also "Saving Comparison Files in a Zip File" on page 7-19.

#### From the Current Folder Browser

To compare two files from the Current Folder browser:

- For two files in the same folder, select the files, right-click and select **Compare Selected Files/Folders**.
- To compare files in different folders:
  - **1** Select a file, right-click and select **Compare Against**
  - **2** Select the second file to compare in the Select Files or Folders for Comparison dialog box.
  - **3** Leave the default **Comparison type**, Simulink XML text comparison.
  - 4 Click Compare.

If the selected files are XML files, the XML text comparison tool performs a Chawathe analysis and displays a report in the Comparison Tool. If the selected files are .mdl files, the XML comparison tool first exports the .mdl files to XML files, and then performs the Chawathe analysis on the exported XML text files and produces the report.

For more information about comparisons of other file types (e.g., text, MAT, or binary) with the Comparison Tool, see "Comparing Files and Folders" in the MATLAB Desktop Tools and Development Environment documentation.

#### From the Comparison Tool

To compare files using the Comparison Tool, open the tool from the MATLAB **Desktop** menu and select **File > New Comparison**. In the dialog box select files to compare.

If the files you select to compare are XML files or files with the .mdl file extension, the tool performs a Chawathe analysis. In the case of .mdl files, the XML comparison tool first exports the .mdl files to XML files, performs a Chawathe analysis, and then produces a report.

#### From the Command Line

To compare XML files from the command line, enter

```
visdiff(filename1, filename2)
```

where filename1 and filename1 are XML files or Simulink models.

If the files are models, the XML comparison tool performs the comparison on the exported XML files. This XML comparison functionality is an extension to the MATLAB visdiff function.

## **Choosing a Comparison Type**

If you specify two XML or model files to compare using either the Current Folder Browser or the visdiff function, then the Comparison Tool automatically performs the default comparison type. The defaults are XML text comparison for XML files and Simulink XML text comparison for model files.

To change comparison type, either create a new comparison from the Comparison Tool, or use the **Compare Against** option from the Current Folder browser. You can change comparison type in the Select Files or Folders for Comparison dialog box. For example, if you want the MATLAB text differences report for XML or model files, change the comparison type to Text comparison in the dialog before clicking **Compare**.

# Comparing XML Files from Models with Identical Names

You can compare XML text from files of the same name. To complete the operation, the XML comparison tool copies one of the models to a temporary folder, because Simulink cannot have two models of the same name in memory at the same time. The XML comparison tool creates a read-only copy of one model named *modelname\_*TEMPORARY\_COPY, exports XML text files, and compares the exported XML files.

**Warning** When you use reverse annotation from the report, one of the models displayed is a temporary copy with a new name. The temporary copy is read-only, to avoid making changes that can be lost.

Alternatively, you can run the comparison by renaming or copying one of the files.

All *merge* operations merge from left to right, so you cannot accidentally merge to a temporary copy. Merge operations on models with identical names copy changes from the left (temporary copy) model to the right model.

As for all comparisons, temporary comparison files accumulate in tempdir, in subfolders with names starting with mwxml.

If one of the models is open when you try to export it to XML, a dialog box appears where you can click **Yes** to close the file and proceed, or **No** to abort. You must close open models before the XML comparison tool can export two models with the same name to XML. The problem requiring you to close the loaded model is called "shadowed files". In some cases, another model with the same name might be in memory, but not visible. See "Shadowed Files" in the Simulink documentation for more information.

If you want to automatically close open models of the same name when exporting to XML and not see the dialog box again, run these commands:

```
opt = slxmlcomp.options
opt.setCloseSameNameModel(true)
```

This is persistent across MATLAB sessions. To revert to default behavior and be prompted whether or not to close the open model every time, enter:

opt = slxmlcomp.options
opt.setCloseSameNameModel(false)

## **Demos of XML Comparison**

For examples with instructions, see the following demos:

- slxml\_eml\_radar
- slxml\_sfcar
- slxml\_truthtables

## See Also

For explanations on how to use and understand the report and the XML comparison functionality, refer to:

- "Using the XML Comparison Report" on page 7-9
- "Known Limitations and Workarounds" on page 7-27

# **Using the XML Comparison Report**

#### In this section ...

"Navigating the Simulink XML Comparison Report" on page 7-9
"Displaying Items in Original Models" on page 7-12
"Filtering Out Differences" on page 7-14
"Understanding the Report" on page 7-15
"Merging Simulink Models From the Comparison Report" on page 7-16
"Working with Referenced Models and Library Links" on page 7-18
"Saving Comparison Files in a Zip File" on page 7-19
"Exporting Results to the Workspace" on page 7-19

## Navigating the Simulink XML Comparison Report

The XML Comparison report shows changes only, not the entire XML text file contents. The report shows a hierarchical view of the portions of the two XML files that differ. The report does not show sections of the files that are identical.

To *step through differences*, use the toolbar or the **Comparison** menu. To move to the next or previous group of differences, either:

- Click the toolbar buttons Next  $\checkmark$  or Previous  $\uparrow$ .
- Select Comparison > Next or Comparison > Previous. See "Stepping Through Changes" on page 7-11.

You can also click to select items in the hierarchical trees and observe the following display features:

- Selected items appear highlighted in a box.
- If the selected item is part of a matched pair it is highlighted in a box in both left and right trees.

• When you select an item, the original model displays and the corresponding item is highlighted. See "Displaying Items in Original Models" on page 7-12.

Report item highlighting indicates the nature of each difference as follows:

Type of report item	Highlighting	Notes
Modified	Pink	Modified items are matched pairs that differ between the two files. When you select a modified item it is highlighted in a box in both trees. Changed parameters for the selected pair are displayed in a separate Parameters panel for review.
Unmatched	Green	When you select an unmatched item it is highlighted in a box in one tree only.
Container	None	Rows with no highlighting indicate a container item that contains other modified or unmatched items.

Icons indicate the category of item, for example: model, subsystem, Stateflow machine or chart, block, line, parameter, etc.

Use the toolbar buttons or the **Comparison** menu for the following functions:

- **Refresh** Rerun comparison in a new report window. Creates a new report by running the Chawathe analysis again.
- **Swap Sides** Swap sides and rerun comparison in a new report window. Runs the Chawathe analysis again.
- **Vext** and **Previous** Select the next or previous group of differences. See "Stepping Through Changes" on page 7-11.
- **Expand All** Expands every item in the tree.
- Collapse All Collapses all items in the tree to the most compact view possible.

- Printable Report Opens the Export Printable Report dialog box, where you can select a filename and location to save the report. The report is a noninteractive HTML document of the differences detected by the Chawathe algorithm for printing or archiving a record of the comparison.
- **Filter** Opens the Filter Current Comparison dialog box. Select check boxes to enable or disable display of categories of changes in the report. Use the filters to show only the changes you are interested in. By default the report hides all nonfunctional changes, such as repositioning of items. Turn off filters to explore *all* differences including nonfunctional changes. See "Filtering Out Differences" on page 7-14.
- **Highlight** Enable or disable highlighting of items in original models. See "Displaying Items in Original Models" on page 7-12.
- **Merge Node** Merge the selected node from the left side of the report to the right. See "Merging Simulink Models From the Comparison Report" on page 7-16.
- Undo Merge Operations Revert all merge operations (also in the Edit menu).
- **Export to Workspace** Export XML comparison results to workspace (also in the **File** menu). See "Exporting Results to the Workspace" on page 7-19.

For examples with instructions, see also "Demos of XML Comparison" on page 7-7 .

#### **Stepping Through Changes**

If you click **Next** repeatedly, you can step through every group of changes in the report, in the following order:

**1** First you step through each group of changes in the left tree. When selected items have a match in the right tree then they are also highlighted.

- 2 When you reach the last item in the left tree, then **Next** steps through the remaining *unmatched* items in the right tree.
- **3** When you have stepped through all changes, **Next** returns to the beginning of the left tree.

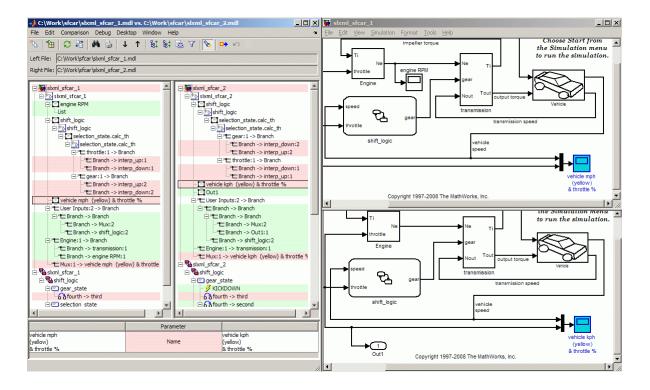
If you click an item in the report, the **Next/Previous** controls will step through changes from the point you selected.

## **Displaying Items in Original Models**

When you compare the XML text files exported from Simulink models, you can choose to display the corresponding items in the original models when you select report items. You can use this *reverse annotation* function to explore the changes in the original models. When you select an item, the report invokes reverse annotation to the original model and highlights the corresponding item in the model.

Click a report entry to view the highlighted item (or its parent) in the model:

- If the item occurs in both models, they both appear with highlighting.
- If there is no match for the item, the unmatched report item row is green. It is considered unique and appears highlighted by itself. An appropriate system in the other model also displays to show the context of the missing item.
- If the XML comparison tool cannot highlight an item directly (e.g., configuration parameters), then it highlights the nearest ancestor of the selected node.
- If you change a block parameter value from the default, you only see the new parameter in the report. Use reverse annotation to view both blocks.
- To maximize screen space the models display with the status bar, menu bar, and model browser turned off.



#### **Controlling Reverse Annotation**

You can toggle reverse annotation on and off by clicking the **Highlight** toolbar button in the Comparison Tool.

By default, models display to the right of the comparison report, with the model corresponding to the left side of the report on top, and the right below. If you move or resize the models your position settings are respected by subsequent reverse annotation operations within the same session. The tool remembers your window positions.

If you want to preserve window positions across sessions, position the window, and then enter:

slxmlcomp.storeWindowPositions

This preserves the placement of any Simulink windows, Stateflow windows, and truth table windows.

To stop storing window positions and return to the defaults, enter:

slxmlcomp.clearWindowPositions

## **Filtering Out Differences**

You can use the **Filter** button or **Comparison** menu item to control display of categories of changes. Turn off filtering to view *all* identified changes. Categories for filtering include:

- Nonfunctional changes. The report processing identifies certain items in the XML file as nonfunctional, for example, tags representing parameters such as block, system, chart or label positions, font and color settings for blocks and lines, and system print and display settings. The report processing tries to identify "consequential" changes as nonfunctional (that is, changes as a consequence of another change). For example, if a block name changes from block\_A to block\_B, a line emerging from that block has a change in its source block parameter. This change in the line parameters is considered nonfunctional. Lines are highly functional, but line changes can be very noisy because of changes in blocks they connect to.
- Line changes. Hide all changes to lines including functional changes.
- **Changes in block parameter defaults**. Hiding changes in defaults can avoid duplication in the report, as any changes in blocks are also reported as functional changes where you can use reverse annotation.
- **Changes in the graphical interface**. This information is a summary of inports and outports at the top level of the model. Filter graphical interface changes to avoid duplication in the report, as any changes in root ports are also reported as functional changes where you can use reverse annotation.

#### Exceptions

The report does *not* filter out changes to Block and System names, annotations, and Stateflow Notes as nonfunctional, even though changes to these items do not affect the outcome of simulation. The report always displays these changes to facilitate review of code changes, because they can contain important information about users' intentions.

7

In certain rare cases the report filters out changes that can impact the behavior of the design. By default moves are filtered as nonfunctional, but in the following cases moves can change design behavior:

- Moving blocks can in some cases change the execution order.
- In a Stateflow chart, if you move states or junctions so that they intersect, the model fails to simulate.

To view these types of changes in the report, turn off the filter for nonfunctional changes.

#### **Understanding the Report**

To understand the report, it is helpful to understand how the Chawathe results from the exported XML text files relate to the original models. Some special features of the report include:

• Hierarchical node tags (such as subsystem tags in the .xml file) appear twice in the tree as nested nodes. This is because the container node and the contents can have separate differences in their properties.

This feature of the XML report allows you to distinguish between property differences of the node itself, and differences contained within nodes nested inside.

To see an example of nested nodes for a Stateflow block and its Stateflow chart, see the slxml\_sfcar demo.

- Simulink software adds new parameters when the value of that parameter differs from the default, for example, rotating a block adds a new "rotated" parameter.
- If the original models contain MATLAB Function block components, and if differences are found, the XML comparison tool lists them in the Stateflow section of the report. Click the new comparison icon at the end of the MATLAB Function block report items to open new comparisons in the Comparison Tool, showing the text difference reports for the MATLAB Function block components. See the demo slxml\_eml\_radar.
- If the original models contain truth tables, and if differences are found, the XML comparison tool lists them in the Stateflow section of the report.

- Click the new comparison icon at the end of the MATLAB Function node to see a summary of all changes.
- Click the truthtable node to reverse annotate and display both truthtable editors.
- Click the new comparison icon at the end of the Condition Table node to open a new text comparison showing only Condition differences.
- Similarly click the new comparison icon for Action Table to view only Action changes.

See the demo slxml\_truthtables.

For more information, see "How The Matching Algorithm Works" in the MATLAB Report Generator documentation.

See also "Known Limitations and Workarounds" on page 7-27.

#### Merging Simulink Models From the Comparison Report

You can merge Simulink models from the XML text comparison report. You can merge individual parameters, blocks or entire subsystems.

The merge feature enables you to merge two versions of a design modeled in Simulink. You can merge from the left (or base) model to the right (or edited) model using the XML text files. Use swap sides if necessary. You can click Undo to revert all merge operations. You can merge modified, added or deleted nodes in the report as follows:

- Select a report item and click the Merge Node toolbar button , or select Comparison > Merge Node. Merge is disabled when you cannot merge the selected node. For example, you cannot merge the top level model nodes, data nodes, or nodes within configuration settings.
- 2 View the results in the report and the models.

The report merges the selected node from the left side of the report to the right. Merged report nodes have a green merge arrow icon and gray row highlighting, e.g., transmission

The merge copies the change (a modified, added or deleted item) from the left model to the right model. If the node exists only in the left tree, then the merge inserts it into the right tree. Simulink Report Generator attempts to connect all lines to blocks after the merge, but you may need to manually connect some blocks.

**3** To merge individual parameters, right-click an item in the **Parameters** pane and select **Merge Selected Parameter**.

You cannot insert or delete parameters, and not all parameters can be merged. For example, you cannot merge Simulink Identifier (SID) parameters. You can merge parameters that have changed from the default (only found on one side of the report), as long as the parameter exists in both blocks and is writeable. See "Changes to Parameter Defaults Appear As New Parameters" on page 7-27.

If you merge all possible parameters for a node then the report marks that node as merged, e.g., **transmission**. If you partially merge some parameters of a node, the report marks the node as partially merged with a green merge arrow icon and no gray row highlighting.

4 (Optional) To revert all merge operations, click the Undo Merge Operations toolbar button or select Edit > Undo. A dialog prompts you to confirm

toolbar button **Lett** or select **Edit** > **Undo**. A dialog prompts you to confirm you want to throw away all merge operations and revert the report and models to their original state.

You will lose your merge changes if you change filter settings after any merge operations. A dialog prompts you to confirm you want to throw away all merge operations and revert the report and models to their original state. If you click **Yes** to continue, the Chawathe analysis runs again and you see a new report with the new filtering applied.

**Tip** If you want to merge subsystems, be aware that in XML text files subsystems are represented by two nodes, the container and the contents. The two nodes have the same name but different properties, for example, name changes are a property of the container node. You can merge the container parameters and contents independently. If you want to merge a subsystem and all its properties, merge both the container and the contents nodes.

#### Working with Referenced Models and Library Links

If you are creating an XML comparison report for models that contain referenced models, and you have more than one referenced model with the same name, then your MATLAB path can affect the results. For example, this can happen if you generate an XML comparison report for the current version of your model and a previous baseline. To avoid seeing unexpected changes in model reference blocks, make sure that your referenced models are not on your MATLAB path before you generate the report.

The reason why results can change is that Simulink records information in the top model about the interface between the top model and the child model. This interface information in the top model enables incremental loading and diagnostic checks without any need to load child models.

When you load a model (for example, to export it to XML) then Simulink refreshes the interface information for referenced models if it can find the child model. Simulink can locate the child model if it is on the path. If another model of the same name is higher on the path, Simulink updates the interface information for that other model before exporting to XML. This can produce entries for model reference blocks in the comparison report that you did not expect. If you make sure your referenced models are not on your path before you generate the report, then you can avoid these unexpected results. If both model versions are off the path, the interface information in the top model is not refreshed during the exporting to XML process. Instead the cached information is used, resulting in a valid XML comparison report.

With library links, Simulink does not update the cached interface information when exporting to XML, and so the report correctly captures library interfaces. However with both referenced models and library links, Simulink updates the information when displaying the model. When displaying report items in original models, you may see unexpected results because Simulink may find a model or library that is higher in the path. To obtain the clearest results, make sure that the models and associated libraries are temporarily removed from the path. By removing the files from the path you will see unresolved library links and referenced models when you view the original models, but their interfaces will be correct and will correctly align with the comparison report.

#### Saving Comparison Files in a Zip File

Temporary comparison files accumulate in  ${\tt tempdir},$  in subfolders with names starting with  ${\tt mwxml}.$ 

To zip the temporary files (such as log files) created during XML text comparisons for sharing or archiving, enter:

```
xmlcomp.zipTempFiles('c:\work\myexportfolder')
```

The destination folder must exist. The output reports the zip file name:

Created the zipfile "c:\work\myexportfolder\20080915T065514w.zip"

To view the log file for the last comparison in the MATLAB Editor, enter:

xmlcomp.showLogFile

#### **Exporting Results to the Workspace**

To export the XML comparison results to the MATLAB base workspace,

click the toolbar button Export to Workspace, or select File > Export to Workspace. Specify a name for the export object in the dialog and click OK. This action exports the results of the XML comparison to an xmlcomp.Edits object in the workspace. The xmlcomp.Edits object contains information about the XML comparison including file names, filters applied, and hierarchical nodes that differ between the two XML files.

Property of xmlcomp.Edits	Description
Filters	Array of filter structure arrays. Each structure has two fields, Name and Value.
LeftFileName	File name of left model exported to XML.
LeftRoot	<pre>xmlcomp.Node object that references the root of the left tree.</pre>
RightFileName	File name of right model exported to XML.

Property of xmlcomp.Edits	Description
RightRoot	<pre>xmlcomp.Node object that references the root of the right tree.</pre>
TimeSaved	Time when results exported to the workspace.
Version	MathWorks release-specific version number of xmlcomp.Edits object.
Property of xmlcomp.Node	Description
Children	Array of xmlcomp.Node references to child nodes, if any.
Edited	Boolean — If Edited = true then the node is either inserted (green) or part of a modified matched pair (pink).
Name	Name of node.
Parameters	Array of parameter structure arrays. Each structure has two fields, Name and Value.
Parent	<pre>xmlcomp.Node reference to parent node, if any.</pre>
Partner	If matched, Partner is an xmlcomp.Node reference to the matched partner node in the other tree. Otherwise empty [].

### Comparing XML Exported From Models Managed With Subversion

"Introduction" on page 7-21

"Create file\_comparison\_driver Function" on page 7-22

"Configure TortoiseSVN" on page 7-22

"Test TortoiseSVN Setup" on page 7-24

"Example file\_comparison\_driver Code" on page 7-25

#### Introduction

Comparing two versions of the same file is a common workflow when using Configuration Management tools. If your Configuration Management tool is configurable, you can customize your *Diff* operations on .mdl files from your Configuration Management tool to call the XML comparison functionality in the Simulink Report Generator. This allows you to compare two versions of the XML exported from the same .mdl file and generate a report of the differences.

TortoiseSVN and Subversion are a popular suite of open-source version control tools. The following example describes how to configure TortoiseSVN to use the Simulink Report Generator XML comparison. You can register the XML comparison function with TortoiseSVN as an extension-specific diff program to use for .mdl files. When you perform a TortoiseSVN diff on a .mdl file, TortoiseSVN uses the XML comparison to generate a report. This workflow describes a typical usage of Subversion on a Windows<sup>®</sup> PC.

There are two steps:

- Create and save a MATLAB function file\_comparison\_driver that opens the Comparison Tool and invokes the XML comparison function for .mdl files. For an example, see "Example file\_comparison\_driver Code" on page 7-25.
- Configure TortoiseSVN to use the file\_comparison\_driver function for .mdl files.

Optionally, you can also configure TortoiseSVN to use the same function to call the MATLAB Comparison Tool for .mat files and for Simulink manifest files (.smf files).

#### Create file\_comparison\_driver Function

Create and save a MATLAB function that invokes the Comparison Tool as follows:

- 1 Use the example code to create your file comparison function. Copy the code in the section "Example file\_comparison\_driver Code" on page 7-25 into a new file in the MATLAB Editor.
- 2 Save the file as file\_comparison\_driver.m.
- **3** Make sure the file is on the MATLAB path.
- **4** Test your function by calling it within MATLAB with two model files. For example:

file\_comparison\_driver( which('f14.mdl'), which('f14c.mdl') )

#### **Configure TortoiseSVN**

This example is compatible with Release 2008b+ onwards and was tested with Subversion 1.6.2 on Windows XP.

Configure TortoiseSVN to use the XML comparison tool for .mdl files, as follows:

- 1 Right-click a file in Windows Explorer and select TortoiseSVN > Settings.
- 2 In the TortoiseSVN Settings dialog box, click **Diff Viewer** under **External Programs** in the tree, then click the **Advanced** button.
- **3** In the Advanced Diff settings dialog box, add an entry to specify what to do with .mdl files.
  - a Click Add.
  - **b** In the Add extension specific diff program dialog box, enter .mdl for the **Extension** and enter the following command in the **External Program** edit box:

```
"matlabroot\bin\matlab.exe"...
-r file_comparison_driver("'%base'","'%mine'") -nosplash
```

Replace *matlabroot* with the path to the specific location on your computer for your MATLAB installation, for example, C:\Program files\MATLAB\R2009a.

The following example shows this setup on an Release 2009a installation.

🐓 Settings - TortoiseSVN		×	
General	s, Diff Viewer		
Context Menu Dialogs 1 Dialogs 2 Colors Revision Graph	Configure the program used for comparing different revisions of files	1	
Con Overlays     Con Set	Click on "Advanced" to specify alternate diff Advanced		
-	Ivanced diff settings     X       Extension/mime-type specific programs		
Curified Diff Viewer     Saved Data     Log Caching     Cached Repositories     Hook Scripts	Saved Data            Log Caching         .doc         wscript.exe "C:\Program Files\TortoiseSVN\Diff-Scripts\diff-doc.js" %ba           Cached Repositories         .mat         "C:\MATLAB\R2009a\bin\matlab.exe" -r file_comparison_driver("%base'		
	ion specific diff program	×	
Extension or mi	me-type: .mdl		
External Progra	m: "C: \MATLAB\R2009a\bin\matlab.exe" -r file_comparison_driver("%ba		
	OK Cancel		
	Add Edit Remove Restore defaults		
	OK Cancel		

4 Click OK to apply your changes and close all the Tortoise SVN dialog boxes.

**5** If you also want to use the MATLAB Comparison Tool for .mat files and for Simulink manifest files (.smf files) you can repeat the steps to add exactly the same **External Program** command for .mat files and .smf files.

#### **Test TortoiseSVN Setup**

To test your setup, follow these steps:

- 1 Start MATLAB and open, modify, and save a Simulink model that is managed in a Subversion archive. This creates a local working copy that is different to the head repository copy.
- 2 In Windows Explorer, right-click your modified file, and select TortoiseSVN > Diff.

TortoiseSVN runs a new instance of MATLAB. MATLAB loads and runs the file\_comparison\_driver.m file. The file\_comparison\_driver function performs these steps:

- 1 Creates temporary copies of the current working version of the Simulink model and the previously stored version of the model.
- 2 Exports XML text files from both models.
- **3** Compares the XML text files and generates a comparison report displayed in the MATLAB Comparison Tool.

The function must preprocess the file names by creating renamed temporary copies because Subversion uses a temporary file naming convention that is not compatible with Simulink because of invalid delimiting characters. The branch and version information is embedded in the temporary model names. See also "Comparing XML Files from Models with Identical Names" on page 7-6 for information about using the report and a warning to avoid losing work in the temporary models.

Other TortoiseSVN workflows using Diff operations are also supported, such as comparing two versions in an archive.

#### Example file\_comparison\_driver Code

Use the following example code to create your file comparison function, as described in "Create file\_comparison\_driver Function" on page 7-22.

```
function file comparison driver(base, mine)
%FILE COMPARISON DRIVER
%
%
% Use this function to call the MATLAB Comparison Tool
% from external tools such as the diff
% function of Subversion.
% If you have Simulink Report Generator version 3.5 or later
% installed, then the XML Comparison feature is called if you
% use this function with .mdl files.
%
% Typical use:
% "c:\matlab\R2009a\bin\matlab.exe" -r file comparison driver
%
                     ("'%base'", "'%mine'") nosplash
%
% This example is compatible with Release 2008b+ onwards and
% was tested with Subversion 1.6.2 on Windows XP Professional.
% Copyright 2008-2009 The MathWorks, Inc.
% Confirm inputs:
error(nargchk(2, 2, nargin, 'struct'))
% Uncomment the following line if using a release before R2009b.
% slxmlcomp.register;
% Create a new temporary folder:
new folder = tempname;
mkdir(new folder)
% Create temporary copies locations of the files that use
% valid MATLAB file names:
new base = create temp locations(mine, new folder);
new mine = create temp locations(base, new folder);
% Use "visdiff" function to open MATLAB Comparison Tool:
```

#### **Known Limitations and Workarounds**

#### In this section...

"Unexpected Results" on page 7-27

"Errors from UNC Paths" on page 7-27

#### **Unexpected Results**

If you see unexpected results within an XML comparison report, see "How The Matching Algorithm Works" in the MATLAB Report Generator documentation.

**Note** It might not be possible for the analysis to detect matches between previously corresponding sections of files that have diverged too much.

If you cannot see changes you expected to see in the report, click the **Filter** button to turn off filters and see *all* identified changes. See "Filtering Out Differences" on page 7-14.

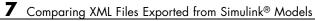
#### **Changes to Parameter Defaults Appear As New Parameters**

If you change a block parameter value from the default, you only see the new parameter in the report. Use reverse annotation to view both blocks. You see only the new parameter in the report because Simulink adds new parameters when the value of that parameter differs from the default. For example, rotating a block adds a new "rotated" parameter.

#### **Errors from UNC Paths**

On a Windows platform, you should not start a MATLAB session, from a Universal Naming Convention (UNC) path, such as \\mycompany\bigserver\matlab. You will see errors if you do this. UNC paths are not supported for matlabroot.

You can work around this by mapping a drive to the location.



## **Component Reference**

Simulink Coder Components (p. 8-2)	Report on code generated by Simulink Coder software
Requirements Management Interface Components (p. 8-3)	Report block requirements data
Simulink Components (p. 8-4)	Report on Simulink models
Simulink Blocks Components (p. 8-7)	Report on specified Simulink block types
Simulink <sup>®</sup> Fixed Point Components (p. 8-8)	Report on Simulink <sup>®</sup> Fixed Point <sup>™</sup> blocks
Stateflow Components (p. 8-9)	Report on Stateflow models

This chapter describes Simulink Report Generator components. For information about MATLAB Report Generator components, see "Component Reference" in the MATLAB Report Generator documentation.

#### Simulink Coder Components

Code Generation Summary	Insert version number information, list of generated files, tables summarizing code generation configuration information, and subsystem maps into report
Import Generated Code	Import source and header files generated by Simulink Coder software, and custom files specified as part of model

#### **Requirements Management Interface Components**

Missing Requirements Block Loop	Apply all child components to blocks that do not have requirements
Missing Requirements System Loop	Loop only on systems and subsystems that do not have associated requirements
Requirements Block Loop	Apply child components to blocks with requirements
Requirements Documents Table	Insert table of linked requirements documents
Requirements Signal Loop	Apply all child components to signal groups with requirements
Requirements Summary Table	Properties of blocks, systems, or Stateflow objects with associated requirements
Requirements System Loop	Apply child components to systems with requirements
Requirements Table	Requirements links for current context

#### Simulink Components

Annotation Loop	Run child components multiple times for each Simulink annotation in current context
Block Execution Order List	Create a list or table of all nonvirtual blocks in the model, showing order in which they execute
Block Loop	Run child components for each block contained in the current system, model, or signal
Block Type Count	Count number of each block type in the current model or system
MATLAB Function	Insert information about MATLAB Function block contents
Model Advisor Report	Insert Model Advisor report or link to Model Advisor report for current model
Model Change Log	Construct model history table that displays model revision information
Model Configuration Set	Insert active configuration set of a model into a report
Model Loop	Loop on Simulink models and systems, as specified by child components
Model Simulation	Run current model with specified simulation parameters
Signal Loop	Run child components for each signal contained in current system, model, or block
Simulink Automatic Table	Insert two-column table with information on selected model, system, signal, or block

Simulink Dialog Snapshot	Insert snapshots of Simulink editor dialog boxes
Simulink Functions and Variables	Create table that displays workspace variables and MATLAB functions used by reported blocks in Simulink models
Simulink Library Information	Insert table that lists library links in the current model, system, or block
Simulink Linking Anchor	Designate locations to which links point
Simulink Name	Insert name of a Simulink model, system, block, or signal into report
Simulink Property	Insert property name/property value pair for current Simulink model, system, block, or signal
Simulink Property Table	Insert table that reports on model-level property name/property value pairs
Simulink Sample Time	Insert title of Simulink sample time into report
Simulink Summary Table	Properties or parameters of specified Simulink models, systems, blocks, or signals in table
Simulink Workspace Variable	Insert Simulink workspace variable information
Simulink Workspace Variable Loop	Reports on Simulink workspace variable objects
System Filter	Run child components only if the current system meets specified conditions
System Hierarchy	Create nested list that shows hierarchy of specified system

System Loop	Specify systems and subsystems on which to loop, as defined by parent component
System Snapshot	Insert snapshot of the current system into report
To Workspace Plot	Capture plot figure created in the MATLAB workspace

#### Simulink Blocks Components

Bus	Create list of signals exiting from Bus Selector block
Documentation	Insert text extracted from DocBlock blocks in Simulink models
Look-Up Table	Report on lookup table blocks
Scope Snapshot	Insert images of Simulink scopes and XY graphs

#### **Simulink Fixed Point Components**

Fixed Point Block Loop	Run child components for the Simulink model, system, or signal defined by parent component
Fixed Point Logging Options	Set fixed-point options like in Fixed Point Tool
Fixed Point Property Table	Insert table that reports on Simulink Fixed Point block property name/property value pairs
Fixed Point Summary Table	Table of specified fixed-point block properties or parameters

#### **Stateflow Components**

Chart Loop	Run child components for specified Stateflow charts
Machine Loop	Run child components for specified Stateflow machines
Object Loop	Run child components for Stateflow objects, and then insert table into report
State Loop	Run child components for all states in current context
Stateflow Automatic Table	Insert table with properties of current Stateflow object
Stateflow Count	Count number of Stateflow objects in current context
Stateflow Dialog Snapshot	Insert snapshots of Stateflow editor dialog boxes
Stateflow Filter	Run child components only if current object type matches specified object type
Stateflow Hierarchy	Provide visual representation of the hierarchy of a Stateflow object
Stateflow Hierarchy Loop	Run child components on Stateflow object hierarchy
Stateflow Linking Anchor	Designate locations to which links point
Stateflow Name	Insert into report name of Stateflow object specified by parent component
Stateflow Property	Insert into report table, text, or paragraph with information on selected Stateflow object property
Stateflow Property Table	Insert into report property-value table for Stateflow object

Stateflow Snapshot	Insert into report snapshot of Stateflow object
Stateflow Summary Table	Table of properties or parameters of specified Stateflow object
Truth Table	Report on truth tables in Simulink and Stateflow models

# Components — Alphabetical List

For a list of MATLAB Report Generator components, see MATLAB Components – Alphabetical List in the MATLAB Report Generator documentation.

Annotation Loop Block Execution Order List Block Loop Block Type Count Bus Chart Loop Code Generation Summary Documentation **MATLAB** Function Fixed Point Block Loop **Fixed Point Logging Options Fixed Point Property Table Fixed Point Summary Table** Import Generated Code Look-Up Table Machine Loop Missing Requirements Block Loop Missing Requirements System Loop Model Advisor Report Model Change Log Model Configuration Set Model Loop Model Simulation

9

**Object** Loop **Requirements Block Loop Requirements Documents Table Requirements Signal Loop Requirements Summary Table Requirements System Loop Requirements** Table Scope Snapshot Signal Loop Simulink Automatic Table Simulink Dialog Snapshot Simulink Functions and Variables Simulink Library Information Simulink Linking Anchor Simulink Name Simulink Property Simulink Property Table Simulink Sample Time Simulink Summary Table Simulink Workspace Variable Simulink Workspace Variable Loop State Loop Stateflow Automatic Table Stateflow Count Stateflow Dialog Snapshot Stateflow Filter Stateflow Hierarchy Stateflow Hierarchy Loop Stateflow Linking Anchor Stateflow Name Stateflow Property Stateflow Property Table Stateflow Snapshot Stateflow Summary Table System Filter System Hierarchy System Loop

System Snapshot To Workspace Plot Truth Table

#### Annotation Loop

Purpose	Run child components multiple times for each Simulink annotation in current context
Description	This component runs its child components multiple times for each Simulink annotation in the current context. The parent component determines the context. Options include:
	• Model Loop: Reports on all annotations inside the reported portion of the reported model.
	• System Loop: Reports on all annotations inside the current system.
	• Block Loop or Signal Loop: Does nothing.
Loop Options	The Loop Options pane displays information about the current context. You can sort Alphabetically by text or In traversal order.
	Child components of the Annotation Loop consider their context to be annotations when the report is running.
	For example, the following components report on the looped annotation:
	• Simulink Automatic Table
	• Simulink Linking Anchor
	• Simulink Name
	• Simulink Property
	• Simulink Property Table
	Use a Summary Table component to show annotation objects in reports. Each Summary Table component creates a single table with each reported annotation on a single row of the table.
Section Options	• Create section for each object in loop: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.
-	• <b>Display the object type in the section title</b> : Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.

- Create link anchor for each object in loop: Creates a hyperlink to each object in the loop, the generated report.
- See Also Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop, Simulink Linking Anchor, Simulink Name, Simulink Property, Simulink Property Table, Simulink Summary Table

#### **Block Execution Order List**

Purpose	Create a list or table of all nonvirtual blocks in the model, showing order in which they execute
Description	This component creates a list or table of all nonvirtual blocks in the model, showing the order in which they execute.
	For more information about virtual and nonvirtual blocks, see "About Blocks" in the Simulink documentation.
Properties	• List Title:
	<ul> <li>Automatic: Generates a list or table title automatically.</li> </ul>
	• Custom: Enables you to enter a title.
	• <b>Include block type information</b> : Include each block's BlockType property in the list or table.
	• Look under nonvirtual subsystems: The default is Automatic (On for models, Off for systems). Set it to On or Off.
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. List.
Class	rptgen_sl.csl_blk_sort_list
See Also	Block Loop

# PurposeRun child components for each block contained in the current system,<br/>model, or signalDescriptionThis component runs its child components for each block contained in<br/>the current system, model, or signal.<br/>For more information on working with looping components, see<br/>"Working with Looping Components" on page 6-3.Report OnThis pane describes the type of object on which this component operates.

• Automatic list from context: Report on all blocks in the current context. The parent component of the Block Loop determines its context. If this component does not have the Model Loop, System Loop, Signal Loop, or Block Loop as its parent, selecting this option causes this component to report on all blocks in all models.

Options include:

- Model Loop: Reports on all blocks in the current model.
- System Loop: Reports on all blocks in the current system.
- Signal Loop: Reports on all blocks connected to the current signal.
- **Custom use block list**: Enables you to specify a list of blocks on which to report. Enter the full path of each block.

Choose block sorting options and reporting options in this pane.

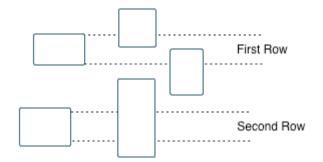
#### Loop Options

• Sort blocks:

Use this option to select how to sort blocks (applied to each level in a model):

- Alphabetically by block name. Sorts blocks alphabetically by their names.
- Alphabetically by system name. Sorts systems alphabetically. The report lists blocks in each system, but in no particular order.

- Alphabetically by full Simulink path. Sorts blocks alphabetically by Simulink path.
- By block type. Sorts blocks alphabetically by block type.
- By block depth. Sorts blocks by their depth in the model.
- By layout (left to right): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *rows*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the row. The row contains all other blocks that overlap the horizontal area defined by the top and bottom edges of the anchor block. The other rows use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.



- By layout (top to bottom): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *columns*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the column. The column contains all other blocks that overlap the vertical area defined by the left and right edges of the anchor block. The other columns use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.
- By traversal order. Sorts blocks by traversal order.
- By simulation order. Sorts blocks by execution order.
- %<VariableName>: Inserts the value of a variable from the MATLAB workspace. The %<> notation can denote a string or cell

array. The following example reports on the theta dot integrator block and the theta integrator block in the demo model simppend, using the variable  $Z=\{ \ simppend/theta'\}$ :

simppend/theta dot
%<Z>

The generated report includes information about the following blocks:

- simppend/theta dot
- simppend/theta

For more information, see %<VariableName> Notation on the Text component reference page in the MATLAB Report Generator documentation.

- Search for Simulink property name/property value pairs: Reports only on Simulink blocks with specified property name/property value pairs.
- Section
   Create section for each object in loop: Inserts a section in the generated report for each block found in the loop.
  - **Display the object type in the section title**: Automatically inserts the object type into the section title in the generated report.
  - **Create link anchor for each object in loop**: Create a hyperlink to the block in the generated report.

Insert Anything into Report? Yes, inserts a section if you select the **Create section for each object in loop** option.

Class rptgen sl.csl blk loop

See Also Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop, Simulink Linking Anchor, Simulink Name, Simulink Property, Simulink Property Table, Simulink Summary Table

Purpose	Count number of each block type in the current model or system
Description	This component counts the number of each block type in the current model or system. Within a model, this component counts blocks underneath masks and inside library links.
	For more information about block types, see "About Blocks" in the Simulink documentation.
Count Types	The parent of this component determines where to count block types:
Types	• Model Loop: Reports all block types in the current model:
	- All blocks in model: Counts block types in the entire model.
	<ul> <li>All blocks in reported systems: Counts block types only in systems that appear in the report.</li> </ul>
	• System Loop: Reports all block types in the current system.
Table Content	• <b>Table title</b> : Allows you to enter the table title.
	• Show block names in table: Includes a column that displays all block names in the table.
	• Sort table:
	<ul> <li>Alphabetically by block type: Sorts blocks alphabetically by block type.</li> </ul>
	• By number of blocks: Sorts by decreasing number of occurrences.
	• Show total count: Displays total number of block types.
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. Table.
Class	rptgen_sl.csl_blk_count

#### **Block Type Count**

See Also Block Loop, Model Loop, System Loop

### **Purpose** Create list of signals exiting from Bus Selector block

**Description** This component creates a list of signals exiting a Bus Selector block. The list contains signals leaving from the reported block or downstream buses and signals.

The parent of this component determines which buses appear in the report:

- Model Loop: Includes all buses in the current model.
- System Loop: Includes all buses in the current system.
- Block Loop : If the current block is a bus block, then the report includes that block.
- Signal Loop: Includes all buses connected to the current signal.

If the Bus component does not have a looping component as its parent, it reports on all buses in all open models.

# **Properties** • Show Bus Hierarchy: Specifies whether the list displays downstream buses hierarchically.

- **Insert linking anchor for bus blocks**: Inserts a linking anchor for each bus block. This property designates the list item as the location to which other links for that block point. (For more information, see the Simulink Linking Anchor or Link component reference pages.) Do not use this option if you have already specified an anchor location for the bus block with an Object Linking Anchor component.
- Insert linking anchor for signals: Inserts a linking anchor for each signal. This property designates the list item as the location to which other links for that signal point. For more information, see the Simulink Linking Anchor or Link component reference pages.) Do not use this option if you have already specified an anchor location for the signal with an Object Linking Anchor component.
- **Title**: Inserts a title before each list. This attribute supports the %<varname> notation. For more information, see %<VariableName>

# Bus

	Notation on the Text component reference page in the MATLAB Report Generator documentation.
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. List.
Class	rptgen_sl.csl_blk_bus
See Also	Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, Simulink Linking Anchor, System Loop,

### **Purpose** Run child components for specified Stateflow charts

#### **Description** This component runs its children for specified Stateflow charts.

- **Report On** Automatic list from context: Report on all chart blocks in the context set by the parent of this component. Options for the parent component include:
  - Model Loop: Reports on all Stateflow chart blocks in the current model.
  - System Loop: Reports on all Stateflow chart blocks in the current system.
  - Signal Loop: Reports on all Stateflow chart blocks connected to the current signal.
  - Machine Loop: Reports on the current block if it is in a Stateflow chart.

If the Chart Loop component has any other type of component as its parent, selecting this option causes it to report on all Stateflow chart blocks.

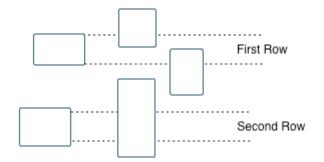
• **Custom - use block list**: Reports on a specified list of Stateflow chart blocks.

### **Loop Options**

Choose chart block sorting options and reporting options in this pane.

- Sort blocks: Specifies how to sort blocks (applied to each level in a model). This option is available if you select Automatic list from context in the **Report On** section, or if you select Custom use block list and the Sort blocks option. Options include:
  - Alphabetically by block name. Sorts blocks alphabetically by name.
  - Alphabetically by system name. Sorts systems alphabetically by name. Lists blocks in each system, but in no particular order.

- Alphabetically by full Simulink path. Sorts models alphabetically by their full paths.
- By block type. Sorts blocks alphabetically by block type.
- By depth. Sorts blocks by their depth in the model.
- By layout (left to right): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *rows*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the row. The row contains all other blocks that overlap the horizontal area defined by the top and bottom edges of the anchor block. The other rows use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.



- By layout (top to bottom): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *columns*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the column. The column contains all other blocks that overlap the vertical area defined by the left and right edges of the anchor block. The other columns use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.
- By simulation order. Sorts blocks by execution order.
- %<VariableName>: Inserts the value of a variable from the MATLAB workspace. The %<> notation can denote a string or cell array. For more information, see %<VariableName> Notation

	on the Text component reference page in the MATLAB Report Generator documentation.
	• Search for Simulink property name/property value pairs: Reports on Simulink blocks with specified property name/property value pairs.
	• Search Stateflow: Reports on Stateflow charts with specified property name/property value pairs.
Section Options	• <b>Create section for each object in loop</b> : Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.
	• <b>Display the object type in the section title</b> : Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.
	• <b>Create link anchor for each object in loop</b> : Creates a hyperlink to the object in the generated report
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes, inserts a section if you select the <b>Create section for each object</b> <b>in loop</b> option.
Class	rptgen_sf.csf_chart_loop
See Also	Block Loop, Machine Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop

Purpose	Insert version number information, list of generated files, tables summarizing code generation configuration information, and subsystem maps into report
Description	This component reports the following information:
	• Version number information
	• List of generated files
	Code generation configuration information
	• Subsystem map
Summary	• <b>General information</b> : Includes the following information in the report:
	<ul> <li>Model name and version</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Simulink Coder version number</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>List of full paths of generated files</li> </ul>
	• <b>Configuration settings</b> : Includes tables that list optimization and Simulink Coder target selection and build process Configuration Parameter settings.
	• <b>Subsystem map</b> : Includes in the report a unique mapping between subsystem numbers and subsystem labels in the model.
Traceability Report	<b>Use settings from model</b> : When you select this option, the report uses all of the following configuration settings, as specified in your model. Deselecting this option allows you to turn off one or more of these settings as needed:
	• Eliminated/virtual blocks
	Traceable blocks
	Traceable StateFlow Objects
	• Traceable MATLAB Function Blocks

For more information on these configuration settings, see "Code Generation Pane: Report" in the Simulink Coder documentation.

Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. Tables and list.
Class	RptgenRTW.CCodeGenSummary
See Also	Import Generated Code

# **Documentation**

Purpose	Insert text extracted from DocBlock blocks in Simulink models
Description	This component inserts text extracted from DocBlock blocks in Simulink models. It can have the following components as its parent:
	• Model Loop
	• System Loop
	• Block Loop
	The specified report format determines the format of the DocBlock block data inserted into the report:
	• HTML: Imports HTML data into the report.
	• RTF: Imports RTF data into the report.
Properties	• <b>Import file as</b> : Specifies how to format the imported information. The following example demonstrates how each option works, using the following text as input:
	First row. Second row.
	Third row follows blank line.
	<ul> <li>Plain text (ignore line breaks). Imports plain text without any line breaks (no paragraphs), as in this example:</li> </ul>
	First row. Second row. Third row follows blank line.
	<ul> <li>Paragraphs defined by line breaks. Imports the text contained in paragraphs defined by line breaks (hard returns or carriage returns), as in this example:</li> </ul>
	First row. Second row.

Third row follows blank line.

 Paragraphs defined by empty rows. Imports text contained in paragraphs defined by empty rows (rows that do not contain text), as in this example:

First row. Second row.

Third row follows blank line.

• Text (retain line breaks). Imports plain text, including line breaks, as in this example:

First row. Second row.

Third row follows blank line.

Fixed-width text (retain line breaks). Imports fixed-width text (all letters have the same width or size) including line breaks, as in this example:

First row. Second row.

Third row follows blank line.

Tip This option is useful for importing MATLAB files.

• Insert linking anchor for blocks: Inserts a linking anchor for each DocBlock block that designates the location where other links for that block point. (See the Simulink Linking Anchor or Link component reference pages for more help.) Do not use this option if you have already specified an anchor location for a DocBlock block with an Object Linking Anchor component.

# **Documentation**

Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. Text, paragraph, or external RTF/HTML data.
Class	rptgen_sl.csl_blk_doc
See Also	Block Loop, Model Loop, Simulink Linking Anchor, System Loop

### **Purpose** Insert information about MATLAB Function block contents

# **Description** This component displays tables with information about MATLAB code included in MATLAB Function blocks. You specify which of the following kinds of information to include in the report:

- Function properties Parameter settings for the MATLAB Function block
- Argument properties Properties of the function arguments (for example, complexity)
- The function script MATLAB code of the function
- Supporting functions User-defined functions and, optionally, MATLAB functions that are included in the MATLAB Function block function.

For details about MATLAB Function blocks, see the MATLAB Function block reference page.

Use the MATLAB Function component within a section, paragraph, or table.

**Note** To view the contents of a MATLAB Function block in a Web viewer, use the Web view feature of the Simulink Report Generator. In the Web view, hover your cursor over the MATLAB Function block. For details, see Chapter 5, "Exporting Simulink Models to Web Views".

## Function Properties Table

- **Include function properties**: Generates a table with function property information.
- Table title: Insert a title for the function properties table.
  - Automatic: Use the default title for the table.
  - Custom: Use the title that you specify for the table.

	• You can change the header text for property and value columns of the function properties table. In the Header column, double-click to change the header text. The Width column indicates the relative width, in relative terms, based on the smallest width you specify. For example, for a three-column table, if the first column width is 1, and the column width of the other two columns is 3, then the second and third columns is three times wider than the first column.
	• Grid lines: Show grid lines for the table.
	• <b>Spans page width</b> : Make the table as wide as the page.
Argument Summary Table	• <b>Include argument summary table</b> : Generate a table with summary information about the MATLAB Function block function arguments.
	• Table title: Insert a title for the argument summary table.
	<ul><li>Automatic: Use the default title for the table.</li></ul>
	• Custom: Use the title that you specify for the table.
	• Argument Summary Table Options: Specify the property columns to include in the table.
	<ul> <li>To add a property column:</li> </ul>
	1 In the table on the right, select a property near where you want to insert the new property column.
	<b>2</b> From the list of properties to the left of the table, select a property that you want to add to the table.
	<b>3</b> Click the left-arrow button.
	<b>4</b> If necessary, use the up or down arrow button to position the new column.
	<ul> <li>To delete a property column, select the property in the table and click the right-arrow button</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>You can change the header text for property and value columns of the table. In the Header column, double-click to change the header</li> </ul>

text. The Width column indicates the relative width, in relative terms, based on the smallest width you specify. For example, for a three-column table, if the first column width is 1, and the column width of the other two columns is 3, then the second and third columns is three times wider than the first column.

- Grid lines: Show grid lines for the table.
- Spans page width: Make the table as wide as the page.
- **Column alignment**: Align the text in each column:
  - Left
  - Center
  - Right
  - Double justified

## Detailed Argument Report

- **Include detailed argument report**: Generate a table with detailed information about the MATLAB Function block function arguments.
  - Argument Property Table Format Options: Specify the argument property columns to include in the table.
    - **Table title**: Insert a title for the argument properties table.
      - Automatic: Use the default title for the table.
      - Custom: Use the title that you specify for the table.
    - You can change the header text for property and value columns of the table. In the Header column, double-click to change the header text.
    - Grid lines: Show grid lines for the table.
    - **Spans page width**: Make the variable table as wide as the page on which the table appears.
  - Include function script: Include the script for the function.
  - Highlight script syntax: Use colors to highlight syntax keywords.

	• <b>Include supporting functions</b> : Include a list of functions invoked directly or indirectly by the function script. If you specify to include supporting functions in the report, also specify whether to include both MATLAB and user-defined functions or just user-defined functions.
	Supporting Function Table Format Options:
	<b>Table title</b> : Insert a title for the supporting functions table.
	• Automatic: Use the default title for the table.
	• Custom: Use the title that you specify for the table.
	<ul> <li>You can change the header text for property and value columns of the table. In the Header column, double-click to change the header text. The Width column indicates the relative width, in relative terms, based on the smallest width you specify. For example, for a three-column table, if the first column width is 1, and the column width of the other two columns is 3, then the second and third columns is three times wider than the first column.</li> </ul>
	• Grid lines: Show grid lines for the table.
	• <b>Spans page width</b> : Make the table as wide as the page.
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. Tables and, optionally, code.
Class	rptgen_sl.csl_emlfcn

See Also Stateflow Property

#### Purpose Run child components for the Simulink model, system, or signal defined by parent component

**Description** This component runs its children for the Simulink model, system, or signal that its parent defines. Options for the parent component are:

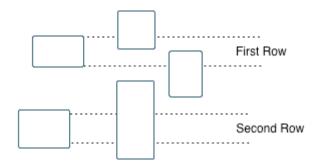
- Model Loop
- System Loop
- Signal Loop
- Automatic list from context: Reports on all fixed-point blocks in the context of the parent of this component. For example, if the parent component is the System Loop, then this component reports on all fixed-point blocks in the current system. If this component does not have a looping component as its parent, then selecting this option causes the component to report on all fixed-point blocks in all models.
  - Custom use block list:: Reports on a specified list of blocks.

Choose block sorting options and reporting options in this pane.

### Loop Options

- Sort blocks: Specifies how to sort blocks (applied to each level in a model). This option is available if you select the Automatic list from context option in the **Report On** section, or if you select Custom use block list and the Sort blocks options. Options include:
  - Alphabetically by block name. Sorts blocks alphabetically by name.
  - Alphabetically by system name. Sorts systems alphabetically. Lists blocks in each system, but in no particular order.
  - Alphabetically by full Simulink path. Sorts blocks alphabetically by Simulink path.
  - By block type. Sorts blocks alphabetically by block type.

- By block depth. Sorts blocks by their depth in the model.
- By layout (left to right): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *rows*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the row. The row contains all other blocks that overlap the horizontal area defined by the top and bottom edges of the anchor block. The other rows use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.



- By layout (top to bottom): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *columns*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the column. The column contains all other blocks that overlap the vertical area defined by the left and right edges of the anchor block. The other columns use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.
- By traversal order. Sorts blocks by traversal order.
- By simulation order. Sorts blocks by execution order.
- %<VariableName>: Inserts the value of a variable from the MATLAB workspace. For more information, see %<VariableName> Notation on the Text component reference page in the MATLAB Report Generator documentation.

	• Search for Simulink property name/property value pairs: Reports only on blocks with specified property name/property value pairs.
Section Options	• Create section for each object in loop: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.
	• <b>Display the object type in the section title</b> : Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.
	• <b>Create link anchor for each object in loop</b> : Creates a hyperlink to the object in the generated report.
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes, inserts a section if you select the <b>Create section for each object in loop</b> option.
Class	rptgen_fp.cfp_blk_loop
See Also	Block Loop,Model Loop,Signal Loop,Simulink Linking Anchor, System Loop

# Fixed Point Logging Options

Purpose	Set fixed-point options like in Fixed Point Tool
Description	This component sets fixed-point options like those set in the Fixed Point Tool (invoked by running the fxptdlg function).
	This component must be a child of the Model Loop component. Use this component to set the following options on the current model:
	• Data type override
	• Fixed-point instrument mode
	• Logging type
	This component can have child components. It is a good practice to use this component with a Model Simulation component as its child. This approach sets fixed-point properties for the model for the purpose of the simulation, and then restores them to their original values after the simulation is complete.
Data Type Override	• <b>Use local settings</b> : Overrides data types according to the value of this parameter set for each subsystem. Otherwise, settings for parent systems override those of child systems.
	• <b>Scaled double</b> : Overrides the output data type of all blocks in the current system or subsystem with doubles. However, this option maintains the scaling and bias specified in the mask of each block.
	• <b>Doubles</b> : Overrides the output data type of all blocks in the current system or subsystem with doubles. The overridden values have no scaling or bias.
	• <b>Singles</b> : Overrides the output data type of all blocks in the current system or subsystem with singles. The overridden values have no scaling or bias.
	• <b>Off</b> : Does not perform any data type override on any block in the current system or subsystem.

Fixed-PointSpecify logging options in this section. For logged blocks, minimum andInstrumentationmaximum simulation values are written to the workspace. OptionsModeinclude:

٠	Use local settings: Logs data according to the value of this
	parameter set for each subsystem. Otherwise, settings for parent
	systems always override those of child systems.

- Min, max, and overflow: Logs minimum value, maximum value, and overflow data for all blocks in the current system or subsystem.
- **Overflow only**: Logs only overflow data for all blocks in the current system or subsystem.
- Force off: Logs no data for any block in the current system or subsystem. Use this selection to work with models containing fixed point-enabled blocks, if you do not have a Simulink Fixed Point license.

For more information on logging simulation results, see "Tutorial: Feedback Controller" in the Simulink Fixed Point documentation.

 Logging
 Specify how to record logs in this section:

 Type
 • Overwrite log: Clears information in the logs before new logging data is entered.

• **Merge log**: Merges new logging data with previously logged information.

Insert No. Anything into Report? Class rptgen\_fp.cfp\_options

See Also Model Simulation

# Fixed Point Property Table

Purpose	Insert table that reports on Simulink Fixed Point block property name/property value pairs
Description	This component inserts a table that reports on Simulink Fixed Point block property name/property value pairs.
Table	Select a preset table, which is already formatted and configured, in the <b>preset table</b> list in the upper-left corner of the attributes page. Options include:
	• preset table
	Specifies the type of object property table. Options include:
	Default
	Mask properties
	Block limits
	Out-of-range errors
	All fixed-point properties
	<ul> <li>Blank 4x4</li> <li>To apply the specified table, select the table and click Apply.</li> </ul>
	• Split property/value cells: Split property name/property value pairs into separate cells. For the property name and property value to appear in adjacent horizontal cells in the table, select the Split property/value cells check box. In this case, the table is in split mode, so there only one property name/property value pair can exist in a cell. If there is more than one name/property pair in a cell, only the first pair appears in the report. The report ignores all subsequent pairs.
	For the property name and property value to appear together in one cell, clear the <b>Split property/value cells</b> check box. That option specifies nonsplit mode. Nonsplit mode supports more than one

property name/property value pair and text.

	<ul> <li>Before switching from nonsplit mode to split mode, make sure that there is only one property name/property value pair per table cell. If you have more than one property name/property value pair or text in one cell, only the first value pair appears in the report. Subsequent pairs and text are omitted.</li> <li>Display outer border: Display the outer border of the table in the generated report.</li> </ul>
Table Cells	Select table properties to modify. The selection in this pane affects the available fields in the <b>Cell Properties</b> pane.
Cell	• Contents
Properties	Modify the contents of the table cell selected in the <b>Table Cells</b> pane.
	• <b>Show as</b> : Specifies the format for the contents of the table cell. Options include:
	PROPERTY Value
	- Value
	Property Value
	Property: Value
	PROPERTY: Value
	Property - Value
	PROPERTY - Value
	• Alignment: Aligns the contents of the table cell. Options are:
	- Center
	- Left
	Right
	Double justified

• Lower border: Displays the lower border of the table in the generated report.

• **Right border**: Displays the right border of the table in the generated report.

### **Creating Custom Tables**

To create a custom table, edit a preset table, such as the Blank 4x4 table. Add and delete rows and add properties. To open the Edit Table dialog box, click **Edit**.

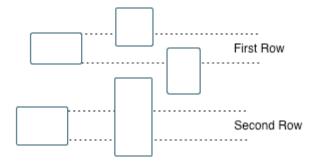
For details about creating custom property tables, see "Working with Property Table Components" on page 6-9.

Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. Table.
Class	rptgen_fp.cfp_prop_table
See Also	Fixed Point Summary Table

Purpose	Table of specified fixed-point block properties or parameters
Description	This component displays properties or parameters of specified fixed-point blocks in a table.
Properties	Table title
	Choose a table title in the generated report:
	• Automatic: Generates a title automatically from the parameter.
	• Custom: Specifies a custom title.
Property	Property name
Columns	This field displays the object properties to include in the Summary Table in the generated report.
	• To add a property:
	1 Select the appropriate property level in the menu
	<b>2</b> Select the property to add from the selection list and click <b>Add</b> .
	• To delete a property, select the property name and click the <b>Delete</b> button.
	• To move properties up and down in the list, click the <b>Up</b> and <b>Down</b> buttons.
	<b>Note</b> Some entries in the list of available properties (such as Depth) are "virtual" properties that you cannot access using the get_param command. The properties used for property/value filtering in the block and system loop components must be retrievable by the get_param. Therefore, you cannot configure your Summary Table to report on all blocks of Depth == 2.
	500kb 01 50ptn - 2.

### Transpose table

	Enabling this check box changes the summary table rows into columns in the generated report, putting the property names in the first column and the values in the other columns.
Object Rows	• <b>Insert anchor for each row</b> : Inserts an anchor for each row in the summary table.
	• <b>Report On</b> : Specifies blocks on which to report:
	<ul> <li>Automatic list from context. Reports on all blocks in the current context.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Custom - use block list. Reports on a specified list of blocks.</li> <li>To include a given block in the report, specify its full path.</li> </ul>
Loop Options	• <b>Sort blocks</b> : Specifies how to sort blocks (applied to each level in a model):
	<ul> <li>Alphabetically by block name. Sorts blocks alphabetically by name.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Alphabetically by system name. Sorts systems alphabetically. Lists blocks in each system, but in no particular order.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Alphabetically by full Simulink path. Sorts blocks alphabetically by Simulink path.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>By block type. Sorts blocks alphabetically by block type.</li> </ul>
	By block depth. Sorts blocks by their depth in the model.
	<ul> <li>By layout (left to right): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by <i>rows</i>. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the row. The row contains all other blocks that overlap the horizontal area defined by the top and bottom edges of the anchor block. The other rows use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.</li> </ul>



- By layout (top to bottom): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *columns*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the column. The column contains all other blocks that overlap the vertical area defined by the left and right edges of the anchor block. The other columns use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.
- By traversal order. Sorts blocks by traversal order.
- By simulation order. Sorts blocks by execution order.
- Search for Simulink property name/property value pairs: Reports only on Simulink blocks with specified property name/property value pairs.

Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. Table.
Class	rptgen_fp.cfp_summ_table
See Also	Fixed Point Property Table

Purpose	Import source and header files generated by Simulink Coder software, and custom files specified as part of model
Description	This component imports source and header files generated by Simulink Coder software. It also imports custom files that you specify as part of your model.
Properties	<ul> <li>Source files (auto-generated): Includes the following files in the report: <ul> <li>.c and .cpp source files generated by Simulink Coder software.</li> <li>Simulink Coder source files, such as the template main file and supporting files in the build folder.</li> <li>This check box is selected by default. Clear it to omit source files.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Header files (auto-generated): Includes the following files in the report: <ul> <li>.h and .hpp header files generated by Simulink Coder software.</li> <li>Simulink Coder header files in the build folder.</li> <li>This check box is selected by default. Clear it to omit source files.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Use the following files in the build folder.</li> <li>Simulink Coder header files in the build folder.</li> <li>This check box is selected by default. Clear it to omit source files.</li> </ul> <li>Custom files: Includes custom source files that you specify in the Code Generation &gt; Custom Code pane of the Configuration Parameters dialog box. This check box is deselected by default.</li>
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. Generated code listings.
Class	RptgenRTW.CImportCode
See Also	Code Generation Summary

### Purpose Report on lookup table blocks

**Description** The Look-Up Table component reports on the following lookup table blocks:

- 1-D Lookup Table
- 2-D Lookup Table
- n-D Lookup Table

It inserts a figure and/or table into the report. The table contains input and output numeric values; a figure plots these values.

Look-Up Table Options

This pane allows you to specify the types of lookup table blocks to include in the report and how they appear. If you select none of the check boxes in this pane, the component does not insert anything into the report.

- The Look-Up Table displays results according to the type of its parent component:
  - Model Loop: Includes all lookup tables in the current model.
  - System Loop.: Includes all lookup tables in the current system.
  - Block Loop.: If the current block is a lookup table, the reports that block.
  - Signal Loop: Includes all lookup tables connected to the current signal.
  - If the Look-Up Table does not have any of the looping components as its parent, it includes all lookup tables in all open models.
- **Plot 1-D data**: Plots data from a 1-D Lookup Table block. Choose the plot type, Line plot or Bar plot, from the corresponding list. The input data appears on the horizontal or *x*-axis, and the output data appears on the vertical or *y*-axis.

	For more information on line and bar plots, see "Types of MATLAB Plots" in the MATLAB Graphics documentation.
	• Create table for 1-D data: Creates a table that contains numeric data values from the 1-D Lookup Table block.
	• <b>Plot 2-D data</b> : Creates a plot of <b>2-D</b> Lookup Table blocks. You can specify whether the data appears as a surface plot or a line plot. The line plot is best for small data sets, and the surface plot for larger tables. For more information on surface and line plots, see "Types of MATLAB Plots" in the MATLAB Graphics documentation.
	<b>Note</b> This option creates a 2-D slice through n-D data.
	• Create table for 2-D data: Creates a table that contains numeric data values from the 2-D Lookup Table block.
	• Create table for N-D data: Creates a table that contains numeric data values from the n-D Lookup Table block.
Print Options	• <b>Image file format</b> : Specifies the image file format. Select Automatic HG Format (the default) to choose automatically the format best suited for the output format that you chose in the Report component. Otherwise, choose an image format that your output viewer can read. Options include:
	<ul> <li>Automatic SL Format (Uses the Simulink file format selected in the Preferences dialog box)</li> </ul>
	Bitmap (16m-color)
	Bitmap (256-color)
	Black and white encapsulated PostScript
	<ul><li>Black and white encapsulated PostScript (TIFF)</li></ul>
	Black and white encapsulated PostScript2
	Black and white encapsulated PostScript2 (TIFF)

- Black and white PostScript
- Black and white PostScript2
- Color encapsulated PostScript
- Color encapsulated PostScript (TIFF)
- Color encapsulated PostScript2
- Color encapsulated PostScript2 (TIFF)
- Color PostScript
- Color PostScript2
- JPEG high quality image
- JPEG medium quality image
- JPEG low quality image
- PNG 24-bit image
- TIFF compressed
- TIFF uncompressed
- Windows metafile
- Paper orientation: Options include:
  - Landscape
  - Portrait
  - Rotated

• Use figure orientation For more information on paper orientation, see orient in the MATLAB documentation.

• Image size: Allows you to specify the image size in the report by selecting Use figure PaperPositionMode setting and setting the PaperPositionMode property of the Handle Graphics figure. Options include:

- Automatic (same size as on screen):
- Custom: Specifies a custom image size. Set the image size using the **Size** field and **Units** list.

For more information on paper position mode, see orient in the MATLAB documentation.

- Size: Allows you to enter the size of the Handle Graphics figure snapshot in the format wxh(width times height). This field is active only if you choose Custom in the Image size list box.
- Units: Allows you to enter for the size of the Handle Graphics figure snapshot. This field is active only if you choose Custom in the Image size list box.
- **Invert hardcopy**: Causes the Handle Graphics InvertHardcopy property to invert colors for printing. In other words, this option changes dark colors to light colors and light colors to dark colors. To change colors in your image, choose one of the following options:
  - Automatic: Automatically changes dark axes colors to a light axes color. If the axes color is a light color, this option does not invert the color.
  - Invert: Changes dark axes colors to light axes colors, and light axes colors to dark axes colors.
  - Don't invert: Does not change the colors in the image that appears on the screen for printing.
  - Use figure's InvertHardcopy setting: Uses the InvertHardcopy property set in the Handle Graphics image.
  - Make figure background transparent: Makes the image background transparent.

Display Options

- Scaling: Options include:
  - Fixed size: Specifies the number and type of units.
  - Zoom: Specifies the percentage, maximum size, and units of measure.

- Use image size: Sets the size of the image in the report to the same size as it is on screen.
- Size: Specifies the size of the snapshot in the form w h (width height) format. This field is active only if you choose Fixed size in the Scaling selection list.
- Max size: Specifies the maximum size of the snapshot in the form w h (width height). This field is active only if you choose Zoom from the Scaling selection list.
- Units: Allows you to enter units for the size of the snapshot. This field is active only if you choose Zoom or Fixed size in the Image size list box.
- Alignment: Only PDF and RTF reports support this option. Options include:
  - Auto
  - Right
  - Left
  - Center
- Title: Enter text to appear above the snapshot.
- Caption: Enter text to appear under the snapshot.

InsertYes. Figure and/or table.AnythingIntoIntoProvide table.Report?Provide table.Classrptgen\_sl.csl\_blk\_lookup

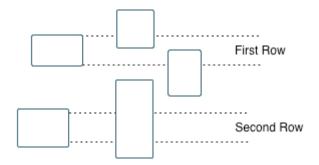
See Also Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop

# Machine Loop

Purpose	Run child components for specified Stateflow machines
Description	This component runs its child components for selected Stateflow machines. The behavior of this component depends on its parent component. If it has no parent, the Machine Loop runs its child components for all machines. If it has the Model Loop is its parent, it runs its child components for all machines in the model.
Loop	Search Stateflow
Options	If selected, searches states that you specify in the field that appears under the check box.
Section Options	• Create section for each object in loop: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object in the loop.
	• <b>Display the object type in the section title</b> : Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.
	• <b>Create link anchor for each object in loop</b> : Creates a hyperlink to each object in the loop.
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes, inserts a section if you select the <b>Create section for each object in loop</b> option.
Class	rptgen_sf.csf_machine_loop
See Also	Model Loop

Purpose	Apply all child components to blocks that do not have requirements
Description	This component runs its child components for each block in the current system, model, or signal that do not have associated requirements.
	For more information on working with looping components, see "Working with Looping Components" on page 6-3.
Report On	This pane describes the type of object on which this component operates.
	• Automatic list from context: Report on all blocks in the current context that do not have associated requirements. The parent component of the Block Loop component determines its context. If this component does not have the Model Loop, System Loop, Signal Loop, or Block Loop as its parent, selecting this option causes this component to report on all blocks in all models that do not have associated requirements.
	Options include:
	<ul> <li>Model Loop: Reports on all blocks in the current model with no associated requirements.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>System Loop: Reports on all blocks in the current system with no associated requirements.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Signal Loop: Reports on all blocks connected to the current signal with no associated requirements.</li> </ul>
	• <b>Custom - use block list</b> : Enables you to specify a list of blocks on which to report. Enter the full path of each block.
Loop Options	Choose block sorting options and reporting options in this pane.
Ophons	Sort blocks:
	Use this option to select how to sort blocks (applied to each level in a model):

- Alphabetically by block name: Sorts blocks alphabetically by their names.
- Alphabetically by system name: Sorts systems alphabetically. Lists the blocks in each system, but in no particular order.
- Alphabetically by full Simulink path: Sorts blocks alphabetically by Simulink path.
- By block type: Sorts blocks alphabetically by block type.
- By block depth: Sorts blocks by their depth in the model.
- By layout (left to right): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *rows*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the row. The row contains all other blocks that overlap the horizontal area defined by the top and bottom edges of the anchor block. The other rows use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.



By layout (top to bottom): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *columns*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the column. The column contains all other blocks that overlap the vertical area defined by the left and right edges of the anchor block. The other columns use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.

- By traversal order. Sorts blocks by traversal order.
- By simulation order. Sorts blocks by execution order.
- %<VariableName>: Inserts the value of a variable from the MATLAB workspace. The %<> notation can denote a string or cell array. The following example reports on the theta dot integrator block and the theta integrator block in the demo model simppend, using the variable Z={ 'simppend/theta'}:

```
simppend/theta dot
%<Z>
```

The generated report includes information about the following blocks:

- simppend/theta dot
- simppend/theta

For more information, see %<VariableName> Notation on the Text component reference page in the MATLAB Report Generator documentation.

- Search for Simulink property name/property value pairs: Reports only on Simulink blocks with specified property name/property value pairs that do not have associated requirements.
- Section Options
- Create section for each object in loop: Inserts a section in the generated report for each block found in the loop.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Automatically inserts the object type into the section title in the generated report.
- **Create link anchor for each object in loop**: Create a hyperlink to the block in the generated report.

# Missing Requirements Block Loop

Insert Anything into Report?	Yes, inserts a section if you select the <b>Create section for each object</b> <b>in loop</b> option.
Class Name	RptgenRMI.NoReqBlockLoop
See Also	Block Loop, Missing Requirements System Loop, Requirements Block Loop, Requirements Documents Table, Requirements Signal Loop, Requirements Summary Table, Requirements System Loop, Requirements Table

## **Purpose** Loop only on systems and subsystems that do not have associated requirements

**Description** This component runs its child components for each system or subsystem defined by the parent component that does not have associated requirements. Insert this component as the child of a Model Loop component to include systems and subsystems that do not have any associated requirements in the report.

### **Report On** • Loop on Systems:

- Select systems automatically: Reports on all systems in the current context that do not have associated requirements. Options include:
  - Model Loop: Reports on systems in the current model.
  - System Loop: Reports on the current system.
  - Signal Loop: Reports on the parent system of the current signal.

• Block Loop: Reports on the parent system of the current block. If this component does not have any of these components as its parent, selecting this option reports on all systems in all models that do not have associated requirements.

- **Custom use system list**: Reports on a list of specified systems. Specify the full path of each system.
- %<VariableName>: Inserts the value of a variable from the MATLAB workspace. The %<> notation can denote a string or cell array. For more information, see %<VariableName> Notation on the Text component reference page.

Loop Options

- Sort Systems: Specifies how to sort systems. Options include:
  - Alphabetically by system name (default): Sorts systems alphabetically by name.

	<ul> <li>By number of blocks in system: Sorts systems by number of blocks. The list shows systems by decreasing number of blocks. In other words, it shows the system with the largest number of blocks that do not have requirements appears first in the list.</li> </ul>					
	• By system depth: Sorts systems by their depth in the model.					
	• By traversal order: Sorts systems in the traversal order.					
	• Search for: Reports only on blocks with specified property name/property value pairs that do not have associated requirements.					
Section Options	• Create section for each object in loop: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.					
	• <b>Display the object type in the section title</b> : Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.					
	• Number sections by system hierarchy: Hierarchically numbers sections in the generated report.					
	• Create link anchor for each object in loop: Creates a hyperlink to the object in the generated report.					
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes, inserts a section if you select the <b>Create section for each object in loop</b> option.					
Class	RptgenRMI.NoReqSystemLoop					
See Also	Block Loop, Missing Requirements Block Loop, Requirements Block Loop, Requirements Documents Table, Requirements Signal Loop, Requirements Summary Table, Requirements System Loop, Requirements Table, System Loop					

Purpose	Insert Model Advisor report or link to Model Advisor report for current model
Description	This component inserts a Model Advisor report for the current model into the report if the report is in HTML format. For other report formats, it inserts a link to a Model Advisor report for the current model. For more information about Model Advisor reports, see "About the Model Advisor" in the Simulink documentation.
Properties	<b>Use existing report</b> : Includes an existing Model Advisor report in the report. This check box is selected by default. Clearing this option generates a new Model Advisor report.
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes, a Model Advisor report.
Class	rptgen_sl.CModelAdvisor
See Also	Model Change Log

## Model Change Log

Purpose	Construct model history table that displays model revision information						
Description	Run this component before you run the Model Simulation component. It uses a reported model's ModifiedHistory parameter to construct a model history table that displays information about each logged revision to the model. This model history table includes:						
	• The author of each change						
	• The model version of the change						
	• The time and date of the change						
	• A description of the change						
	For more information on model history, see "Creating a Model Change History" in the Simulink documentation.						
	<b>Tip</b> If your model has a long revision history, consider limiting the number of revisions reported.						
Table Columns	Choose the information displayed in the model revision table in this section:						
	• Author name: Includes the name of the person who last revised the model.						
	• Version: Includes the version number of the model.						
	• <b>Date changed</b> : Includes the revision date of the model.						
	• <b>Description of change</b> : Includes a description of the revision to the model.						

Table Rows	• Limit displayed revisions to: Limits the number of revisions that appears in the report.				
	• Show revisions since date: Limits the number of revisions that appears in the report by date. Enter the date in the corresponding text field. This field supports % <varname> notation. For example, the default value, %<datestr(now-14)>, returns revision history for the last two weeks.</datestr(now-14)></varname>				
Table Display	<ul><li>Choose how the model revision history table appears in this section.</li><li>Table title: Specifies the title of the table.</li></ul>				
	• <b>Sort order</b> : Sorts the table entries from most recent to oldest, or from oldest to most recent.				
	• <b>Date format</b> : Specifies a preferred date format for the date/time stamps in the table.				
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. Table.				
Class	rptgen_sl.csl_mdl_changelog				
See Also	Model Advisor Report				

## **Model Configuration Set**

Purpose	Insert active configuration set of a model into a report							
Description	This component displays a table with the active configuration set for the model.							
	For information about configurations sets, see "Setting Up Configuration Sets".							
Display Options	• <b>Title</b> : Specifies a title for the table in the generated report. Options include:							
	<ul> <li>Automatic: Generates a title automatically from the parameter.</li> </ul>							
	- Custom: Specifies a custom title.							
	<ul> <li>None: Uses no title.</li> </ul>							
	• Show configuration set table grids: Show grid lines for the							
	• Make configuration set tables page wide: Make the table as wide as the page.							
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. Table.							
Class	rptgen_sl.csl_mdl_cfgset							
See Also	Model Loop, System Loop							

### Purpose Loop on Simulink models and systems, as specified by child components

**Description** This component loops on Simulink models and systems, as specified by child components. For example, you can use a Model Loop with a child System Loop to report on the subsystems of the specified system.

Consider making these components children of the Model Loop (although the Model Loop not necessarily required to be the immediate parent of a given component).

Models to<br/>IncludeYou can add a model to the list by clicking Add New Model to List.<br/>The following table shows the buttons you can use to move a model up<br/>or down in the list, or to add or delete a model.

Button	Action
1	Move a model up in the list.
•	Move a model down in the list.
×	Remove a model from the list.
*	Add a new model to the list.

Model Options

• Active: Includes a given model in the loop. This option is selected by default. Clearing this option omits the model from the loop.

This option allows you to temporarily omit one or more models from a report.

- Model name: Specifies the model name. Options include:
  - Current block diagram
  - All open models
  - All open libraries

- Block diagrams in current directory
- Custom block diagram: Selecting this option automatically sets the Starting system(s) field \$top to start in the model root system.
- %<VariableName>: For more information, see %<VariableName> Notation on the Text component reference page in the MATLAB Report Generator documentation.
- Traverse model: Specifies the systems to traverse. Options include:
  - All systems in model
  - Selected system(s) only
  - Selected system(s) and ancestors
  - Selected system(s) and children
- Look under masks: Specifies how to handle masks. Options include:
  - Functional masks only
  - No masks
  - All masks
  - Graphical masks only

For more information, see "Working with Block Masks" in the Simulink documentation.

- Follow library links: Specifies library links to include. Options include:
  - Do not follow library links
  - Include library links
  - Include unique library links
     For more information, see "Creating a Reference Block" in the Simulink documentation.

- **Model reference**: Specifies whether to report on models referenced by a Model block. If you want to report on referenced models, then you can control the depth of the model referencing hierarchy and whether to report on model reference variants.
  - Do not follow model reference blocks: Do not report on blocks contained in referenced models.
  - Follow all model reference blocks: Report on blocks contained in all models that any part of the model hierarchy references.
  - Follow model reference blocks defined in current model: Report on blocks in models that the currently selected model references.
  - <Custom model reference depth>: Report on blocks in models that your specified level in the model reference hierarchy references.
- **Include all variants**: Report on all model reference variants. To enable this option, set the **Model reference** option to report on blocks in referenced models.
- Starting system(s): Specifies the system in which to start the loop. Available options depend on the value that you select in the **Traverse** model option. Selecting any option other than All systems in model for **Traverse model** activates the **Starting system(s)** option.

If you do not enter a model name in the **Model name** option, then select either Root model or Current to specify where to start the loop.

If you specify a model name in the **Model name** option, then the **Starting system(s)** option provides an edit box in which you can enter:

- The full path of a subsystem or subsytems
- \$top to start the loop in the model root system
- \$current to start the loop in the currently selected system

## Model Loop

Section Options	• Create section for each object in loop: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.					
	• <b>Display the object type in the section title</b> : Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.					
	• <b>Create link anchor for each object in loop</b> : Creates a hyperlink to the object in the generated report.					
Examples	Generating Reports on Specified Systems and their Subsystems					
	This example shows how to loop over a specified system and its subsystems in the sample model sldemo_auto_climate_elec, which the Simulink software includes.					
	1 (Optional) To open the sldemo_auto_climate_elec model, at the MATLAB command prompt, enter the following command:					
	<pre>sldemo_auto_climate_elec</pre>					
	Explore the model to familiarize yourself with its subsystems.					
	<b>2</b> Open the Report Explorer.					
	<b>3</b> Create a report template by clicking <b>File &gt; New</b> .					
	4 Save the report template by clicking File > Save As. Give it the name sldemo_auto_report.					
	<b>5</b> Add a Chapter/Subsection component to the report template to include information about model subsystems:					
	<b>a</b> In the Options pane in the middle, double-click Chapter/Subsection to add it to the report template.					
	b For Title, choose Custom. In the title field, enter Description of sldemo_auto_climate_elec subsystems.					
	6 Add a Model Loop as a child of the Chapter/Subsection component. This loops over the ClimateControlSystem system and its subsystems in the sldemo_auto_climate_elec model:					

- **a** In the Options pane in the middle, double-click Model Loop to add it to the report template. By default, the Report Explorer adds that component as a child of the Chapter/Subsection component.
- b In the Model Loop properties pane, from the Model name selection list, select <Custom block diagram>.
- c In the Model name field, delete the text <Custom block diagram>, and then enter sldemo\_auto\_climate\_elec.mdl. Click any component in the report template to add this model to the Models to include list.
- **d** In the **Traverse model** selection list, select **Selected** system(s) and children.
- e In the Look under masks selection list, select All masks.
- f In the Model reference selection list, select Do not follow
   model reference blocks.
- g In the Starting system(s) field, enter sldemo\_auto\_climate\_elec/ClimateControlSystem. Because you selected Selected system(s) and children for Traverse model, the Model Loop loops over sldemo\_auto\_climate\_elec/ClimateControlSystem and its subsystems.
- **h** Under Section Options, select the Create section for each object in loop check box. Selecting this option creates separate sections in the generated report for each model over which the component loops.

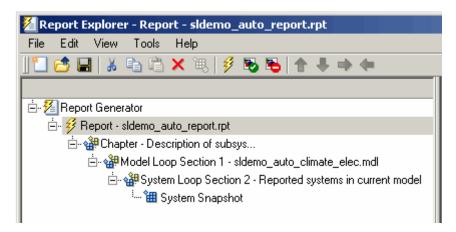
The Model Loop properties pane looks as follows.

Model Loop				
Models to Include	Model Options			
Models to Include:	Active			
sldemo_auto_climate_elec	Model name:	sldemo_auto_climate_elec.md	· ·	
	Traverse model:	Selected system(s) and childre	n	•
	Look under masks:	All masks		•
	Follow library links:	Do not follow library links		-
1	Model reference:	Do not follow model reference	e blocks 💌	
*		Include all variants		
	Starting system(s):	sidemo_auto_climate_elec/Clir	mateControlSy	stem
Section Options Create section for each object in loop Display the object type in the section titl	le			
Create link anchor for each object in loop	p			
			Revert	Help

**7** Save the report by clicking **File > Save**.

- 8 Add a System Loop as a child of the Model Loop component.
  - **a** In the Options pane in the middle, double-click System Loop to add it to the report template. By default, Model Explorer adds this component as a child of the Model Loop component.
  - **b** In the System Loop properties pane, under Section Options, select the Create section for each object in loop check box. Selecting this option creates a section in the generated report for each subsystem on which the component loops. Accept the default values for all other fields.
- **9** Add a System Snapshot component as a child of the System Loop component. This step creates snapshots of all the subsystems of ClimateControlSystem in the generated report. In the Options pane in the middle, double-click System Snapshot. By default, Model Explorer adds this component as a child of the System Loop component.
- **10** Save the report.

The report template hierarchy now looks as follows.



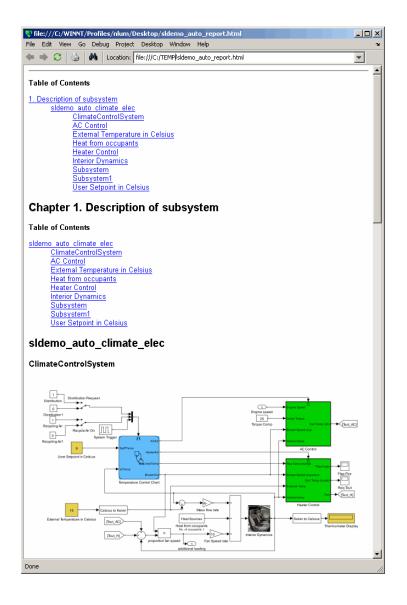
**11** Run the report by clicking **File > Report**.

The report loops on the system ClimateControlSystem of the sldemo\_auto\_climate\_elec model and all of its subsystems, as shown in the following Message List.

🖄 Message List 📃 🔍
3) Important messages (running a loop)
Beginning report
Looping on model "sldemo_auto_climate_elec"
Looping on system "ClimateControlSystem"
Looping on system "AC Control"
Looping on system "External Temperature in Celsius"
Looping on system "Heat from occupants"
Looping on system "Heater Control"
Looping on system "Interior Dynamics"
Looping on system "Subsystem"
Looping on system "Subsystem1"
Looping on system "User Setpoint in Celsius"
Converting report
Report complete

The report looks as follows.

### **Model Loop**



### Temporarily Omitting a Model from a Loop

This example shows how to use the Model Loop Active check box to temporarily omit a model from the loop. This example uses the report template that you created in Generating Reports on Specified Systems and their Subsystems, sldemo\_auto\_report.rpt, and the model f14.mdl, which the Simulink software includes.

- 1 In the Report Explorer, click File > Open, and then open sldemo\_auto\_report.rpt by double-clicking it.
- 2 In the Outline pane on the left, click Model Loop Section 1 sldemo\_auto\_climate\_elec.
- **3** In the Model Loop properties pane, click the **Solution** button to add a model to the **Models to include** list.
- **4** In the Model Loop properties pane, from the **Model name** selection list, select <Custom block diagram>.
- 5 In the **Model name** field, delete the text <Custom block diagram> and enter f14.mdl.

The Model Loop properties pane now looks as follows.

Look under masks: All masks Follow library links: Do not follow library links	Models to Include	Model Options	
sidemo_auto_dimate_elec       Interview       I	Models to Include:	Active	
Traverse model:       All systems in model         Look under masks:       All masks         Follow library links:       Do not follow library links         Model reference:       Do not follow model reference blocks         Indude all variants       Starting system(s):         \$top       \$top         Section Options       Create section for each object in loop         Display the object type in the section title       Starting system (s):		Model name: f14.mdl	▼
Follow library links:       Do not follow library links         Model reference:       Do not follow model reference blocks         Image: Comparison of the section state of the section for each object in loop       Image: Comparison of the section state of the section state of the section secccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc		Traverse model: All systems in model	•
Model reference:       Do not follow model reference blocks         Indude all variants         Starting system(s):         Stop         Section Options         Create section for each object in loop         Display the object type in the section title		Look under masks: All masks	•
Section Options Create section for each object in loop Create section for each object in loop Display the object type in the section title		Follow library links: Do not follow library link	s 💌
Starting system(s): Stop	1	Model reference: Do not follow model refe	erence blocks
Section Options		🔽 Include all variants	
Section Options		Starting system(s): stop	
Section Options Create section for each object in loop Cipipaly the object type in the section title			
<ul> <li>✓ Create section for each object in loop</li> <li>✓ Display the object type in the section title</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>✓ Create section for each object in loop</li> <li>✓ Display the object type in the section title</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>✓ Create section for each object in loop</li> <li>✓ Display the object type in the section title</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>✓ Create section for each object in loop</li> <li>✓ Display the object type in the section title</li> </ul>			
Create section for each object in loop  Display the object type in the section title			
<ul> <li>✓ Create section for each object in loop</li> <li>✓ Display the object type in the section title</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>✓ Create section for each object in loop</li> <li>✓ Display the object type in the section title</li> </ul>			
Display the object type in the section title	-Section Options		
- Control - Cont	Create section for each object in lo		
	Create section for each object in lo	ion title	

- **6** Save the report template.
- **7** Generate the report.

The report generation process loops over the specified systems in the f14 and sldemo\_auto\_climate\_elec models, as shown in the following message box.

Message List
3) Important messages (running a loop)
Beginning report
Looping on model "f14"
Looping on system "f14"
Looping on system "Aircraft Dynamics Model"
Looping on system "Controller"
Looping on system "Dryden Wind Gust Models"
Looping on system "More Info2"
Looping on system "Nz pilot calculation"
<pre>Looping on model "sldemo_auto_climate_elec"</pre>
Looping on system "ClimateControlSystem"
Looping on system "AC Control"
Looping on system "External Temperature in Celsius"
Looping on system "Heat from occupants"
Looping on system "Heater Control"
Looping on system "Interior Dynamics"
Looping on system "Subsystem"
Looping on system "Subsystem1"
Looping on system "User Setpoint in Celsius"
Converting report
Report complete

The report looks as follows.

9	🐫 file:///H:/Documents/DOC/RptGen/sldemo_auto_report.html								
File	Edi	t View	Go	Debug	Project	Desktop	Window	Help	
-	- 10	0	3	<b>#</b>	ocation:	file:///H:/D	ocuments/	DOC/RptGen/sldemo_auto_report.html	

#### Table of Contents

1. Description of subsystem
f14
Aircraft Dynamics Model
Controller
Dryden Wind Gust Models
More Info2
Nz pilot calculation
sldemo auto climate elec
<u>ClimateControlSystem</u>
AC Control
External Temperature in Celsius
Heat from occupants
Heater Control
Interior Dynamics
Subsystem
Subsystem1
User Setpoint in Celsius

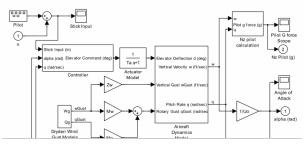
Chapter 1. Description of subsystem

Table of Contents









	8 In the Models to include list, click f14 to select it.
	<b>9</b> Clear the <b>Active</b> check box to omit f14 model information from the generated report.
	<b>10</b> Rerun the report.
	The report now includes information only on the sldemo_auto_climate_elec model, as shown at the end of the previous example, Generating Reports on Specified Systems and their Subsystems.
	<b>11</b> To reactivate the f14 model, in the Model Loop <b>Models to include</b> list, select the f14 model and then select the <b>Active</b> check box.
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes, inserts a section if you select the <b>Create section for each object</b> <b>in loop</b> option.
Class	rptgen_sl.csl_mdl_loop
See Also	Block Loop, System Loop

Purpose	Run current model with specified simulation parameters
Description	This component runs the current model using specified simulation parameters. Ensure that this component has the Model Loop component as its parent.
	For more information on simulation parameters, see "Configuration Parameters Dialog Box" in the Simulink documentation.
I/O	Use model's workspace I/O variable names
Parameters	Use the names of the parameters specified in the Simulation Parameters dialog box.
	The following options are available if you do not select the <b>Use model's</b> workspace I/O variable names option:
	• <b>Time</b> : Specifies a new variable name for the <b>Time</b> parameter.
	• <b>States</b> : Specifies a new variable name for the <b>States</b> parameter.
	• <b>Output</b> : Specifies a new variable name for the <b>Output</b> parameter.
Timespan	<b>Use model's timespan values</b> : Use the model's <b>Start time</b> and <b>Stop time</b> values, as specified in the <b>Solver</b> tab in the Simulation Parameters dialog box.
	The following options are available if you do not select the <b>Use model's timespan values</b> option:
	• <b>Start</b> : Specifies a simulation starting time.

• **Stop**: Specifies a simulation ending time.

	<b>Note</b> If you set the stop time of your model to inf (infinity) in Simulink or on this component attribute page, Simulink Report Generator terminates the model simulation after 60 seconds. Terminating the report prevents the report generation process from entering an infinite loop.
Simulation Options	• Compile model before simulation: Compiles the model before simulating, preserving scope content. Select this option if:
	<ul> <li>You use Simulink Coder Summary properties.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>You sort systems or blocks by simulation order.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>You use scope snapshots.</li> </ul>
	• <b>Simulation status messages</b> : Displays simulation status messages, or inserts them into the report. Options include:
	<ul> <li>Display to command line: Sends messages to a command-line window.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Display to Report Generator Message List: Sends messages to the Simulink Report Generator message window.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Insert into report: Includes messages in the report.</li> </ul>
	• Simulation parameters: Specifies simulation parameters.
Insert Anything into Report?	No.
Class	rptgen_sl.csl_mdl_sim
See Also	Model Loop

## **Purpose** Run child components for Stateflow objects, and then insert table into report

**Description** This component runs its child components for each Stateflow object and inserts a table into the generated report.

# Object• Report on "Data" objects: Includes Stateflow data objects in the<br/>loop.

- **Report on "Event" objects**: Includes Stateflow event objects in the loop.
- **Report on "Transition" objects**: Includes Stateflow transition objects in the loop.
- **Report on "Junction" objects**: Includes Stateflow junction objects in the loop.
- **Report on "Target" objects**: Includes Stateflow target objects in the loop.
- **Report on "Note" objects**: Includes Stateflow note objects in the loop.

### Loop Options

- **Report depth**: Specifies the level at which to loop:
  - Local children only (Default). Reports only on children one level down.
  - All objects. Reports on all Stateflow objects.
- Skip autogenerated charts under truth tables: Excludes autogenerated charts under truth tables from the report.
- Remove objects which do not contain more information than a snapshot: Excludes objects that contain only a snapshot.
- Search Stateflow: Reports on Stateflow charts with specified property name/property value pairs.

## **Object Loop**

Section Options	• Create section for each object in loop: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.
	• <b>Display the object type in the section title</b> : Automatically inserts the object type into the section title in the generated report.
	• Create link anchor for each object in loop: Creates a hyperlink to the Stateflow object in the generated report.
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes, inserts a section if you select the <b>Create section for each object in loop</b> option.
Class	rptgen_sf.csf_obj_loop
See Also	Stateflow Filter, Stateflow Hierarchy, Stateflow Hierarchy Loop

### **Purpose** Apply child components to blocks with requirements

**Description** This component applies its child components to blocks with associated requirements.

- Automatic list from context: If selected, this option reports on all blocks in the current context. The parent of the Requirements Block Loop component determines its context. Options include:
  - Model Loop: Reports on all blocks with requirements in the current model.
  - System Loop: Reports on all blocks with requirements in the current system.
  - Signal Loop: Reports on all blocks with requirements connected to the current signal.

If the Requirements Block Loop does not have the Model Loop, System Loop, Signal Loop, or Block Loop component as its parent, it reports on all blocks in all models.

• **Custom - use block list**: Reports on a list of blocks with specified requirements. Enter the full paths of each block into this field.

#### • Sort blocks

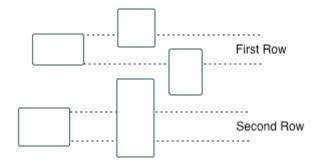
Loop

**Options** 

Specify how to sort blocks (applied to each level in a model):

- Alphabetically by block name: Sorts blocks alphabetically by name.
- Alphabetically by system name: Sorts systems and subsystems alphabetically by name. (Blocks in each system do not appear in alphabetical order).
- Alphabetically by full Simulink path: Sorts blocks alphabetically by Simulink path.
- By block type: Sorts blocks alphabetically by block type.
- By block depth: Sorts blocks by their depth in the model.

• By layout (left to right): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *rows*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the row. The row contains all other blocks that overlap the horizontal area defined by the top and bottom edges of the anchor block. The other rows use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.



- By layout (top to bottom): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *columns*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the column. The column contains all other blocks that overlap the vertical area defined by the left and right edges of the anchor block. The other columns use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.
- By traversal order: Sorts blocks by traversal order.
- By simulation order: Sorts blocks by execution order.
- Search for Simulink property name/property value pairs: Reports on Simulink blocks with specified property name/property value pairs that have associated requirements.
- Section Options
- Create section for each object in loop: Inserts a section in the generated report for each block found in the loop that has associated requirements.

	• <b>Display the object type in the section title</b> : Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.
	• <b>Create link anchor for each object in loop</b> : Creates a hyperlink to the block in the generated report.
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes, inserts a section if you select the <b>Create section for each object in loop</b> option.
Class	RptgenRMI.CBlockLoop
See Also	Missing Requirements Block Loop, Missing Requirements System Loop, Model Loop, Requirements Block Loop, Requirements Documents Table, Requirements Signal Loop, Requirements Summary Table, Requirements System Loop, Requirements Table

## Requirements Documents Table

Purpose	Insert table of linked requirements documents
Description	This component creates a table that lists all requirements documents linked to model objects.
Table Options	<ul> <li>Show documents linked to</li> <li>Simulink and Stateflow objects: Inserts requirements documents linked to both Simulink and Stateflow objects in the model.</li> <li>Simulink objects: Inserts requirements documents linked only to Simulink objects in the model.</li> <li>Stateflow objects: Inserts requirements documents linked only to Stateflow objects in the model.</li> <li>Table title: Specifies a title for the table. Options include: <ul> <li>No title</li> <li>Model name (Default)</li> <li>Custom</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Table Columns	<ul> <li>Replace document paths with links: Inserts links to requirements documents when possible.</li> <li>When replacing with links, note absolute vs. relative file path: Indicates absolute or relative file paths when including links to requirements documents.</li> <li>Include document modification time: Includes the document modification information.</li> <li>Count # references to each document: Includes a count of the number of references to the requirements document in the model.</li> </ul>
Document References	• <b>Replace file names with document IDs in the main body of the</b> <b>report</b> : Includes shortened IDs to identify requirements documents to simplify the requirements documents table.

	• Retrieve full module path for DOORS links (requires login): This option applies only to DOORS <sup>®</sup> requirements. Append the DOORS module ID to the module path in the DOORS database if the module information is not stored with the model.
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. Table.
Class	RptgenRMI.ReqDocTable
See Also	, Requirements Summary Table, Requirements Table

## **Requirements Signal Loop**

Purpose	Apply all child components to signal groups with requirements
Description	The Requirements Signal Loop component applies all child components to signal groups that have requirements in Signal Builder blocks.
Properties	• <b>Create link anchor for each object in loop</b> : Creates a hyperlink to each object with requirements in the loop.
	• <b>Display the object type in the section title</b> : Inserts the object name with requirements into the section title.
	• <b>Create section for each object in loop</b> : Creates a hyperlink to each object with requirements in the loop.
	• Section Type: Specifies the section type to insert. If you choose Automatic, the Simulink Report Generator software determines the appropriate section type:
	<ul> <li>Book</li> </ul>
	Chapter
	Section 1
	Section 2
	Section 3
	Section 4
	Section 5
	Simple Section
	Automatic
Report On	Loops on signal groups in systems:
	• Collect all Signal Builders: Processes all Signal Builder blocks, looking for signal groups with requirements.

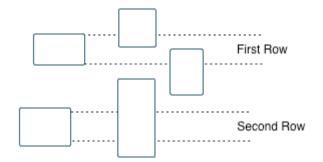
	• Custom - use list: Processes all subsystems in the user-defined list. If a subsystem on the list does not have requirements, the Simulink Report Generator software does not include it in the report.
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes, inserts a section if you select the <b>Create section for each object in loop</b> option.
Class	RptgenRMI.CSystemLoop
See Also	Missing Requirements Block Loop, Missing Requirements System Loop, Requirements Block Loop, Requirements Documents Table, Requirements Summary Table, Requirements System Loop, Requirements Table, Signal Loop

## **Requirements Summary Table**

Properties of blocks, systems, or Stateflow objects with associated requirements
This component displays properties of blocks, systems, or Stateflow objects with associated requirements.
Choose the object type to display in the generated report. Options include:
• Block (Default)
• System
• Stateflow
The selected object type affects the options available in the <b>Property Columns</b> pane.
Specify a table title in the generated report. Options include:
• Automatic: Generates a title automatically from the parameter.
• Custom: Specifies a custom title.
• Object properties to include in the Requirements Summary Table appear in a list.
<ul> <li>To add a property:</li> </ul>
<b>1</b> Select the appropriate property level in the text box on the left.
<b>2</b> In the text box on the right, select the property that you want to add and click <b>Add</b> .
- To delete a property, select the property name and click <b>Delete</b> .
% <splitdialogparameters> is a unique property that you can specify for Requirements Summary Tables where the object type is Block. This property generates multiple summary tables, grouped</splitdialogparameters>

	by block type. Each Summary Table group contains the dialog box parameters for that block.
	Some entries in the list of available properties (such as Depth) are "virtual" properties that you cannot access using the get_param command. The properties used for property/value filtering in the block and System Loop components must be retrievable by the get_param. Therefore, you cannot configure your Requirements Summary Table to report on all blocks of Depth == 2.
	• <b>Remove empty columns</b> : Removes empty columns from the table.
	• <b>Transpose table</b> : Changes the summary table rows into columns in the generated report, putting the property names in the first column and the values in the other columns.
Object Rows	• <b>Insert anchor for each row</b> : Inserts an anchor for each row in the Requirements Summary Table.
	• Report On
	<ul> <li>Automatic list from context: Reports on all blocks in the current context. The parent of this component determines its context.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Custom - use block list: Reports on a list of blocks that you specify, and enters the block names in the corresponding field. Specify the full path of each block.</li> </ul>
Loop Options	Choose block sorting options and reporting options in this pane.
	• <b>Sort blocks</b> : Use this option to select how to sort blocks (applied to each level in a model):
	<ul> <li>Alphabetically by block name: Sorts blocks alphabetically by name.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Alphabetically by system name. Sorts systems alphabetically. Lists blocks in each system, but in no particular order.</li> </ul>

- Alphabetically by full Simulink path: Sorts blocks alphabetically by Simulink path.
- By block type: Sorts blocks alphabetically by block type.
- By block depth: Sorts blocks by their depth in the model.
- By layout (left to right): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *rows*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the row. The row contains all other blocks that overlap the horizontal area defined by the top and bottom edges of the anchor block. The other rows use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.



- By layout (top to bottom): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *columns*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the column. The column contains all other blocks that overlap the vertical area defined by the left and right edges of the anchor block. The other columns use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.
- By traversal order: Sorts blocks by traversal order.
- By simulation order: Sorts blocks by execution order.
- Search for Simulink property name/property value pairs: Reports on blocks with specified property name/property value pairs.

Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. Table.
Class	RptgenRMI.CSummaryTable
See Also	Block Loop, Missing Requirements Block Loop, Missing Requirements System Loop, Requirements Block Loop, Requirements Documents Table, Requirements Signal Loop, Requirements System Loop, Requirements Table

## Requirements System Loop

Purpose	Apply child components to systems with requirements
Description	This component applies its child components to systems with associated requirements.
Report On	• Loop on systems
	<ul> <li>Select systems automatically: If selected, this option reports on all systems in the current context. The parent of the component determines the context of this setting:</li> </ul>
	• Model Loop: Reports on systems in the current model.
	• System Loop: Reports on the current system.
	• Signal Loop: Reports on the parent system of the current signal.
	• Block Loop: Reports on the parent system of the current block.
	If the Requirement System Loop does not have any of these components as its parent, selecting this option reports on all systems with requirements in all models.
	<ul> <li>Custom - use system list: Reports on a list of specified systems. Enter the full path of each system.</li> </ul>
Loop Options	• Sort Systems: Options include:
	<ul> <li>Alphabetically by system name (default): Sorts systems alphabetically by name.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>By number of blocks in system: Sorts systems by the number of blocks in the system. The list displays systems by decreasing number of blocks; the system with the largest number of blocks appears first in the list.</li> </ul>
	By system depth: Sorts systems by their depth in the model.
	<ul> <li>By traversal order: Sorts systems in the traversal order.</li> </ul>

	• <b>Search for</b> : Reports on Simulink blocks with specified property name/property value pairs.	
Section Options	• Create section for each object in loop: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.	
	• <b>Display the object type in the section title</b> : Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.	
	• Number sections by system hierarchy: Numbers sections in the generated report hierarchically.	
	• <b>Create link anchor for each object in loop</b> : Creates a hyperlink to the object in the generated report.	
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes, inserts a section if you select the <b>Create section for each object</b> <b>in loop</b> option.	
Class	RptgenRMI.CSystemLoop	
See Also	Missing Requirements Block Loop, Missing Requirements System Loop, Requirements Block Loop, Requirements Documents Table, Requirements Signal Loop, Requirements Summary Table, Requirements Table, System Loop	

## **Requirements Table**

Purpose	Requirements links for current context	
Description	This component creates a table that contains information from the Simulink Verification and Validation software. Objects can have multiple requirements. Each requirement is a row in the table.	
Table Options	• <b>Show requirements for current</b> : Specifies the object type to display. Options include:	
	Simulink object	
	Stateflow object	
	• <b>Table title</b> : Specifies a title for the table. Options include:	
	No title	
	<pre>• Object name (Default)</pre>	
Custom		
Table	• <b>Description</b> : Includes the object description in the table.	
Columns	• <b>Document name</b> : Includes the report name in the table.	
	• <b>Locations within document</b> : Includes the locations of the object within the document in the table.	
	• <b>Requirement keyword</b> : Includes the requirement keyword for the object in the table.	
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. Table.	
Class	RptgenRMI.CReqTable	
See Also	Missing Requirements Block Loop, Missing Requirements System Loop, Requirements Block Loop, Requirements Documents	

Table, Requirements Signal Loop, Requirements Summary Table, Requirements System Loop, Stateflow Automatic Table, Stateflow Name

# Scope Snapshot

Purpose	Insert images of Simulink scopes and XY graphs
Description	This component inserts images of Simulink scopes and XY graphs. If the model has not been simulated, scopes are empty. For more information, see the Model Simulation reference page.
	The parent component of the Scope Snapshot determines its behavior. Options include:
	• Model Loop or no Simulink looping component: Includes all XY graphs and scopes in the current model.
	• System Loop: Includes all XY graphs and scopes in the current system.
	• Block Loop: Includes the current block when it is an XY graph or scope.
	• Signal Loop: Includes all XY graphs and scopes connected to the current signal.
	If the Scope Snapshot does not have any of the Simulink looping components as its parent, it includes all XY graphs and scopes in all open models.
Scope Options	• <b>Report on closed scopes</b> : Takes a snapshot of all scopes in context. This option forces closed scopes to open when the report is generating.
	• Autoscale time axis: Scales the Simulink scope time axis to include the entire log.
Print Options	• Image file format: Specifies the image file format (for example, JPEG, TIFF, etc.). Select Automatic HG Format (the default) to choose the format best suited for the specified output format automatically. Otherwise, choose an image format that your output viewer can read. Options include:
	<ul> <li>Automatic HG Format (uses the Simulink file format selected in the Preferences dialog box)</li> </ul>

- Bitmap (16m-color)
- Bitmap (256-color)
- Black and white encapsulated PostScript
- Black and white encapsulated PostScript (TIFF)
- Black and white encapsulated PostScript2
- Black and white encapsulated PostScript2 (TIFF)
- Black and white PostScript
- Black and white PostScript2
- Color encapsulated PostScript
- Color encapsulated PostScript (TIFF)
- Color encapsulated PostScript2
- Color encapsulated PostScript2 (TIFF)
- Color PostScript
- Color PostScript2
- JPEG high quality image
- JPEG medium quality image
- JPEG low quality image
- PNG 24-bit image
- TIFF compressed
- TIFF uncompressed
- Windows metafile
- Paper orientation:
  - Landscape
  - Portrait
  - Rotated

Use figure orientation

For more information about paper orientation, see the orient reference page in the MATLAB documentation.

- Image size: Specifies the size of the Handle Graphics figure snapshot in the form [w h] (width height). In the units text box, select one of the follow options:
  - Inches
  - Centimeters
  - Points
  - Normalized
- **Invert hardcopy**: Inverts colors for printing; that is, changes dark colors to light colors and light colors to dark colors. Options include:
  - Automatic: Automatically changes dark axes colors to a light axes color. If the axes color is a light color, this option does not invert the color.
  - Invert: Changes dark axes colors to light axes colors and light axes colors to dark axes colors.
  - Don't invert: Does not change the colors in the image that appears on the screen for printing.
  - Use figure's InvertHardcopy setting: Uses the InvertHardcopy property set in the Handle Graphics image.
  - Make figure background transparent: Makes the image background transparent.

#### Scaling:

- **Fixed size**: Specifies the number and type of units.
- Zoom: Specifies the percentage, maximum size, and units of measure.
- Use image size: Causes the image to appear the same size in the report as on screen.

Display

**Options** 

- Size: Specifies the size of the snapshot in the form w h (width height). This field is active only if you choose Fixed size from the Scaling selection list.
- Max size: Specifies the maximum size of the snapshot in the form w h (width height). This field is active only if you choose Zoom from the Scaling selection list.
- Units: Specifies the units for the size of the snapshot. This field is active only if you choose Zoom or Fixed size in the Image size list box.
- Alignment: Options include:
  - Auto
  - Right
  - Left
  - Center

Only PDF and RTF reports support this option.

- Title: Specifies a title for the snapshot figure. Options include:
  - Block name: Uses the block name as the title.
  - Full Simulink path name: Uses the Simulink path as the title.
  - Custom: Specifies a custom title.
- **Caption**: Select or enter a short text description for the snapshot figure. Options include:
  - No caption
  - Automatic (use block description). Uses the Simulink block description as the caption.
  - Custom. Specifies a short text description for the snapshot figure.

#### Scope Snapshot

Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. Image.
Class	rptgen_sl.csl_blk_scope
See Also	Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop

# **Purpose** Run child components for each signal contained in current system, model, or block

**Description** The Signal Loop component runs its child components for each signal contained in the current system, model, or block. The parent component determines the behavior of this component. Options include:

- Model Loop: Loops on all signals in the current model.
- System Loop: Loops on all signals in the current system. Choose not to report on the following types of signals by clearing the corresponding option in the **Section options** area:
  - System input signals
  - System output signals
  - System internal signals
- Signal Loop: Loops on the current signal.
- Block Loop : Loops on all signals connected to the current block. Choose not to report on the following types of signals by clearing the corresponding option in the **Section options** area:
  - Block input signals
  - Block output signals
- If the Signal Loop does not have a looping component as its parent, it loops on all signals in all models. Choose not to report on the following types of signals by clearing the corresponding option in the **Section options** area:
  - Block input signals
  - Block output signals
  - System input signals
  - System output signals
  - System internal signals

#### Select Signals

- **Include block input signals**: Loops on signals that feed into blocks. This option is valid only when the parent component of this component is aBlock Loop.
- **Include block output signals**: Loops on signals that leave the block. This option is valid only when the parent component of this component is aBlock Loop.
- **Include system input signals**: Loops on signals coming from inports. This option is valid only when the parent component of this component is aSystem Loop.
- **Include system internal signals**: Loops on system internal signals. This option is valid only when the parent component of this component is aSystem Loop.
- **Include system output signals**: Loops on signals going to outports. This option is valid only when the parent component of this component is aSystem Loop.
- Sort signals: Specifies how to sort signals:
  - Alphabetically by signal name: Sorts signals alphabetically by name.
  - Alphabetically by signal name (exclude empty): Sorts signals alphabetically by name.
  - Alphabetically by system name: Sorts alphabetically by parent system names. Lists signals in each system, but in no particular order.
  - By signal depth: Sorts signals by their depth in the model.

#### Section Options

- Create section for each object in loop: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Automatically inserts the object type into the section title in the generated report.
- **Create link anchor for each object in loop**: Creates a hyperlink to the object in the generated report.

Insert Anything into Report?	Yes, inserts a section if you select the <b>Create section for each object</b> <b>in loop</b> option.
Class	rptgen_sl.csl_sig_loop
See Also	Block Loop, Model Loop, System Loop

#### Simulink Automatic Table

Purpose	Insert two-column table with information on selected model, system, signal, or block	
Description	This component inserts a two-column table that contains details for the selected model, system, signal, or block into a generated report.	
Options	• <b>Show current</b> : Includes a specified Simulink software feature in the generated report. Options include:	
	<ul> <li>Automatic: Uses the context of the parent loop.</li> </ul>	
	- Model	
	System	
	Block	
	Annotation	
	Signal	
	• <b>Properties list</b> : Specifies whether to select properties manually or automatically. Options include:	
	<ul> <li>Determine properties automatically: Uses blocks and dialog box properties.</li> </ul>	
	Show properties: Enables you to specify properties manually.	
	• <b>Show full path name</b> : Displays the full path of the selected Simulink model.	
	• <b>Display property names as prompts</b> : Displays property names as prompts in the generated report. The report includes the dialog box string instead of the underlying code property.	
Display Options	• <b>Table title</b> : Displays a table title in the generated report. Options include:	
	Name: Automatically generates a title from the parameter.	
	• Custom: Specifies a custom title.	

	<ul> <li>No title: Does not include a title.</li> </ul>	
	• <b>Header row</b> : Select a header row for the table in the generated report. Options include:	
	<ul> <li>No header: Includes no header row.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Type and Name: Includes a header row with columns for name and object type.</li> </ul>	
	- Custom: Includes a custom header.	
	• <b>Don't display empty values</b> : Excludes empty parameters in the generated report.	
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. Table.	
Class	rptgen_sl.csl_auto_table	
See Also	Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop	

## Simulink Dialog Snapshot

Purpose	Insert snapshots of Simulink editor dialog boxes	
Description	This component takes snapshots of Simulink editor dialog boxes. You use it to display the current settings associated with an object or document the appearance of your custom mask dialog boxes.	
	The parent component of this component determines the behavior of this component. Options include:	
	• Block Loop: Documents the dialog box of the current reported block.	
	• System Loop: Documents the dialog box of the current reported system.	
Format	• <b>Image file format</b> : Specifies the format for the snapshot image file. The <b>automatic</b> format chooses BMP format for PDF files, and PNG for other formats.	
	• Show all tabs: Automatically generates images for all the tabs for the dialog box. If you clear this check box, Simulink Report Generator creates an image of only the first tab.	
Display	• Scaling:	
Options	Fixed size: Specifies the number and type of units.	
	<ul> <li>Zoom: Specifies the percentage, maximum size, and units of measure.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Use image size: Causes the image to appear the same size in the report as on screen.</li> </ul>	
	• Size: Specifies the size of the snapshot in the format w h (width height). This field is active only if you choose Fixed size from the Scaling selection list.	
	• Max size: Specifies the maximum size of the snapshot in the format w h (width height). This field is active only if you choose Zoom from the Scaling selection list.	

٠	Units: Specifies the units for the size of the snapshot. This field
	is active only if you choose Zoom or Fixed size in the Image size
	list box.

- Alignment:
  - Auto
  - Right
  - Left

# Center Only PDF and RTF reports support this option.

- Title: Specifies text to appear above the snapshot.
- Caption: Specifies text to appear under the snapshot.

Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. Snapshot.
Class	rptgen_sl.CDialogSnapshot
See Also	Block Loop, System Loop

#### **Simulink Functions and Variables**

Purpose	Create table that displays workspace variables and MATLAB functions used by reported blocks in Simulink models	
Description	This component creates a table that displays workspace variables and MATLAB functions used by blocks in a Simulink model. The Model Loop component specifies the current model and systems in which the blocks appear. For example, suppose a Simulink Gain block has a string cos(x) instead of a number. The Simulink software looks for a variable x in the workspace and uses the cos function.	
Functions	• <b>Include table of functions</b> : Includes a table of Simulink functions in the generated report.	
	• <b>Table Title</b> : Specifies a title for the table in the generated report:	
	<ul> <li>Automatic: Generates a title automatically from the parameter.</li> </ul>	
	• Custom: Specifies a custom title.	
	• <b>Parent block</b> : Includes a column in the table that includes the name of the block, which contains the reported variable.	
	• <b>Calling string</b> : Includes the MATLAB code that calls the reported variable.	
	• Include fixed-point functions (sfix, ufix,): Includes Fixed-Point Toolbox <sup>™</sup> functions in the report.	
Variables	• <b>Include table of variables</b> : Includes a table of Simulink variables in the generated report.	
	• <b>Table title</b> : Specifies a title for the table in the generated report. Options include:	
	<ul> <li>Automatic: Generates a title automatically from the parameter.</li> </ul>	
	• Custom: Specifies a custom title.	
	• Include Workspace I/O parameters: Reports on variables that contain parameters with time vectors and state matrices. Set	

these parameters in the **Workspace I/O** pane in the Simulation Parameters dialog box in a Simulink model.

In the following table, if any of the entries in the first column are on, the component looks for the variable listed in the second column. If the component finds the variable in the workspace, it includes it in the report.

Parameter name	Variable name
LoadExternalInput	ExternalInput
SaveTime	TimeSaveName
SaveState	StateSaveName
SaveOutput	OutputSaveName
LoadInitialState	InitialState
SaveFinalState	FinalStateName

- **Parent block**: Includes the name of the block that contains the reported variable.
- **Calling string**: Includes the MATLAB code that calls the reported variable.
- Size of variable: Includes the size of the reported variable.
- **Class of variable**: Includes the variable class to which the reported variable belongs.
- **Memory size**: Includes the amount of memory in bytes that the reported variable needs.
- Value in workspace: Includes the value of the reported variable.

Large arrays may appear as [MxN CLASS]. For example, if you have a 300-by-200 double array, it appears in the report as [300x200 DOUBLE].

• Storage class: Include the storage class of the reported variable.

The title of this column is **Storage Class**. This option looks at the model's **TunableVars** property to see if any of the model variables specify their storage class. If you specify the storage class, **TunableVarsStorageClass** and **TunableVarsTypeQualifier** appear in a table column in the model variables table.

The column entries are TunableVarsStorageClass (TunableVarsTypeQualifier) when TunableVarsTypeQualifier is not empty. If TunableVarsTypeQualifier is empty, the column entry is TunableVarsStorageClass.

Values for TunableVarsStorageClass include:

- Exported Global
- Auto
- ImportedExtern
- ImportedExtern Pointer
- Data object properties: Reports on data object properties.

#### Example

This table is an example of a table created by the Model Variables component. This Property Table reports on the variables in the Controller in the F14 demo model.

Variable Name	Parent Blocks	Calling String	Value
Ka	f14/Controller/Gain3	Ka	0.677
Kf	f14/Controller/Gain	Kf	-1.746
Ki	f14/Controller/Proportional plus integral compensator	[Ki]	-3.864
Kq	f14/Controller/Gain2	Kq	0.8156

Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. Table.
Class	rptgen_sl.csl_obj_fun_var
See Also	Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop

#### Simulink Library Information

Purpose	Insert table that lists library links in the current model, system, or block
Description	This component inserts a table that lists library links in the current model, system, or block.
Table Columns	<ul> <li>Block: Includes the Simulink block name in the generated table.</li> <li>Library: Includes the Simulink library root name in the generated table.</li> <li>Reference block: Includes the Simulink reference block name in the generated table.</li> <li>Link status: Includes the link status in the generated table.</li> </ul>
Display Options	<ul> <li>Title: Specifies a title for the generated report.</li> <li>Sort table by: <ul> <li>Block: Sorts the table by block name.</li> <li>Library: Sorts the table by library name.</li> <li>Reference Block: Sorts the table by reference block name.</li> <li>Link Status: Sorts the table by link status.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Merge repeated rows: Merges sorted rows in the generated table. <ul> <li>Example</li> </ul> </li> <li>The following table sorts based on Reference Block column. The Report Explorer uses the aero_guidance model with Merge repeated rows deselected to generate the table.</li> </ul>

Block	Library	Reference Block	Status
Equations of Motion (Body Axes)	Aerospace	Equations of Motion (Body Axes)	resolved
Incidence & Airspeed	Aerospace	Incidence & Airspeed	resolved

Block	Library	Reference Block	Status
Fin Actuator	Aerospace	2nd Order Nonlinear Actuator	resolved
3DoF Animation	Aerospace	3DoF Animation	resolved
Atmosphere	Aerospace	Atmosphere model	resolved
Cm	Simulink	Interpolation (n-D) using PreLookup	resolved
Cx	Simulink	Interpolation (n-D) using PreLookup	resolved
Cz	Simulink	Interpolation (n-D) using PreLookup	resolved
Kg	Simulink	Interpolation (n-D) using PreLookup	resolved
Ki	Simulink	Interpolation (n-D) using PreLookup	resolved
Alpha Index	Simulink	PreLookup Index Search	resolved
Mach Index	Simulink	PreLookup Index Search	resolved
Mach Index	Simulink	PreLookup Index Search	resolved
Alpha  Index	Simulink	PreLookup Index Search	resolved

When you select **Merge repeated rows**, the generated table collapses rows in the Block column. Each row in the Reference Block column is unique, as shown in the following table.

Block	Library	Reference Block	Status
Equations of Motion (Body Axes)	Aerospace	Equations of Motion (Body Axes)	resolved
Incidence & Airspeed	Aerospace	Incidence & Airspeed	resolved
Fin Actuator	Aerospace	2nd Order Nonlinear Actuator	resolved
3DoF Animation	Aerospace	3DoF Animation	resolved
Atmosphere	Aerospace	Atmosphere model	resolved
Cm Cx Cz	Simulink	Interpolation (n-D) using PreLookup	resolved
Kg Ki			
Alpha Index Mach Index	Simulink	PreLookup Index Search	resolved
Mach Index			
Alpha  Index			

Insert Anything Into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class rptgen\_sl.CLibinfo

See Also Block Loop, Model Loop, System Loop

## Simulink Linking Anchor

Purpose	Designate locations to which links point
Description	This component designates a location to which links point. Use the Model Loop, System Loop, Block Loop, or Signal Loop component as the parent component for this component.
Properties	• <b>Insert text</b> : Specifies text to appear after the linking anchor.
	• Link from current: Sets the current model, system, block, or signal as the linking anchor. Options include:
	<ul> <li>Automatic: Automatically selects the appropriate model, system, block, or signal as a linking anchor. If the Model Loop component is the parent component, the linking anchor is set on the current model. Similarly, if the Block Loop or Signal Loop is the parent component, the linking anchor is inserted for the current system, block, or signal, respectively.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Model: Sets the linking anchor to the current model.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>System: Sets the linking anchor to the current system.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Block: Sets the linking anchor to the current block.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Annotation: Sets the linking anchor to the current annotation.</li> </ul>
	• Signal: Sets the linking anchor to the current signal.
	<b>Note</b> Use only one anchor per report each object. For more information, see the Simulink Summary Table component reference page.
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. A link, and possibly text, depending on attribute choices.

#### **Simulink Linking Anchor**

Class rptgen\_sl.csl\_obj\_anchor

#### See Also Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop

#### Simulink Name

Purpose	Insert name of a Simulink model, system, block, or signal into report	
Description	This component inserts the name of a Simulink model, system, block, or signal into the report.	
	Using this component as the first child component of a Chapter/Subsection component allows the current Simulink model, system block, or signal name to be the chapter or section title.	
Properties	• Object type	
	<ul> <li>Automatic: Automatically selects the appropriate model, system, block, or signal name as the Simulink object name to include in the report. If the Model Loop component is the parent component, the object name is the current model name. If the System Loop, Block Loop, or Signal Loop is the parent component, then the object name is the name of the current system, block, or signal, respectively.</li> </ul>	
	<ul><li>Model: Includes the current model name in the report.</li></ul>	
	• System: Includes the current system name in the report.	
	<ul> <li>Block: Includes the current block name in the report.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Signal: Includes the current signal name in the report. If the signal name is empty, the signal <handle>, which is a unique numerical identifier to that signal, appears in the report.</handle></li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Annotation: Includes the current annotation name in the report.</li> </ul>	
	• <b>Display name as</b> : Display the Simulink object name in the report. Options include:	
	Name: For example, f14	
	Type Name: For example, Model f14	
	Type - Name: For example, Model - f14	
	Type: Name: For example, Model: f14	

• Show full path name: Displays the full path of a system or block. Choosing this option for a block causes the Simulink block name to appear as <Model Name>/<System Name>/<Block Name>.

**Note** This option is not available for models or signals.

Insert	Yes. Text.
Anything into Report?	
Class	rptgen_sl.csl_obj_name
See Also	Chapter/Subsection

# Simulink Property

Purpose	Insert property name/property value pair for current Simulink model, system, block, or signal		
Description	This component inserts a single property name/property value pair for the current Simulink model, system, block, or signal.		
Simulink Object and	<ul> <li>Object type: Specifies the Simulink object type to include in the report. Options include:</li> <li>System</li> </ul>		
Parameter	<ul><li>Model</li><li>Block</li></ul>		
	<ul><li>Signal</li><li>Annotation</li></ul>		
	• <b>System parameter name</b> : Specifies a Simulink parameter name to include in the generated report:		
	<ul> <li>If you select Model for Object type, this option appears as Model parameter name.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>If you select Block for Object type, this option appears as Block parameter name.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>If you select Signal for Object type, this option appears as Signal parameter name.</li> </ul>		
Display	• <b>Title</b> : Choose a title to display in the generated report:		
Options	<ul> <li>Automatic: Uses the parameter name as the title.</li> </ul>		
	• Custom: Specifies a custom title.		
	None: Uses no title.		
	• Size limit: Limits the width of the display in the generated report. Units are in pixels. The size limit for a given table is equal to the hypotenuse of the table width and height [sqrt(w^2+h^2)]. The size limit for text is the number of characters squared. If you exceed the		

	<ul> <li>size limit, the variable appears in condensed form. Setting a size limit of zero always causes the variable to display, regardless of its size</li> <li>Display as: Specifies a display style. Options include: <ul> <li>Auto table/paragraph: Displays as a table or paragraph based on the information.</li> <li>Table: Displays as a table.</li> <li>Paragraph: Displays as a text paragraph.</li> <li>Inline text: Displays as inline, which fits in line with the aurounding text.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>surrounding text.</li> <li>Ignore if value is empty: If the parameter is empty, the report excludes the parameter from the generated report.</li> </ul>
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. Text.
Class	rptgen_sl.csl_property
See Also	Block Loop, Model Loop, System Loop

## Simulink Property Table

Purpose	Insert table that reports on model-level property name/property value pairs
Description	This component inserts a table that reports on model-level property name/property value pairs.
Properties	<b>Select Object</b> : Choose the object for the Property Table in the generated report. Options include:
	• Model
	• System
	• Block
	• Signal
	• Annotation
	For more information about selecting object types in Property Table components, see "Selecting Object Types" on page 6-12.
Table	Select a preset table, which is already formatted and set up, in the preset table list in the upper-left corner of the attributes page.
	• <b>Preset table</b> : Specifies the type of the object property table. Options include:
	Default
	Simulation parameters
	Version information
	Simulink Coder information
	Summary (req. Simulink Coder)
	<ul> <li>Blank 4x4</li> <li>To apply a preset table, select the table and click Apply.</li> </ul>

• **Split property/value cells**: Split property name/property value pairs into separate cells. For the property name and property value to appear in adjacent horizontal cells, select the **Split property/value cells** check box. In this case, the table is in split mode, so there is only one property name/property value pair per cell. If there is more than one name/property pair in a cell, only the first pair appears in the report. All subsequent pairs are ignored.

For the property name and property value to appear together in one cell, clear the **Split property/value cells** check box. That setting specifies nonsplit mode. Nonsplit mode supports more than one property name/property value pair and text per cell.

Before switching from nonsplit mode to split mode, make sure that there is only one property name/property value pair per table cell. If there is more than one property name/property value pair or text per cell, only the first property name/property value pair appears in the report. The report omits subsequent pairs and text.

- **Display outer border**: Displays the outer border of the table in the generated report.
- **Table Cells**: Specifies table properties to modify. The selection in this pane affects available fields in the **Cell Properties** pane.

#### Cell Properties

The options in this pane depend on the object selected in the **Table Cells** pane. If you select %<Name> Information, only Contents and Show appear. If you select any other object in the **Table Cells** pane, Lower border and **Right border** display.

- **Contents**: Enables you to change the contents of the table cell selected in the **Table Cells** pane.
- **Show as**: Specifies the format for the contents of the table cell. Options include:
  - Value
  - Property Value
  - PROPERTY Value

- Property: Value
- PROPERTY: Value
- Property Value
- PROPERTY Value
- Alignment: Specifies the alignment of the contents of the selected table cell in the **Table Cells** pane. Options include:
  - Left
  - Center
  - Right
  - Double justified
- Lower border: Displays the lower border of the table in the generated report.
- **Right border**: Displays the right border of the table in the generated report.

#### **Creating Custom Tables**

To create a custom table, edit a preset table, such as the Blank 4x4 table. Add and delete rows and add properties. To open the Edit Table dialog box, click **Edit**.

For more information on creating custom property tables, see "Working with Property Table Components" on page 6-9.

If the Simulink Coder software is not installed, Summary (req Simulink Coder) does not appear in this list. If you are using a report template that contains a summary property, the property name appears in the report, but the property value does not.

#### Example

The following report displays information on the F14 demo model using the **Simulation Parameters** preset table.

Solver ode45	ZeroCross on	StartTime 0.0 StopTime 60
RelTol 1e-4	AbsTol 1e-6	Refine 1
InitialStep auto	FixedStep auto	MaxStep auto
<i>LimitMaxRows</i> off	MaxRows 1000	Decimation 1

InsertYes. Table.AnythingYes. Table.intoReport?Classrptgen\_sl.csl\_prop\_table

See Also Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop

## Simulink Sample Time

Purpose	Insert title of Simulink sample time into report
Description	This component inserts a title for a Simulink sample time into the report.
Properties	<ul> <li>Table Options</li> <li>Title: Specifies a title for the table in the generated report.</li> <li>Grid lines: Show grid lines for the table.</li> </ul>
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. Table.
Class	rptgen_sl.CSampleTime
See Also	Chapter/Subsection

Purpose	Properties or parameters of specified Simulink models, systems, blocks, or signals in table
Description	This component displays properties or parameters of selected Simulink models, systems, blocks, or signals in a table.
Object type	Choose the object type to display in the generated report. Options include:
	• Block (Default)
	• Model
	• System
	• Signal
	• Annotation
	The selected object type affects the options available in the <b>Property Columns</b> pane.
Table title	Choose a title to appear in the generated report:
	• Automatic: Automatically generates a title from the parameter.
	• Custom: Specifies a custom title.
Property Columns	This pane displays object properties to include in the Summary Table in the generated report.
	• To add a property:
	<b>1</b> select the appropriate property level in the text box on the left.
	<b>2</b> In the text box on the right, select the property that you want to add and click <b>Add</b> .
	• To delete a property, select the property name and click <b>Delete</b> .

% <splitdialogparameters> is a unique property for Simulink</splitdialogparameters>	
Summary Tables, where the object type is Block. This property	
generates multiple summary tables, organized by block type. Each	
Summary Table group contains the dialog box parameters for that block.	

Some entries in the list of available properties (such as Depth) are "virtual" properties that you cannot access using the get\_param command. The properties used for property/value filtering in the block and System Loop components must be retrievable by the get\_param. Therefore, you cannot configure your Summary Table to report on all blocks of Depth == 2.

You can create multiple values for a property in a Simulink Summary Table. For example, to report on blocks of type Inport, Outport and Constant:

- Check the Search for Simulink property name/property value pairs box.
- 2 Make sure that you set **Property Name** to BlockType.
- **3** Type the following text into the **Property Value** field:
  - \<(Inport|Outport|Constant)\>

Remove empty columns: Removes empty columns from the table.

**Transpose table**: Changes the summary table rows into columns in the generated report, putting the property names in the first column and the values in the other columns.

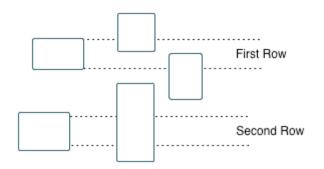
#### Object Rows

- **Insert anchor for each row**: Inserts an anchor for each row in the summary table.
  - **Report On**: Options include:

- Automatic list from context: Reports on all blocks in the current context, as set by the parent component.
- Custom use block list: Reports on a list of specified blocks.
   Specify the full path of each block.

#### • Sort blocks

- Alphabetically by block name: Sorts blocks alphabetically by name.
- Alphabetically by system name: Sorts systems alphabetically by name. Lists blocks in each system, but in no particular order.
- Alphabetically by full Simulink path: Sorts blocks alphabetically by Simulink path.
- By block type: Sorts blocks alphabetically by block type.
- By block depth: Sorts blocks by their depth in the model.
- By layout (left to right): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *rows*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the row. The row contains all other blocks that overlap the horizontal area defined by the top and bottom edges of the anchor block. The other rows use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.



Loop Options

- By layout (top to bottom): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *columns*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the column. The column contains all other blocks that overlap the vertical area defined by the left and right edges of the anchor block. The other columns use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.
- By traversal order: Sorts blocks by traversal order.
- By simulation order: Sorts blocks by execution order.
- %<VariableName>: Inserts the value of a variable from the MATLAB workspace. The %<> notation can denote a string or cell array. For more information, see %<VariableName> Notation on the Text component reference page.
- Search for Simulink property name/property value pairs: Reports on blocks with specified property name/property value pairs.

#### Example

Specify the following options to generate a Summary Table in a report for on the demo model F14:

- Sort on systems by system depth.
- Include the system parameters Name and Block in the table.

The following table appears in the report.

Name	Blocks
f14	u, Actuator Model, Aircraft Dynamics Model, Angle of Attack, Controller, Dryden Wind Gust Models, Gain, Gain1, Gain2, Gain5, More Info, More Info1, Nz pilot calculation, Pilot, Pilot G force Scope, Stick Input, Sum, Sum1, alpha (rad), Nz Pilot (g)
Aircraft Dynamics Model	Elevator Deflection d (deg), Vertical Gust wGust (ft/sec), Rotary Gust qGust (rad/sec), Gain3, Gain4, Gain5, Gain6, Sum1, Sum2, Transfer Fcn.1, Transfer Fcn.2, Vertical Velocity w (ft/s), Pitch Rate q (rad/s)
Controller	Stick Input (in), alpha (rad), q (rad/s), Alpha-sensor Low-pass Filter, Gain, Gain2, Gain3, Pitch Rate Lead Filter, Proportional plus integral compensator, Stick Prefilter, Sum, Sum1, Sum2, Elevator Command (deg)
Dryden Wind Gust Models	Band-Limited White Noise, Q-gust model, W-gust model, Wg, Qg
More Info	None
More Info1	None
Nz pilot calculation	w, q, Constant, Derivative, Derivative1, Gain1, Gain2, Product, Sum1, Pilot g force (g)

Insert	Yes. Table.	
Anything		
into		
Report?		

- Class rptgen\_sl.csl\_summ\_table
- See Also Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop

### Simulink Workspace Variable

Purpose	Insert Simulink workspace variable information
Description	This component provides information about variables in the Simulink workspace (the base workspace and the model workspaces). The report includes one or both of these kinds of information about each variable: • The workspace in which the variable is located
	• The blocks that use each variable
Options	• <b>Show workspace</b> : For each variable listed, report on whether the variable is in the base workspace or in a model workspace.
	• Show blocks that use variable: For each variable listed, include what blocks use that variable.
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. List.
Class	rptgen_sl.csl_ws_variable
See Also	Simulink Workspace Variable Loop,Bus,Simulink Functions and Variables

Purpose	Reports on Simulink workspace variable objects
Description	This component displays all variables in the Simulink workspace (base workspace and model workspaces). You can limit the variables displayed to those variables that match property name and property value pairs that you specify.
Loop	• Sort
Options	<ul> <li>Alphabetically by text: Sorts variables alphabetically by name.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>By data type: Sorts variables alphabetically by data type.</li> </ul>
	• Search for Simulink property name/property value pairs: Reports on variables with specified property name/property value pairs.
Section Options	• <b>Create section for each object in loop</b> : Creates a separate section in the output for each variable.
	<ul> <li>If you specify to create a section for each variable, you can select the <b>Display the object type in the section title</b> to insert a variable name in each section title.</li> </ul>
	• Create link anchor for each object in loop: Specifies a custom title.
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes, inserts sections if you select the <b>Create section for each object</b> <b>in loop</b> option
Class	rptgen_sl.csl_ws_var_loop
See Also	Simulink Workspace Variable, Bus, Simulink Functions and Variables

### State Loop

Purpose	Run child components for all states in current context
Description	This component runs its children for all states in its context. The parent component of this component determines the context. Options include:
	• Model Loop: Includes all states in the models.
	• System Loop: Includes all states in the systems.
	• Machine Loop: Includes all states in the machines.
	• Chart Loop: Includes all states in the charts.
	• State Loop: Includes all states in the current state.
State Types	• Include "and" and "or" states: Includes AND and OR states in the loop.
	• Include "box" states: Includes "box" states in the loop.
	• Include functions: Includes "function" states in the loop.
	• Include truth tables: Includes truth tables in the loop.
	• <b>Include MATLAB functions</b> : Includes MATLAB functions in the loop.
Loop	• <b>Report depth</b> : Specifies the level on which to loop. Options include:
Options	Local children only
	- All objects
	• Skip autogenerated charts under truth table: Keeps autogenerated state objects under truth tables from appearing in the report.
	• Search Stateflow: Indicates specific states to include in the loop.

Section Options	• Create section for each object in loop: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.
	• <b>Display the object type in the section title</b> : Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.
	• Create link anchor for each object in loop: Creates a hyperlink to the object in the generated report.
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes, section, if you select the <b>Create section for each object in loop</b> option.
Class	rptgen_sf.csf_state_loop
See Also	Chart Loop, Machine Loop, Model Loop, State Loop, System Loop

### **Stateflow Automatic Table**

Purpose	Insert table with properties of current Stateflow object
Description	The Stateflow Automatic Table component inserts a table that contains the properties of the current Stateflow object. Parents of this component can be: • Machine Loop

- State Loop
- Chart Loop
- Graphics Object Loop

#### Display Options

- **Table title**: Specifies a title for the table in the generated report. Options include:
  - No title: Includes no title.
  - Custom: Includes a custom title.
  - Name (default): Uses an object name as the title. Options include:
    - Object name
    - Object name with Stateflow path
    - Object name with Simulink and Stateflow path
- **Header row**: Selects a header row for the table in the generated report. Options include:
  - No header: Includes no header row.
  - Type and Name: Includes a header row with columns for name and object type. When selected, this option creates a header row for the table with object name and type.
  - Custom: Includes a custom header.
- **Don't display empty values**: Excludes empty values from the generated report.

Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. Table.
Class	rptgen_sf.csf_auto_table
See Also	Chart Loop, Graphics Object Loop, Machine Loop, State Loop

### **Stateflow Count**

Purpose	Count number of Stateflow objects in current context
Description	This component counts the number of Stateflow objects in the current context.
Properties	• <b>Search depth</b> : Specifies the search depth for the count. Options include:
	<ul> <li>Immediate children only (default): Searches only children one level under the Stateflow object.</li> </ul>
	• All descendants: Searches all children of the Stateflow object.
	• <b>Sort results</b> : Specifies the sort method for the count results. Options include:
	Numerically decreasing by object count (Default)
	Alphabetically increasing by object type
	• <b>Include a list of objects in table</b> : Inserts a column containing the counted objects.
	• <b>Show total count</b> : Displays a total of counted objects.
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. Table.
Class	rptgen_sf.csf_count
<b>a b</b>	

See Also State Loop

#### **Purpose** Insert snapshots of Stateflow editor dialog boxes

**Description** This component reports on the current reported Stateflow dialog box object, depending on its context. If this component is the child of a State Loop, for example, the report includes information about the dialog box of the current State. Display the current settings associated with an object or document the appearance of your custom mask dialog boxes.

#### • Image file format: Specifies the format for the snapshot image file. The Automatic format uses BMP format for PDF files and PNG for other formats.

• Show all tabs: Automatically generates images for all the tabs for the dialog box. If you clear this check box, the Simulink Report Generator software creates an image of only the first tab.

#### Display Options

- Scaling: Options include:
  - Fixed size: Specifies the number and type of units.
  - Zoom: Specifies the percentage, maximum size, and units of measure.
  - Use image size: Causes the image to appear the same size in the report as on screen.
- Size: Specifies the size of the snapshot in the form w h (width height). This field is active only if you choose Fixed size in the Scaling selection list.
- Max size: Specifies the maximum size of the snapshot in the form w h (width height). This field is active only if you choose Zoom in the Scaling selection list.
- Units: Specifies the units for the size of the snapshot. This field is active only if you choose Zoom or Fixed size in the Image size list box.
- Alignment: Aligns your snapshot. Options include:
  - Auto

<ul><li>Right</li><li>Center</li></ul>
<ul> <li>Left</li> <li>Only PDF and RTF reports support this option.</li> </ul>
• Title: Specifies text to appear above the snapshot.
• <b>Caption</b> : Specifies text to appear under the snapshot.
Yes. Snapshot.
rptgen_sl.Cdialog boxesnapshot
State Loop

Purpose	Run child components only if current object type matches specified object type
Description	This component runs its children only if the current object type, as set by its parent Stateflow Hierarchy Loop, matches the selected object type.
Properties	• <b>Object type</b> : Specifies the Stateflow object type to include in the report.
	• Run only if Stateflow object has at least the following number of Stateflow children: Specifies a minimum number of children that a Stateflow object must have to include in the report.
	• Automatically insert linking anchor: Inserts a linking anchor before the reported object. If an anchor for this object exists, this option does not create a second anchor.
Insert Anything into Report?	No.
Class	rptgen_sf.csf_obj_filter
See Also	Stateflow Hierarchy Loop

### Stateflow Hierarchy

Purpose	Provide visual representation of the hierarchy of a Stateflow object
Description	This component inserts a tree that shows the hierarchy of a given Stateflow object.
Tree Options	<ul> <li>Construct tree from: Specifies the object to use for the tree representation. Options include:</li> <li>Current object</li> <li>Root of current object: Starts reporting from the top of the hierarchy.</li> <li>Emphasize current object in tree: Highlights the current object in the tree representation.</li> <li>Show number of parents: Specifies the number of parents to include in the tree representation.</li> <li>Show siblings: Displays siblings in the tree representation.</li> </ul>
	• Show children to depth: Specifies the depth of children to display for each object in the tree representation.
Children	<ul> <li>Show junctions: Specifies the level of junction detail to display in the generated report. Options include:</li> <li>All</li> <li>Non-redundant</li> <li>None</li> <li>Show transitions: Specifies the level of transition detail to display in the generated report. Options include:</li> <li>All</li> <li>Labeled or non-redundant</li> <li>Non-redundant</li> <li>Labeled</li> </ul>

	None
	• Skip autogenerated charts under truth tables: Excludes autogenerated charts under truth tables.
List	• List style: Options include:
Formatting	Bulleted list
	<ul> <li>Numbered list: Allows you to specify numbering options in the Numbering style section.</li> </ul>
	• <b>Numbering style</b> : Allows you to specify a numbering style. This setting supports only the RTF/DOC report format.
	Options include:
	• 1,2,3,4
	• a,b,c,d
	• A,B,C,D
	· i,ii,iii,iv
	• I,II,III,IV To show the parent number in each list entry, select Show parent number in nested list (1.1.a). To show only the current number or letter, select Show only current list value (a).
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. Tree graphic.
Class	rptgen_sf.csf_hier

See Also Stateflow Hierarchy Loop

### Stateflow Hierarchy Loop

Purpose	Run child components on Stateflow object hierarchy
Description	This component runs its child components on the Stateflow object hierarchy.
Loop Options	• <b>Minimum legible font size</b> : Specifies the minimum font size to use in the report. The default font size, <b>8</b> , is the smallest recommended font size.
	• Skip autogenerated charts under truth tables; Excludes autogenerated charts under truth tables in the report.
	• Search Stateflow: Reports on Stateflow charts with specified property name/property value pairs.
Section Options	• Create section for each object in loop: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.
	• <b>Display the object type in the section title</b> : Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.
	• <b>Create link anchor for each object in loop</b> : Creates a hyperlink to the object in the generated report.
Insert Anything into Report?	No.
Class	rptgen_sf.csf_hier_loop
See Also	Stateflow Hierarchy

Purpose	Designate locations to which links point	
<b>Description</b> This component designates a location to which other links plinking anchor is set to the current object, as defined by the component.		
	This component must have the Chart Loop, State Loop, Machine Loop, or Stateflow Filter component as its parent.	
Properties	<b>Insert text</b> : Specifies text to appear after the linking anchor.	
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. A link, and possibly text, depending on attribute choices.	
Class	rptgen_sf.csf_obj_anchor	
See Also	Chart Loop, Machine Loop, State Loop, Stateflow Filter,	

### **Stateflow Name**

Purpose	Insert into report name of Stateflow object specified by parent component
Description	This component inserts the name of the Stateflow object, as defined by its parent component, into the report. This component must have the State Loop, Chart Loop, or Stateflow Filter component as its parent.
	Using this component as the first child component of a Chapter/Subsection component allows the current Stateflow object name to be the chapter or section title.
Properties	• <b>Display name as</b> : Displays the Stateflow object name in the report. Options include:
	<ul> <li>Name: For example, Object</li> </ul>
	Type Name: For example, Object <objectname></objectname>
	Type - Name: For example, Object - <objectname></objectname>
	Type: Name: For example, Object: <objectname></objectname>
	• <b>Display name as</b> : Specifies the level of detail with which the Stateflow object name displays the report. Options include:
	Object name
	Object name with Stateflow path
	<ul><li>Object name with Simulink and Stateflow path</li></ul>
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. Text.
Class	rptgen_sf.csf_obj_name
See Also	Chapter/Subsection, Chart Loop, State Loop, Stateflow Filter

Purpose	Insert into report table, text, or paragraph with information on selected Stateflow object property	
Description	This component inserts a table, text, or paragraph that contains details of the selected Stateflow object property.	
Property to Display	<b>Property name</b> : Specifies the Stateflow property name to display.	
Display Options	• <b>Title</b> : Specifies a title to display in the generated report. Options include:	
	<ul> <li>Automatic: Uses the parameter name as the title.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Custom: Specifies a custom title.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>None: Specifies no title.</li> </ul>	
	• Size limit: Specifies the width of the display in the generated report. Units are in pixels. The size limit for a given table is the hypotenuse of the width and height of the table, sqrt(w^2+h^2). The size limit for text is the number of characters squared. If you exceed the size limit, the variable appears in condensed form.	
	Setting a size limit of <b>0</b> always displays the variable in long form, regardless of its size.	
	• <b>Display as</b> : Specifies a display style from the menu. Options include:	
	<ul> <li>Auto table/paragraph (default): Displays as a table or paragraph based on the information.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Table: Displays as a table.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Paragraph: Displays as a text paragraph.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Inline text: Displays in line with the surrounding text.</li> </ul>	
	• <b>Ignore if value is empty</b> : Excludes empty parameters from the generated report.	

### Stateflow Property

Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. Text, paragraph, or table.
Class	rptgen_sf.csf_property
See Also	Paragraph, Table, Text, Stateflow Name

#### **Purpose** Insert into report property-value table for Stateflow object

# **Description** This component inserts a property-value table for a Stateflow object into the report. Use the Stateflow Filter component as the parent of this component.

For more information on working with Property Table components, see "Working with Property Table Components" on page 6-9.

# TableSelect a preset table, which is already formatted and set up, in the<br/>preset table list in the upper-left corner of the attributes page.

- **preset table**: Specifies a type of table to display the object property table. Options include:
  - Default
  - Machine
  - Chart
  - State
  - Truth table
  - EM function
  - Data
  - Event
  - Junction

To apply a preset table, select the table and click **Apply**.

- **Split property/value cells**: Splits property name/property value pairs into separate cells.
  - For the property name and property value to appear in adjacent horizontal cells, select the **Split property/value cells** check box. In this case, the table is in split mode, there is only one property name/property value pair per cell. If there is more than

	one name/property pair in a cell, only the first pair appears in the report. The report ignores all subsequent pairs.
	<ul> <li>For the property name and property value to appear together in one cell, clear the Split property/value cells check box. This setting is nonsplit mode. Nonsplit mode supports more than one property name/property value pair and text.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Before switching from nonsplit mode to split mode, make sure that there is only one property name/property value pair per table cell. When there is more than one property name/property value pair or any text in a given cell, only the first property name/property value pair appears in the report. The report omits subsequent pairs and text.</li> </ul>
	• <b>Display outer border</b> : Displays the outer border of the table in the generated report.
	• <b>Table Cells</b> : Specifies table properties to modify. The selection in this pane affects the available fields in the <b>Cell Properties</b> pane.
Cell Properties	The options in the <b>Title Properties</b> pane depend on the object selected in the <b>Table Cells</b> pane. If you select % <name>, only <b>Contents</b> and <b>Show</b> appear. If you select any other object in the <b>Table Cells</b> pane, <b>Lower border</b> and <b>Right border</b> appear.</name>
	• <b>Contents</b> : Modifies the contents of the table cell selected in the <b>Table Cells</b> pane.
	• Alignment: Justifies the contents of the selected table cell in the <b>Table Cells</b> pane. Options include:
	Left
	- Center

- Right
- Double justified
- Show As: Specifies the format for the contents of the table cell. Options include:

- Value
- Property Value
- PROPERTY Value
- Property: Value
- PROPERTY: Value
- Property Value
- PROPERTY Value
- Lower border: Displays the lower border of the table in the generated report.
- **Right border**: Displays the right border of the table in the generated report.

#### **Creating Custom Tables**

You can edit a preset table, such as the Blank 4x4 table, to create a custom table. Add and delete rows and add properties. To open the Edit Table dialog box, click **Edit**.

For details about creating custom property tables, see "Working with Property Table Components" on page 6-9.

Insert Anything into	Yes. Table.
Report? Class	rptgen_sf.csf_prop_table

See Also Stateflow Filter

### Stateflow Snapshot

Purpose	Insert into report snapshot of Stateflow object	
Description	This component inserts a snapshot of a Stateflow object, defined by the Stateflow Filter parent component, into the report. This component only executes if the selected object in the Stateflow Filter component is a graphical object, such as Chart, State, Transition, and Frame.	
Snapshot	• <b>Image file format</b> : Specifies the image file format (for example, JPEG or TIFF). Select Automatic SF Format (default) to choose the format best suited for the specified report output format automatically. Otherwise, choose an image format that your output viewer can read. Options include:	
	<ul> <li>Automatic SF Format (uses the file format selected in the Preferences dialog box)</li> </ul>	
	Bitmap (16m-color)	
	Bitmap (256-color)	
	<ul> <li>Black and white encapsulated PostScript</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Black and white encapsulated PostScript (TIFF)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Black and white encapsulated PostScript2</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Black and white encapsulated PostScript2 (TIFF)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Black and white PostScript</li> </ul>	
	Black and white PostScript2	
	<ul> <li>Color encapsulated PostScript</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Color encapsulated PostScript (TIFF)</li> </ul>	
	Color encapsulated PostScript2	
	<ul> <li>Color encapsulated PostScript2 (TIFF)</li> </ul>	
	Color PostScript	
	Color PostScript2	

- JPEG high quality image
- JPEG medium quality image
- JPEG low quality image
- PNG 24-bit image
- Scalable vector graphics (SVG)
- TIFF compressed
- TIFF uncompressed
- Windows metafile
- Paper orientation: Options include:
  - Portrait
  - Landscape
  - Rotated
  - Largest dimension vertical. Positions the image so that its largest dimension is vertical.
  - Use Chart PaperOrientation setting. Uses the paper orientation setting you have specified for your chart.
- Image sizing: Options include:
  - Shrink image to minimum font size specified in Stateflow Hierarchy Loop: Resizes the image so that the text label font size is the minimum font size.
  - Fixed and Zoom: Specifies the size of the image.
- **Scaling**: Specifies the percentage of the image size to which to scale it.
- Maximum size: Specifies the maximum size for the snapshot in the generated report in the selected units. Use [width height] format. In the units text box, select Inches, Centimeters, Points, or Normalized.

•	Use printframe: Inserts a frame around your image.	Use the
	default frame or create a custom one.	

• Use printframe paper settings: Uses the dimensions and parameters as set by the specified printframe to size your image. If you choose this option, all other options (except for Image file format) become inactive.

# **Properties** • Include callouts to describe visible objects: Displays descriptive callouts for visible objects.

- **Insert anchors for transitions and junctions**: Inserts anchors for transitions and junctions into the report. Options include:
  - None
  - Redundant children only
  - All
- Run only if Stateflow object has at least the following number of children: Specifies the minimum number of children that the current Stateflow object must have to include in the report. This option is inactive unless the selected object in the parent Stateflow Filter component is a graphical object.

**Tip** This option allows you to exclude certain images to decrease the size of the report for large models.

Display Options

- Scaling: Options include:
  - Use image size: Uses the image size that you specify in the snapshot option.
  - Zoom and Fixed size: Allows you to specify the size of the image.
- Size: Specifies a size in inches for your image. The default is 7-by-9.

- Max size: Specifies the maximum size of the snapshot in the format w h (width height). This field is active only if you choose Zoom from the Scaling selection list.
- Units: Specifies the units for the size of the snapshot. This field is active only if you choose Zoom or Fixed size in the Image size list box.
- Alignment: Options include:
  - Auto
  - Right
  - Center
  - Left

Only PDF and RTF reports support this option.

- Image title: Options include:
  - None(Default).
  - Object name: Uses the object name as the title.
  - Full Stateflow name: Specifies the Stateflow path and the name of the object.
  - Full Simulink + Stateflow name: Specifies the Simulink path and name of the object.
  - Custom: Enter a different title.
- Caption: Specifies a caption for your image. Options include:
  - None(Default).
  - Custom: Specifies a custom caption.
  - Description: Sets the caption to the value of the object Description property.

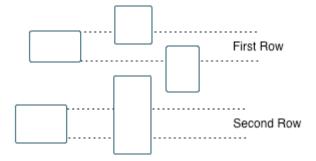
### Stateflow Snapshot

Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. Image.
Class	rptgen_sf.csf_obj_snap
Class	rptgen_sf.csf_prop_table
See Also	Stateflow Filter

Purpose	Table of properties or parameters of specified Stateflow object
Description	This component displays a table of properties or parameters of specified Stateflow objects. It can have the following parents:
	Any Stateflow looping component
	• Any Simulink looping component (Model Loop, System Loop, Block Loop, or Signal Loop)
Properties	• <b>Object type</b> : Specifies the object type to display in the generated report. This value affects the options available in the <b>Property Columns</b> pane.
	• <b>Table title</b> : Specifies a title for the Summary Table in the generated report. Options include:
	<ul> <li>Automatic: Generates a title automatically from the parameter.</li> </ul>
	• Custom: Specifies a custom title.
Property Columns	• <b>Property columns</b> : Displays the object properties to include in the Summary Table in the generated report.
	• To add a property:
	• Select the appropriate property level in the text box.
	• In the context list under the text box, select the property that you want to add and click <b>Add</b> .
	<ul> <li>To delete a property, select the property name and press the <b>Delete</b> key.</li> </ul>
	Some entries in the list of available properties (such as Depth) are "virtual" properties that you cannot access using the get_param command. The properties used for property/value filtering in the block and System Loop components must be retrievable by the get_param. Therefore, you cannot configure your Summary Table to report on all blocks of Depth == 2.

	• <b>Remove empty columns</b> : Removes empty columns from the Summary Table in the generated report.
	• <b>Transpose table</b> : Changes the summary table rows into columns in the generated report, putting the property names in the first column and the values in the other columns.
Object Rows	<b>Insert anchor for each row</b> : Inserts an anchor for each row in the summary table.
Report On	• Automatic list from context: Reports on all blocks in the current context, as set by the parent component.
	• <b>Custom - use block list</b> : Reports on a specified list of blocks. Specify the full path of each block.
Loop Options	Choose block sorting options and reporting options in this pane.
	• <b>Sort blocks</b> : Specifies how to sort blocks (applied to each level in a model):
	<ul> <li>Alphabetically by block name: Sorts blocks alphabetically by name.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Alphabetically by system name: Sorts systems alphabetically by name. Lists blocks in each system, but in no particular order.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Alphabetically by full Simulink path: Sorts blocks alphabetically by Simulink path.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>By block type: Sorts blocks alphabetically by block type.</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>By block depth: Sorts blocks by their depth in the model.</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>By layout (left to right): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by <i>rows</i>. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the row. The row contains all other blocks that overlap the horizontal area defined by the top and bottom edges of the anchor block. The other rows</li> </ul>

use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.



- By layout (top to bottom): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *columns*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the column. The column contains all other blocks that overlap the vertical area defined by the left and right edges of the anchor block. The other columns use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.
- By traversal order: Sorts blocks by traversal order.
- By simulation order: Sorts blocks by execution order.
- Search for Simulink property name/property value pairs: Reports on blocks with specified property name/property value pairs.
- **Search Stateflow**: Reports on Stateflow charts with specified property name/property value pairs.

Insert	Yes. Table.
Anything	
into Report?	
Class	rptgen sf.cs

rptgen\_sf.csf\_summ\_table

See Also Block Loop, Chart Loop, Model Loop, Object Loop, Signal Loop, State Loop, Stateflow Hierarchy Loop, System Loop

# **Purpose** Run child components only if the current system meets specified conditions

**Description** This component runs child components only if the current system meets specified conditions.

- Properties
   Report only if system has at least N blocks: Specifies the minimum number of blocks that the system must include for the child components to execute. If you enter 0, child components execute regardless of the number of blocks in the system.
  - **Report only if system has at least N subsystems**: Specifies the minimum number of subsystems that the system must include for the child components to execute. Note that if you enter 0, child components execute regardless of the number of subsystems in the system.
  - **Report only if system mask type is**: Specifies which masks to include in the generated report. Options include:
    - Either masked or unmasked
    - Masked
    - Unmasked

Insert Anything into Report?	No.
Class	rptgen_sf.csf_obj_filter

See Also System Loop

## System Hierarchy

Purpose	Create nested list that shows hierarchy of specified system
Description	This component creates a nested list that shows the hierarchy of a specified system. The list can display all systems in a model, or the parents and children of the current system.
Starting System	<ul> <li>Build list from: Specifies the system or model from which to build the list. Options include:</li> <li>Current system</li> <li>Current model</li> <li>Emphasize current system: Highlights the current system or</li> </ul>
Display Systems	<ul> <li>model in the generated report.</li> <li>Show number of parents: Specifies the number of parents to list.</li> <li>Display peers of current system: Shows the peers of the current system in the generated report.</li> <li>Show children to depth: Specifies the depth of children to list.</li> </ul>
List Formatting	<ul> <li>List style: Options include:</li> <li>Bulleted list</li> <li>Numbered list: Allows you to select numbering options in the Numbering style section.</li> <li>Numbering style: Allows you to select a numbering style in the selection list, by setting List style to Numbered List. Only the RTF/DOC report format supports this option.</li> <li>Options include:</li> <li>1,2,3,4,</li> <li>a,b,c,d,</li> <li>A,B,C,D,</li> <li>i,ii,iii,iv,</li> </ul>

• I,II,III,IV,...

Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. List.
Class	rptgen_sl.csl_sys_list
See Also	Model Loop, System Loop

Purpose	Specify systems and subsystems on which to loop, as defined by parent
	component

**Description** This component runs its child components for each system defined by the parent component. For example, to include systems and subsystems within a given model in the report, you can include this component as the child of a Model Loop component.

#### • Loop on Systems:

- Select systems automatically: Reports on all systems in the current context as set by the parent component. Options include:
  - Model Loop: Reports on systems in the current model.
  - System Loop: Reports on the current system.
  - Signal Loop: Reports on the parent system of the current signal.

• Block Loop: Reports on the parent system of the current block. If this component does not have any of these components as its parent, selecting this option reports on all systems in all models.

- **Custom use system list**: Reports on a list of specified systems. Specify the full path of each system.
- %<VariableName>: Inserts the value of a variable from the MATLAB workspace. The %<> notation can denote a string or cell array. For more information, see %<VariableName> Notation on the Text component reference page.

#### Loop Options

- Sort Systems: Specifies how to sort systems. Options include:
  - Alphabetically by system name (default): Sorts systems alphabetically by name.
  - By number of blocks in system: Sorts systems by number of blocks. The list shows systems by decreasing number of blocks; that is, the system with the largest number of blocks appears first in the list.

	• By system depth: Sorts systems by their depth in the model.
	<ul> <li>By traversal order: Sorts systems in traversal order.</li> </ul>
	• Search for: Reports only on blocks with specified property name/property value pairs.
Section Options	• Create section for each object in loop: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.
	• <b>Display the object type in the section title</b> : Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.
	• Number sections by system hierarchy: Hierarchically numbers sections in the generated report.
	• <b>Create link anchor for each object in loop</b> : Creates a hyperlink to the object in the generated report.
Examples	For an example of how to use this component with a Model Loop as its parent, see Model Loop.
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes, inserts a section if you select the <b>Create section for each object</b> <b>in loop</b> option.
Class	rptgen_sl.csl_sys_loop
See Also	Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop

## System Snapshot

Purpose	Insert snapshot of the current system into report	
Description	This component inserts a snapshot of the current system into the report. The Snapshot options control how the image file is stored. The Properties options control whether the image display includes callouts and a print frame. The Display options control how the image is displayed in a browser.	
Snapshot Options	• Format: Specifies the image file format (for example, JPEG or TIFF). Select Automatic SL Format (the default) to choose the format best suited for the specified report output format automatically. Otherwise, choose an image format that your output viewer can read. Options include:	
	<ul> <li>Automatic SL Format (uses file format selected in the Preferences dialog box)</li> </ul>	
	Bitmap (16m-color)	
	Bitmap (256-color)	
	Black and white encapsulated PostScript	
	<ul> <li>Black and white encapsulated PostScript (TIFF)</li> </ul>	
	Black and white encapsulated PostScript2	
	<ul> <li>Black and white encapsulated PostScript2 (TIFF)</li> </ul>	
	Black and white PostScript	
	Black and white PostScript2	
	Color encapsulated PostScript	
	Color encapsulated PostScript (TIFF)	
	Color encapsulated PostScript2	
	Color encapsulated PostScript2 (TIFF)	
	Color PostScript	
	Color PostScript2	

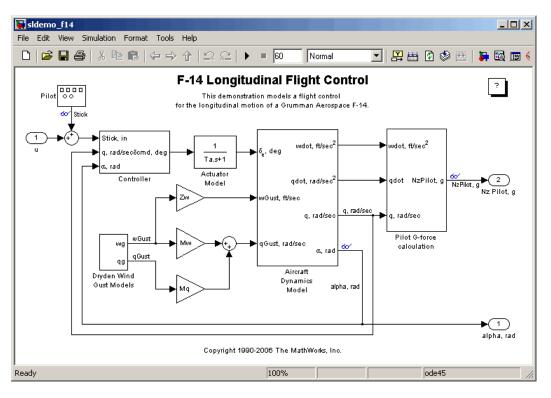
- JPEG high quality image
- JPEG low quality image
- JPEG medium quality image
- PNG (screenshot)
- PNG 24-bit image
- Scalable Vector Graphics
- Windows metafile
- Orientation: Options include:
  - Largest dimension vertical
  - Landscape
  - Portrait
  - Use system orientation: The Use system orientation option uses the Simulink PaperOrientation parameter. For more information, see "Model Parameters" in the Simulink documentation.
- **Scaling**: Controls the size of the image in the image file. Options include:
  - Automatic (default): Automatically scales the image to output dimensions.
  - Custom: Specifies image size.
  - Zoom: Enlarges or diminishes the image size to the percent you specify. Use Max Size to specify the maximum size other than the default for the image.

**Note** Selecting the **Use printframe** deactivates the **Custom** and **Zoom** options and automatically scales the image to the print frame size.

### Properties Options

- Include callouts to describe visible objects: Displays descriptive callouts for visible objects
- Use printframe: Prints a frame around the image. You can use the default frame, rptdefaultframe.fig, or use the Frame Editor to build a custom frame. For more information, see frameedit in the Simulink documentation.

The default frame is five inches wide and four inches high. It includes the name of the system and the model folder. This frame is optimized for use with a portrait paper orientation. The Flight Control Model in the f14 Simulink demo model appears here with the default Simulink Report Generator frame option.



### Display Options

To access the display options, click the Advanced button.

- Scaling: Controls size of the image, as displayed in a browser. Making an image larger using this option does not affect the storage size of the image, but the quality of the displayed image decreases as you increase the size of the displayed image. Options include:
  - Fixed size: Specifies the number and type of units.
  - Zoom: Specifies the percentage, maximum size, and units of measure.
  - Use image size: Causes the image to appear the same size in the report as on screen.
- Size: Specifies the size of the snapshot in a browser, using the format w h (width height). This field is active only if you choose Fixed size in the Scaling selection list.
- Max size: Specifies the maximum size of the snapshot in a browser, using the format w h (width height). This field is active only if you choose Zoom in the Scaling selection list.
- Units: Specifies the units for the size of the snapshot in a browser. This field is active only if you choose Fixed size in the Image size list box.
- Alignment: Options include:
  - Auto
  - Right
  - Left
  - Center

Only PDF and RTF reports support this option.

- Image title: Options include:
  - None (Default)
  - System name: Uses the system name as the image name.

## System Snapshot

	<ul> <li>Full system name: Uses the system name, with path information, as the image name.</li> </ul>
	- Custom: Specifies a custom title.
	Caption Options include:
	None (Default)
	<ul> <li>Description (use system description)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Custom: Specifies a custom caption.</li> </ul>
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. Image.
Class	rptgen_sl.csl_sys_snap
See Also	System Loop

Purpose	Capture plot figure created in the MATLAB workspace	
Description	This component captures a plot figure created in the MATLAB workspace, and then inserts one or both of the following into the report:	
	• A table that includes input and output numeric values.	
	• A figure that plots the values included in the table.	
Print Options	• Image file format: Specifies the image file format (for example, JPEG or TIFF) from this list. Select Automatic HG Format (the default) to choose the format best suited for the specified report output format automatically. Otherwise, choose an image format that your output viewer can read. Other options include:	
	<ul> <li>Automatic HG Format (Uses the file format selected in the Preferences dialog box)</li> </ul>	
	Bitmap (16m-color)	
	Bitmap (256-color)	
	<ul> <li>Black and white encapsulated PostScript</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Black and white encapsulated PostScript (TIFF)</li> </ul>	
	Black and white encapsulated PostScript2	
	<ul> <li>Black and white encapsulated PostScript2 (TIFF)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Black and white PostScript</li> </ul>	
	Black and white PostScript2	
	Color encapsulated PostScript	
	<ul> <li>Color encapsulated PostScript (TIFF)</li> </ul>	
	Color encapsulated PostScript2	
	Color encapsulated PostScript2 (TIFF)	
	Color PostScript	
	Color PostScript2	

- JPEG high quality image
- JPEG medium quality image
- JPEG low quality image
- PNG 24-bit image
- TIFF compressed
- TIFF uncompressed
- Windows metafile
- Paper orientation: Options include:
  - Landscape
  - Portrait
  - Rotated
  - Use figure orientation

For information about paper orientation, see the orient command in the MATLAB documentation.

- Image size:
  - Use figure PaperPositionMode setting: Uses the PaperPositionMode property of the Handle Graphics figure to set the image size in the report. For information about paper position mode, see the orient command in the MATLAB documentation.
  - Automatic (same size as on screen): Causes the image to appear the same size in the report as on screen.
  - Custom: Specifies a custom image size. Specify the image size in the size and units fields.
- Size: Specifies the size of the Handle Graphics figure snapshot in the format wxh (width times height). This field is active only if you choose Custom in the Image size list box.

- Units: Specifies units for the size of the Handle Graphics figure snapshot. This field is active only if you choose Set image size in the **Custom** list box.
- **Invert hardcopy**: Uses the Handle Graphics figures InvertHardcopy property, which inverts colors for printing; it changes dark colors to light colors, and light colors to dark colors.

Select one of the following options:

- Automatic: Automatically changes dark axes colors to a light axes color. If the axes color is a light color, it is unchanged.
- Invert: Changes dark axes colors to light axes colors, and light axes colors to dark axes colors.
- Don't invert: Retains image colors displayed on screen in the printed report.
- Use figure's InvertHardcopy setting: Uses the InvertHardcopy property set in the Handle Graphics image.
- Make figure background transparent: Makes the image background transparent.

Scaling

Display

**Options** 

- Fixed size: Specifies the number and type of units.
- Zoom: Specifies the percentage, maximum size, and units of measure.
- Use image size: Causes the image to appear the same size in the report as on screen.
- Size: Specifies the size of the snapshot in the format w h (width height). This field is active only if you choose Fixed size in the Scaling list.
- Max size: Specifies the maximum size of the snapshot in the format w h (width height). This field is active only if you choose Zoom from the Scaling list.

9-165

	• <b>Units</b> : Specifies units for the size of the snapshot. This field is active only if you choose Zoom or Fixed size in the <b>Image size</b> list box.	
	• Alignment: Options are:	
	Auto	
	Right	
	Left	
	<ul> <li>Center</li> <li>Only PDF and RTF reports support this option.</li> </ul>	
	• <b>Title</b> : Specifies text to appear above the snapshot.	
	• Caption: Specifies text to appear under the snapshot.	
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. Figure.	
Class	rptgen_sl.csl_blk_toworkspace	
See Also	Figure Loop	

Purpose	Report on truth tables in Simulink and Stateflow models
Description	The Truth Table component reports on truth tables in Simulink and Stateflow models. It displays both the condition table and the action table. The parent component of the Truth Table determines its behavior. Options include:
	• Model Loop: Reports on all truth tables in the current model.
	• System Loop: Reports on all truth tables in the current system.
	• Block Loop : Reports on all truth tables in the current block.
	• Signal Loop: Reports on all truth tables in the current signal.
Title	Title: Specifies a title for the truth table. Options include:
	• No title
	• Use Stateflow name
	• Custom
Condition Table	Specify display parameters for the condition table. Options include:
	• <b>Show header</b> : Displays the column headers in the table.
	• <b>Show number</b> : Displays the condition number column in the table.
	• Show condition: Displays the condition column in the table.
	• Show description: Displays the description column in the table.
	• Wrap if column count: Specifies how many columns to display before creating a table continuation. If the specified number is
	greater than the number of columns that can appear on the page, some columns do not appear in the report.
Action	greater than the number of columns that can appear on the page,

	• <b>Show condition</b> : Displays the condition column in the table.	
	• Show description: Displays the description column in the table. If you do not select this option, no action table appears in the report.	
Insert Anything into Report?	Yes. Table.	
Class	rptgen_sf.csf_truthtable	
See Also	Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop	

# 10

## Function Reference

GUI (p. 10-2) Report Generation (p. 10-3) Web Views (p. 10-4) Perform GUI-related tasks Generate reports Export Simulink models to Web Views

## GUI

rptlist

Return list of all report templates in MATLAB path

## **Report Generation**

report

Generate report from specified Simulink system

## Web Views

slwebview

Export Simulink models to Web views

## Functions – Alphabetical List

report rptlist slwebview

## report

Purpose	Generate report from specified Simulink system		
Syntax	report (system_name)		
Description	report (system_name) generates a report from the specified Simulink system. If the specified system's ReportName property is empty, the ReportName property of its parent system is used instead.		
See Also	report		
How To	Generating Reports		

Purpose	Return list of all report templates in MATLAB path	
Syntax	rptlist ('system_name')	
Description	rptlist ('system_name') opens the Report Explorer with the Simulink system's ReportName property selected.	
See Also	report   setedit	

## slwebview

Purpose	Export Simulink models to Web views
Syntax	slwebview filename = slwebview(system_name) = slwebview(system_name, 'option1', value1,)
Description	This function creates an interactive Web view of a Simulink model. For more information about Web views, see Exporting Simulink Models to Web Views.
	• <b>slwebview</b> with no arguments starts the Web View dialog box in the Report Explorer.
	<ul> <li>filename = slwebview(system_name) exports the subsystem system_name and its child systems to the file filename.</li> </ul>
	You can specify system_name as:
	• A string
	<ul> <li>A handle to a Simulink subsystem or block diagram</li> </ul>
	• A handle to a Stateflow chart or subchart
	• = slwebview(system_name, 'option1', value1,) sets Web view export options. For more information, see "Export Options" on page 11-4.
	Export Options

The first argument passed to the slwebview command is the name (a string) or a handle identifying the Simulink system or Stateflow chart to export. Remaining arguments are alternating name and value pairs (strings) that set export options.

#### SearchScope

Specifies which Simulink systems or Stateflow charts to export.

'SearchScope' Option Value	Meaning
Current	Export only the Simulink system or the Stateflow chart specified by the first argument
CurrentAndAbove	Export the Simulink system or the Stateflow chart specified by the first argument and all systems or charts that contain it
CurrentAndBelow (Default)	Export the Simulink system or the Stateflow chart specified by the first argument and all systems or charts that it contains
A11	Export all Simulink systems or Stateflow charts in the model that contains the system or chart specified by the first argument

#### LookUnderMasks

This option is relevant only when you are exporting Simulink subsystems or Stateflow subcharts that the specified system or chart contains. It specifies which masked blocks, if any, in subsystems or subcharts to export.

'LookUnderMasks' Option Value	Meaning
None	Do not export any masked blocks
Graphical (Default)	Export only masked blocks that have no workspaces and no dialog boxes
Functional	Export only masked blocks that have no dialog boxes
A11	Export all masked blocks

#### FollowLinks

Specifies whether to follow links into library blocks.

'FollowLinks' Option Value	Meaning
On	Follow links into library blocks
Off (Default)	Do not follow links into library blocks

#### FollowModelReferenceBlocks

Specifies whether to follow links into referenced models.

'FollowModelReferenceBlocks' Option Value	Meaning
On	Follow links into referenced models
Off (Default)	Do not follow links into referenced models

#### ViewFile

Specifies whether to display the Web view in a Web browser.

'ViewFile' Option Value	Meaning
true (Default)	Display the Web view in a Web browser
false	Do not display the Web view in a Web browser

**How To** • Exporting Simulink Models to Web Views



## Examples

Use this list to find examples in the documentation.

## **Creating Reports**

Chapter 3, "Creating Simulink Reports" "How to Compare XML Files Exported from Simulink Models" on page 7-2

## **Generating Reports from MATLAB Files**

Generating Reports from MATLAB® Files on page 4-16

## **Creating Web Views**

"Tutorial: Creating Web Views of Simulink Models" on page 5-11

## Working with Components

"Working with Looping Components" on page 6-3 "Working with Property Table Components" on page 6-9 "Working with Summary Table Components" on page 6-21 Generating Reports on Specified Systems and their Subsystems on page 9-58 Temporarily Omitting a Model from a Loop on page 9-64

## Index

## A

Annotation Loop component 9-4

## В

Block Execution Order List component 9-6 Block Loop component 9-7 Block Type Count component 9-11 Bus component 9-13

## C

Chart Loop component 9-15 Code Generation Summary component 9-18 component Stateflow Name 9-138 components about 6-2 Annotation Loop 9-4 Block Execution Order List 9-6 Block Loop 9-7 Block Type Count 9-11 Bus 9-13 Chart Loop 9-15 Code Generation Summary 9-18 Documentation 9-20 Fixed Point Logging Options 9-30 Fixed Point Property Table 9-32 Fixed Point Summary Table 9-35 **Import Generated Code 9-38** Look-Up Table 9-39 looping components about 6-3 MATLAB Function 9-23 9-27 Missing Requirements Block Loop 9-45 Missing Requirements System Loop 9-49 Model Advisor Report 9-51 Model Change Log 9-52 Model Configuration Set 9-54 to 9-55 Model Simulation 9-69

Object Loop 9-71 **Requirements Block Loop 9-73 Requirements Documents Table 9-76 Requirements Management Interface** components 8-3 **Requirements Signal Loop 9-78 Requirements Summary Table 9-80 Requirements System Loop 9-84 Requirements Table 9-86** Scope Snapshot 9-88 Signal Loop 9-93 Simulink Automatic Table 9-96 Simulink Blocks components 8-7 Simulink Coder 8-2 Simulink components 8-4 Simulink Dialog Snapshot 9-98 Simulink Fixed Point components 8-8 Simulink Functions and Variables 9-100 Simulink Library Information 9-104 Simulink Linking Anchor 9-108 Simulink Name 9-110 Simulink Property 9-112 Simulink Property Table 9-114 Simulink Sample Time 9-118 Simulink Summary Table 9-119 Simulink Workspace Variable 9-124 Simulink Workspace Variable Loop 9-125 State Loop 9-126 Stateflow Automatic Table 9-128 Stateflow components 8-9 Stateflow Count 9-130 Stateflow Dialog Snapshot 9-131 Stateflow Filter 9-133 Stateflow Hierarchy 9-134 Stateflow Hierarchy Loop 9-136 Stateflow Linking Anchor 9-137 Stateflow Property 9-139 Stateflow Property Table 9-141 Stateflow Snapshot 9-144 Stateflow Summary Table 9-149

System Filter 9-153 System Hierarchy 9-154 System Loop 9-156 System Snapshot 9-158 To Workspace Plot 9-163 Truth Table 9-167 components, Machine Loop 9-44 converting English strings to other languages 4-10 converting XML documents using Report Explorer 4-12 using the command line 4-14 converting XML documents to different format 4-12

## D

DocBook SGML report 4-5 Documentation component 9-20

## F

Fixed Point Logging Options component 9-30 Fixed Point Property Table component 9-32 Fixed Point Summary Table component 9-35 flow object tree (XML) 4-5 functions report 11-2 rptlist 11-3 slwebview 11-4

#### Η

Handle Graphics figure property table 6-9 HTML report stylesheets 4-5

### 

Import Generated Code component 9-38

### L

legacy report templates working with 4-19 localization 4-10 log files creating 4-15 Look-Up Table component 9-39 looping components about 6-3

#### Μ

Machine Loop component 9-44
MATLAB code generating from report templates 4-16
MATLAB Function component 9-23 9-27
Microsoft Word report 4-5
Missing Requirements Block Loop component 9-45
Missing Requirements System Loop component 9-49
Model Advisor Report component 9-51
Model Change Log component 9-52
Model Configuration set component 9-54
Model Configuration Set component 9-55
Model Simulation component 9-69

#### 0

Object Loop component 9-71

#### Ρ

property tables adding and deleting columns and rows 6-18 creating custom tables 6-20 displaying or hiding table and cell borders 6-17 editing table titles 6-15 entering text into table cells 6-15 modifying properties in a table 6-16 property name/property value pairs 6-12

## R

Report Explorer About 1-3 **Options pane 1-7** Outline pane 1-6 Properties pane 1-8 report formats 1-13 report function 11-2 report templates autosaving on report generation 4-10 reporting compiled Simulink model data 4-10 reports descriptions 4-11 generating 4-1 preferences 4-2 printing 4-9 setting output options 4-2 **Requirements Block Loop component 9-73 Requirements Documents Table component 9-76 Requirements Management Interface** components 8-3 **Requirements Signal Loop component 9-78 Requirements Summary Table component** 9-80 Requirements System Loop component 9-84 **Requirements Table component 9-86** rich text format 4-5 rptlist function 11-3

#### S

Scope Snapshot component 9-88 SGML report 4-5 Signal Loop component 9-93 Simulink Automatic Table component 9-96 Simulink Blocks components 8-7 Simulink Coder components 8-2 Simulink components 8-4 Simulink Dialog Snapshot component 9-98 Simulink Fixed Point components 8-8 Simulink Functions and Variables component 9-100 Simulink Library Information component 9-104 Simulink Linking Anchor component 9-108 Simulink Name component 9-110 Simulink Property component 9-112 Simulink Property Table component 9-114 Simulink Report Generator software components definition 3-5 creating reports 3-1 generating reports 4-1 interaction with MATLAB and Simulink 1-11 overview 1-2 report formats 1-13 report templates adding components to 3-5 setting report options 3-3 tutorial 3-1 workflow 1-10 Simulink Sample Time component 9-118 Simulink Summary Table component 9-119 Simulink Workspace Variable component 9-124 Simulink Workspace Variable Loop component 9-125 slwebview function 11-4 State Loop component 9-126 Stateflow Automatic Table component 9-128 Stateflow components 8-9 Stateflow Count component 9-130 Stateflow Dialog Snapshot component 9-131 Stateflow Filter component 9-133

Stateflow Hierarchy component 9-134 Stateflow Hierarchy Loop component 9-136 Stateflow Linking Anchor component 9-137 Stateflow Name component 9-138 Stateflow Property component 9-139 Stateflow Property Table component 9-141 Stateflow Snapshot component 9-144 Stateflow Summary Table component 9-149 stylesheets 4-5 HTML 4-8 PDF 4-6 RTF (DSSSL Print) and Word 4-9 Web 4-8 Summary Table components working with 6-21 System Filter component 9-153 System Hierarchy component 9-154 System Loop component 9-156 System Snapshot component 9-158

## T

To Workspace Plot component 9-163 troubleshooting 4-21 Truth Table component 9-167

#### W

Web stylesheet 4-5

Web views browser requirements 1-14 exporting Simulink models 5-3 setting export options 5-3 generating 5-5 navigating 5-7 overview 5-2 tutorial 5-11 viewing 5-5

## X

XML comparison introduction 7-2 report 7-9 reverse annotation 7-12 selecting files 7-4
XML documents converting to different format 4-12 converting to different formats using Report Explorer 4-12 using the command line 4-14
XML report 4-5
XML source files editing 4-14